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*From Discovery to Innovation...*

# *Synergy of ALMA with Herschel*

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1738-1822



National Research  
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de recherches Canada

Canada



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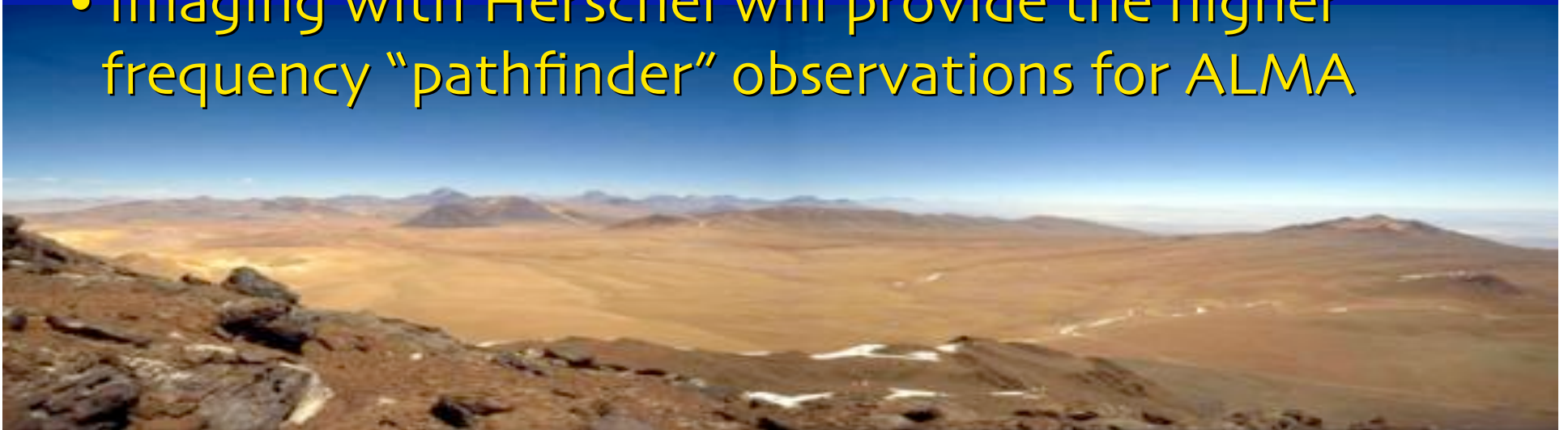
- 2006 ESA-ESO Report on ALMA-Herschel synergy available at:

*[http://www.stecf.org/coordination/esa\\_eso/alma-herschel.php](http://www.stecf.org/coordination/esa_eso/alma-herschel.php)*

- This talk is not a rehash of that report

# Synergy Punch Line

- Herschel Launch: 2008 (August)
- Herschel start of Operations: 2009 (January)
- Herschel cessation of Operations: 2011?
  
- ALMA Early Science (16): 2010 (Q3)
- ALMA Full Operations (50): 2012 (Q4)
  
- Imaging with Herschel will provide the higher frequency “pathfinder” observations for ALMA





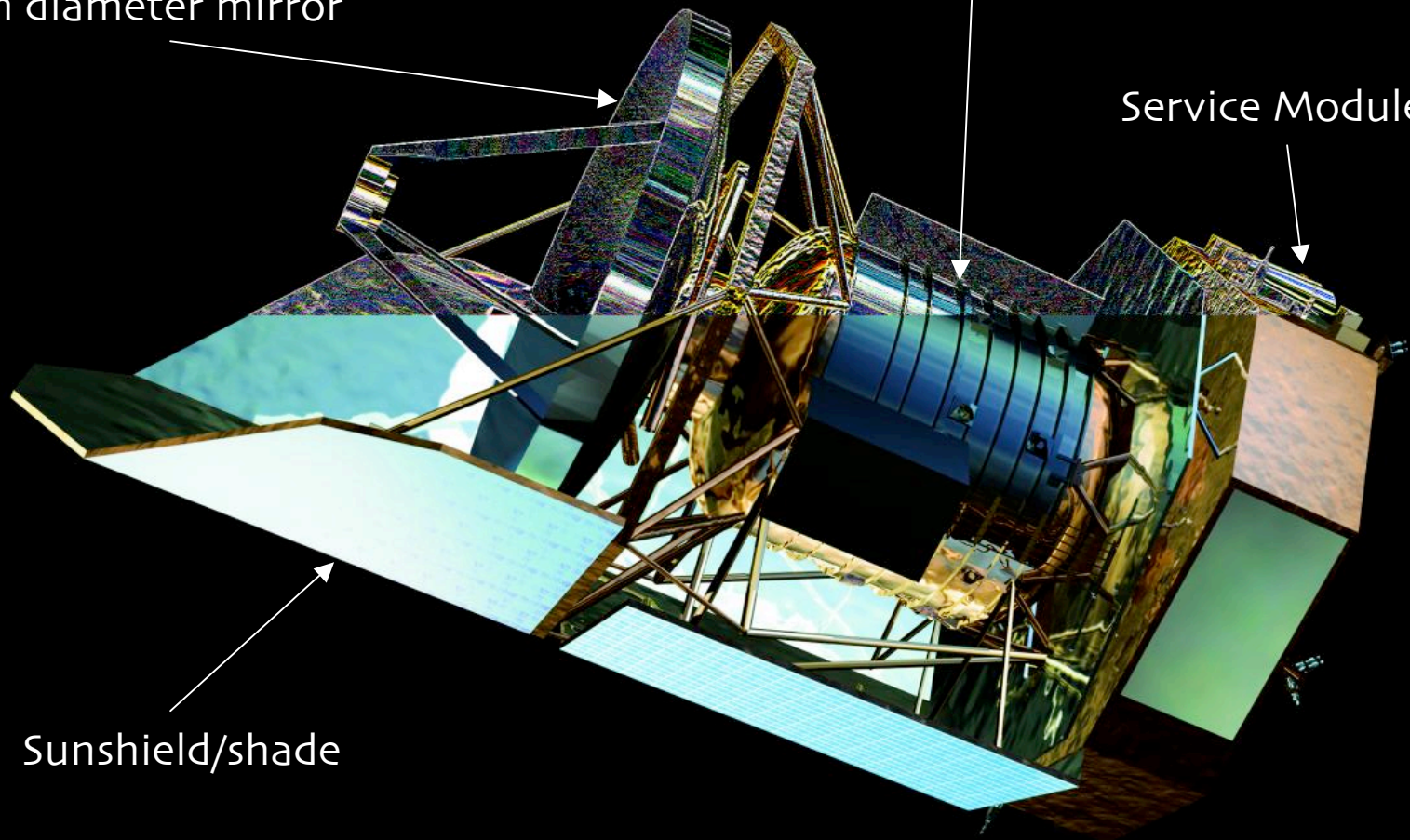
3.5 m diameter mirror

Payload Module

Service Module

Sunshield/shade

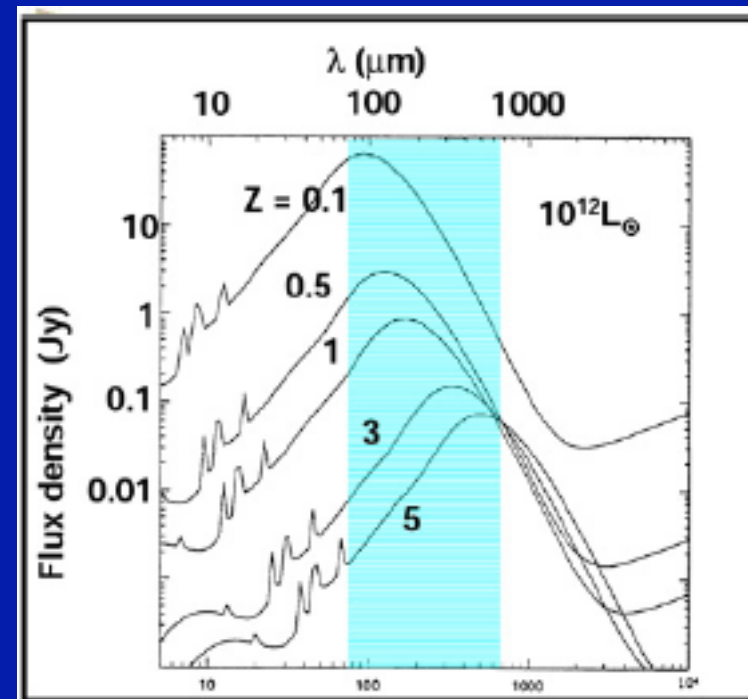
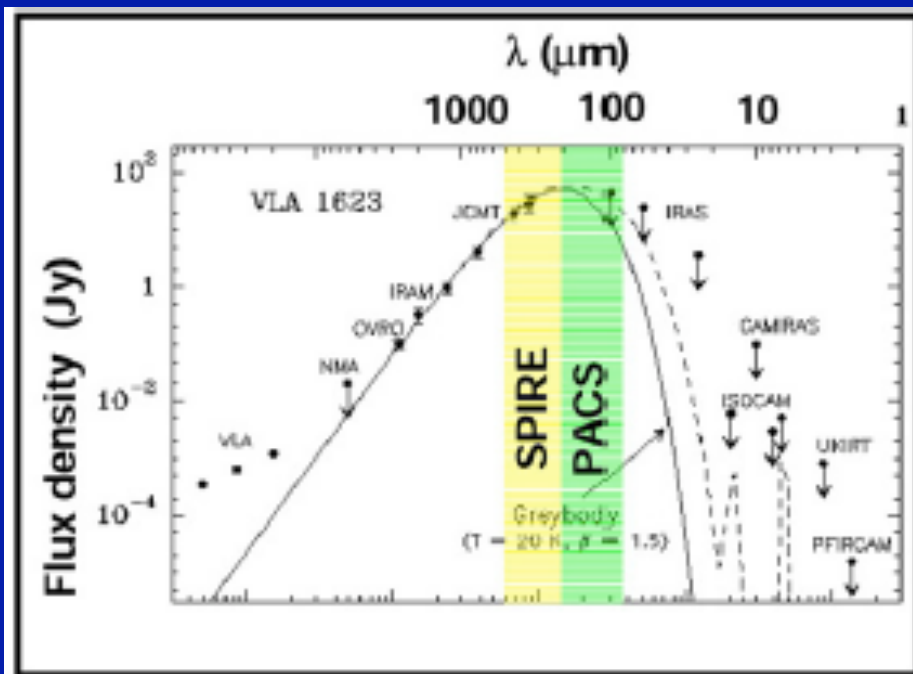
# Herschel Space Observatory





# Herschel Primary Science Goals

- The cool universe: formation of galaxies and stars, ISM physics/chemistry, solar system objects



- Herschel's large aperture, low background and no atmospheric attenuation = high sensitivity

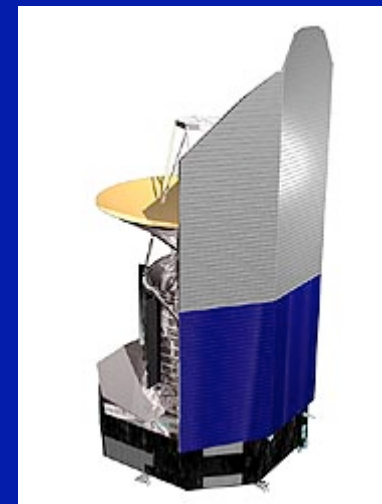
# Herschel Factoids

- primary diameter = 3.5 m (large!)
- primary material = SiC with a thin reflective Al layer + plasil layer
- primary WFE\* < 6%
- telescope temperature < 90 K
- telescope emissivity < 4%
- abs/rel pointing (68%) < 3.7" / 0.3"
- science instruments = 3
- cryostat lifetime > 3.5 years
- height / width ~ 7.5 m / 4 m
- launch mass = 3200 kg
- power ~ 1500 W

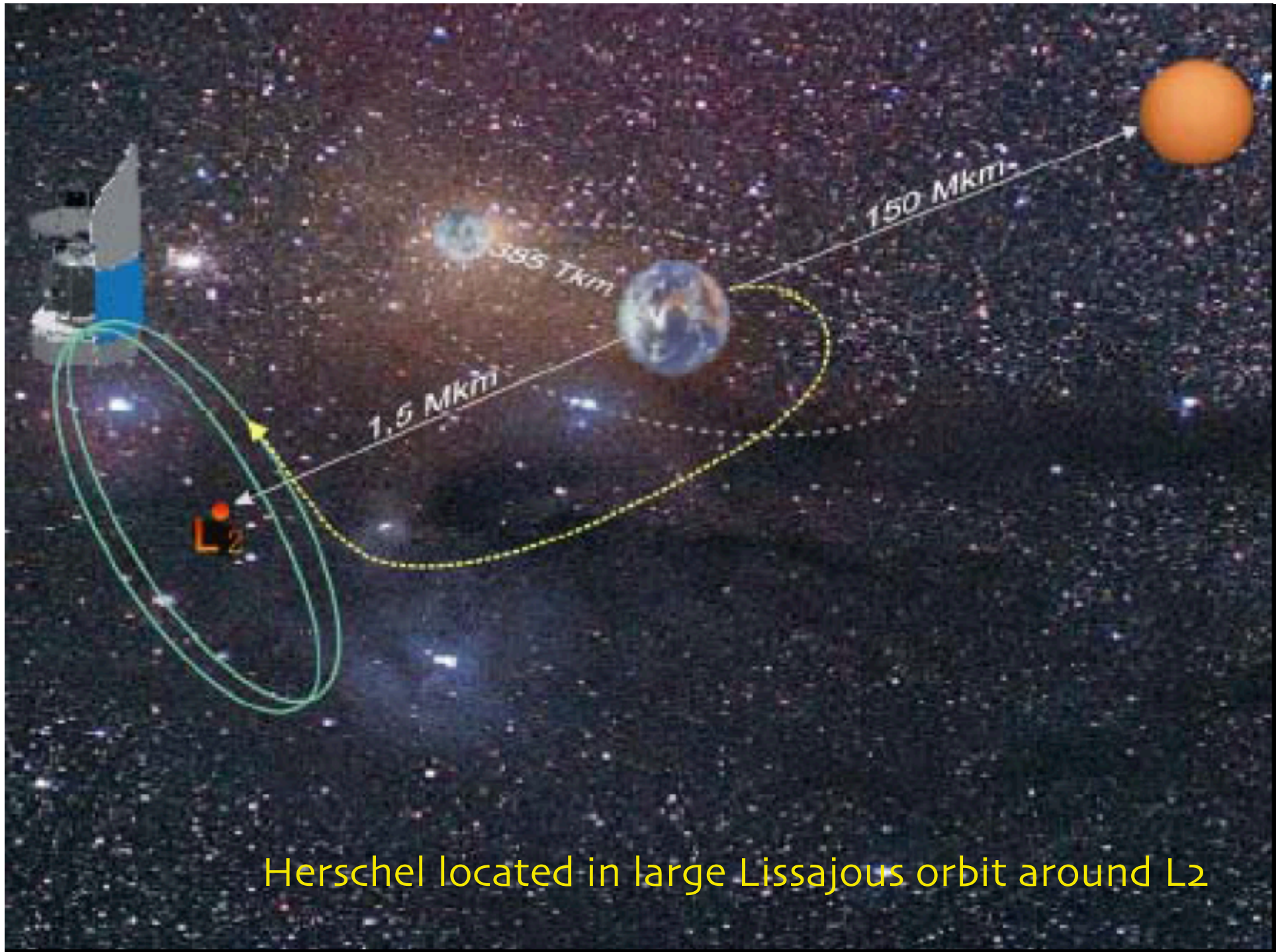
\* wave front error



cold side





hot side

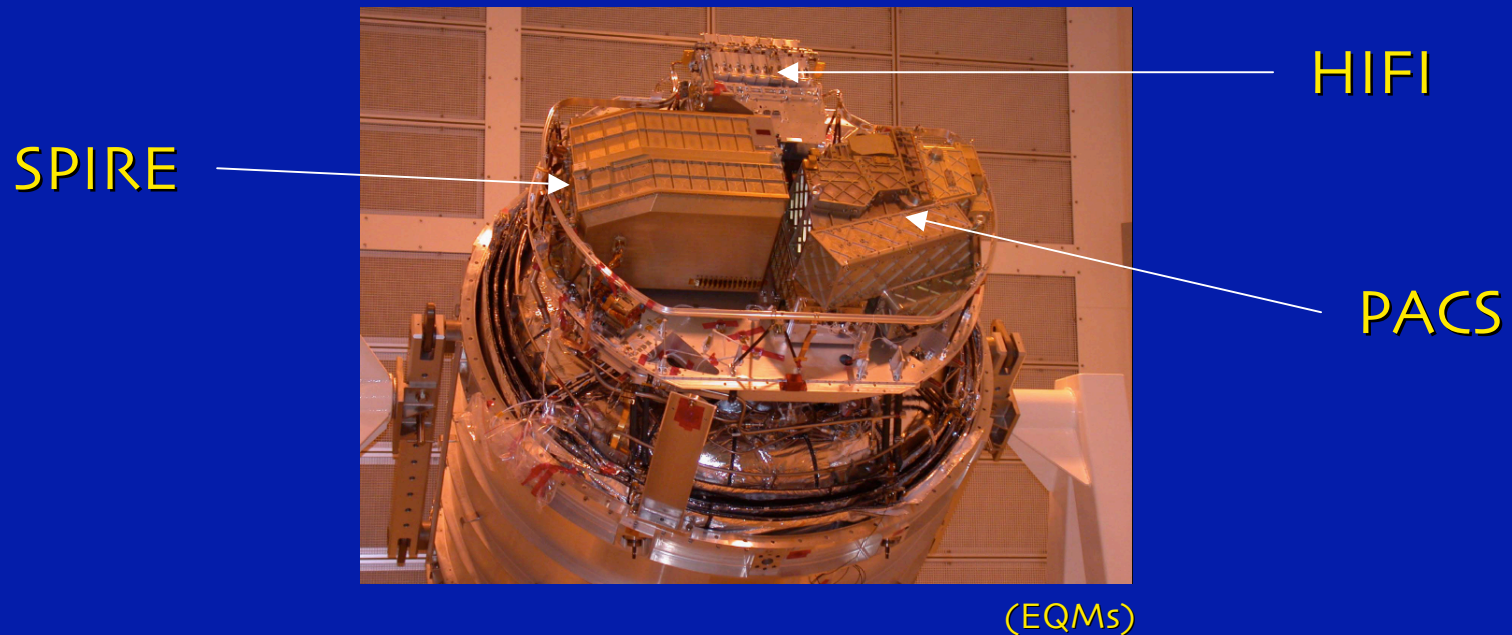


Herschel located in large Lissajous orbit around L2



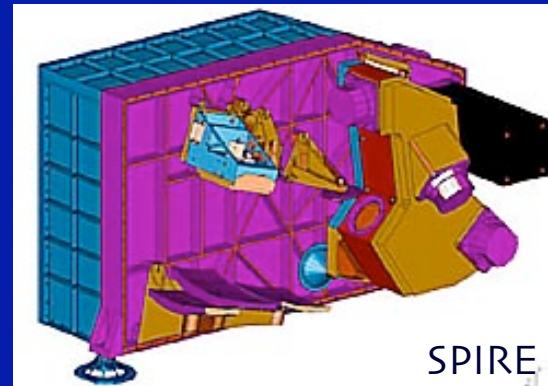
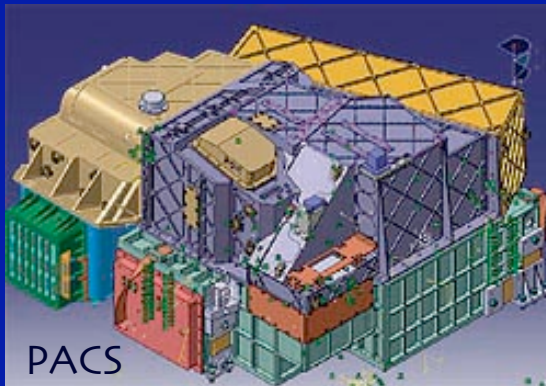
# The 3 Herschel Instruments

- PACS (*Photodetector Array Camera and Spectrometer*)
- SPIRE (*Spectral and Photometric Imaging REceiver*) 
- HIFI (*Heterodyne Instrument for the Far-Infrared*) 



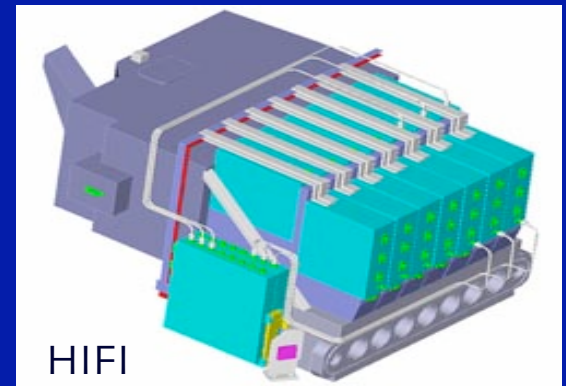
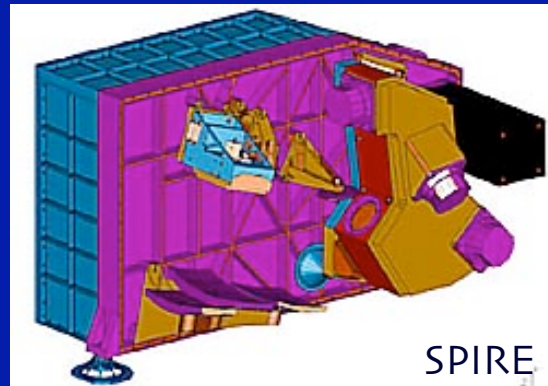
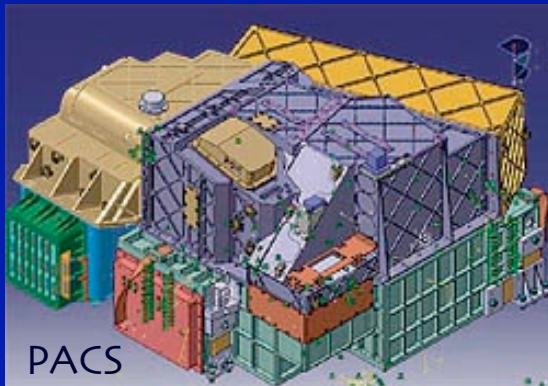
# Herschel Instruments

- Photometry/Imaging: 6 bands at 75-520  $\mu\text{m}$ 
  - PACS: 1.7' x 3.5' FOV at 75/110  $\mu\text{m}$  and 170  $\mu\text{m}$
  - SPIRE: 4' x 8' FOV at 250, 363 and 517  $\mu\text{m}$
  - sensitivity:  $\sim 1 \text{ mJy} - 1 \sigma - 1 \text{ hour}$  (confusion!)
  - no chopping! (no spatial filtering of emission)
  - angular resolution:  $\sim 15'' \times (\lambda/250 \mu\text{m})$



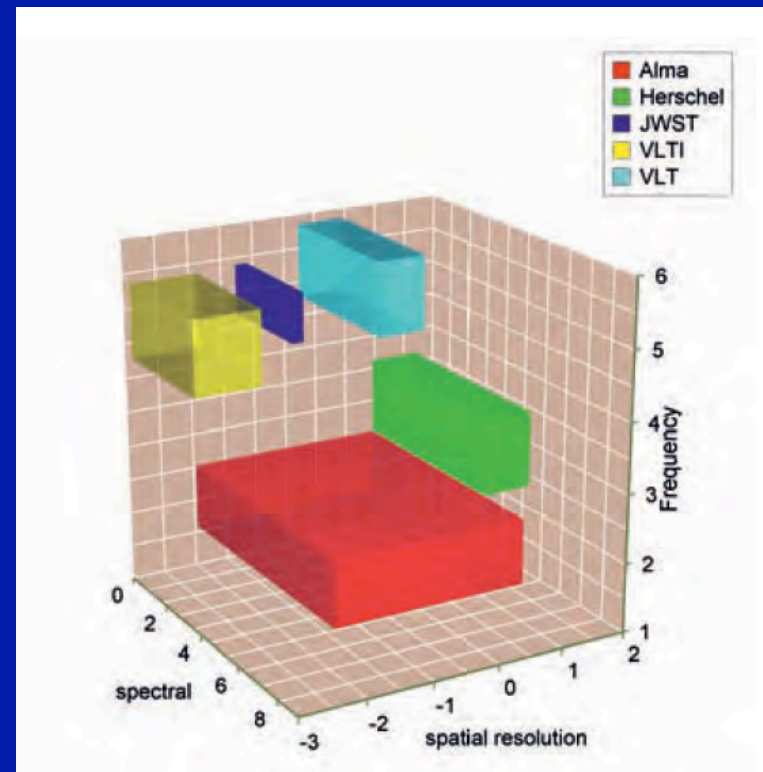
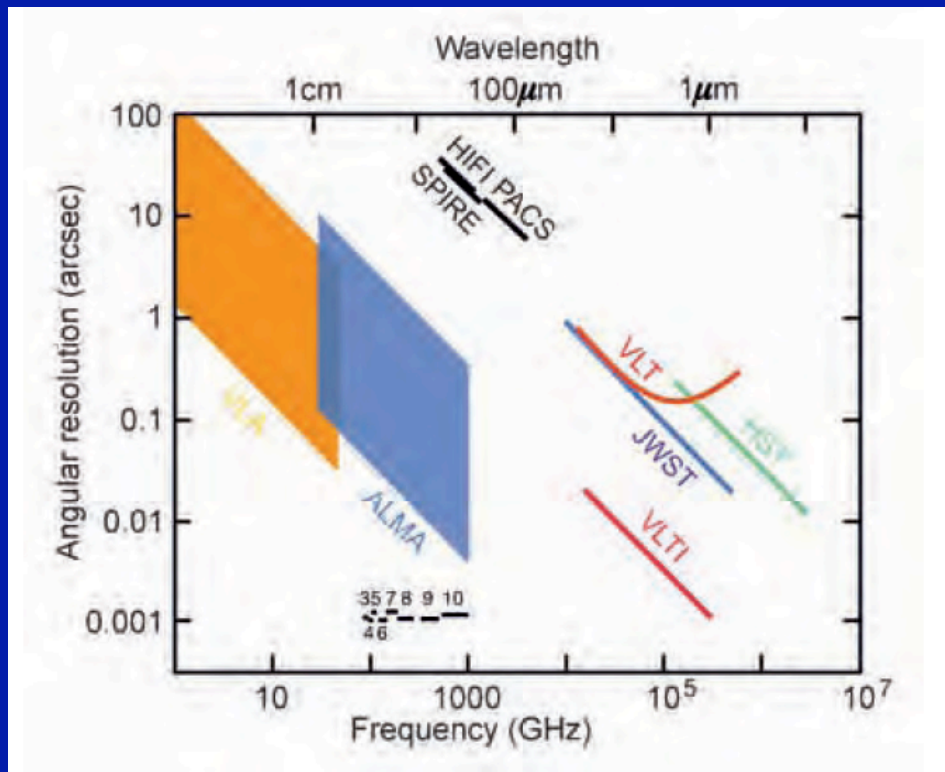
# Herschel Instruments

- Spectroscopy: 57 - 670  $\mu\text{m}$  range,  $R = 20 - 10^7$ 
  - PACS: (*grating*) 0.8' FOV at 57 - 210  $\mu\text{m}$ ,  
 $R = 1500 - 4000$ , 5 x 5 spatial x 16 spectral pixels
  - SPIRE: (*FTS*) 2.6' FOV at 200 - 670  $\mu\text{m}$ ,  
 $R = 20 - 100$
  - HIFI: (*heterodyne*) 1-pixel FOV at 157 - 212  $\mu\text{m}$  and  
240 - 625  $\mu\text{m}$  (no gaps), 4000 channels,  $R = 10^7$





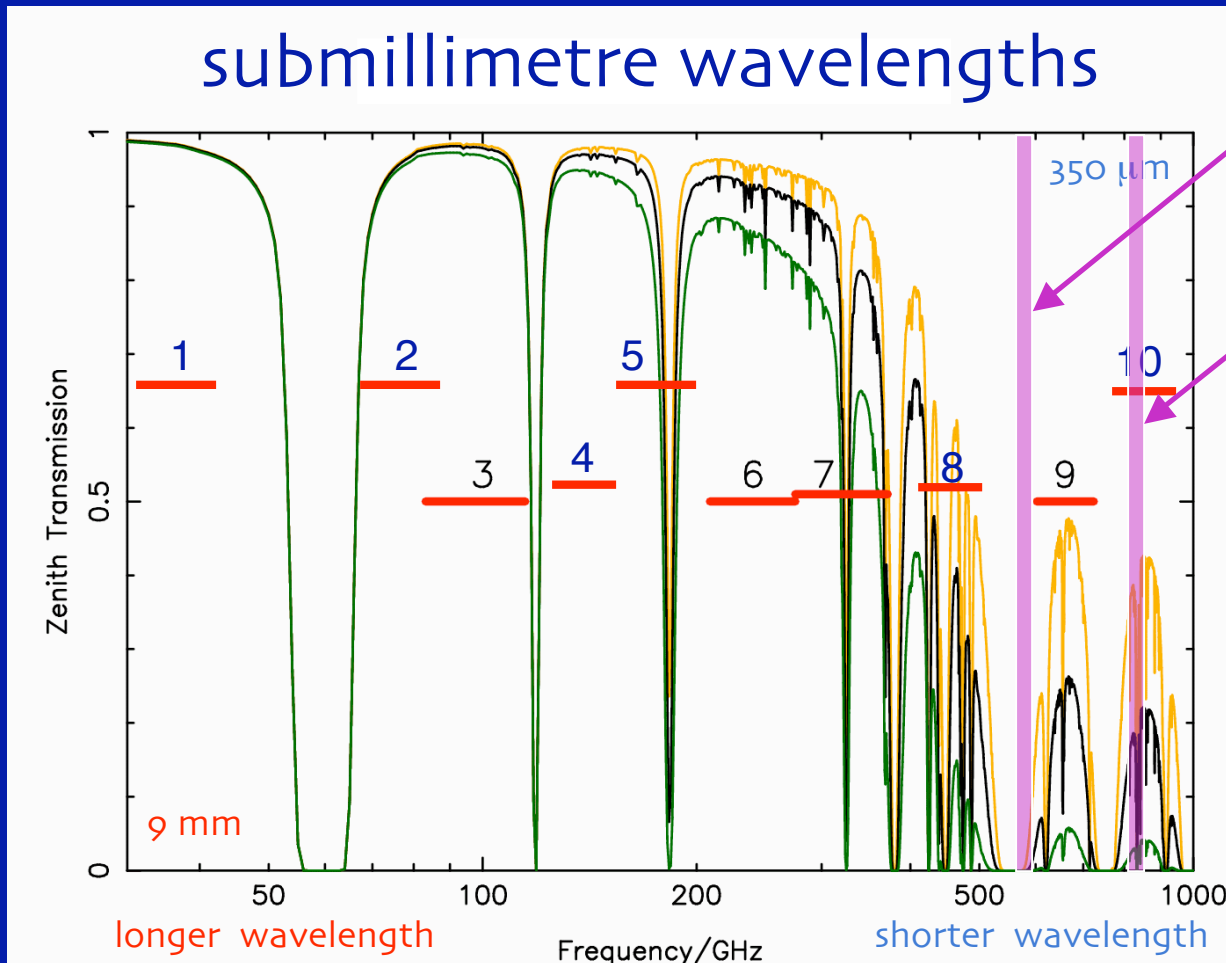
# ALMA/Herschel “Discovery Space” Plots



Herschel has wide FOV (mapping),  
ALMA has high spatial resolution (details)

# Comparison of ALMA/Herschel Bands

submillimetre wavelengths



SPIRE 520  $\mu\text{m}$

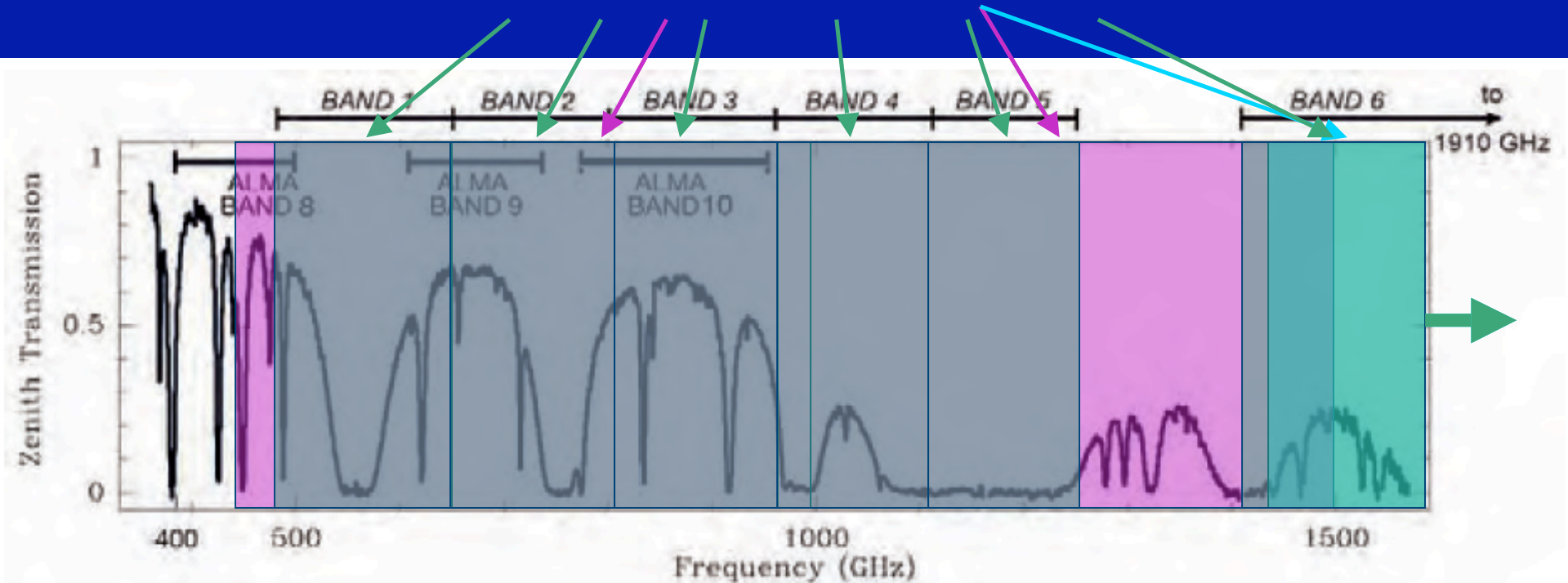
SPIRE 360  $\mu\text{m}$

(other 1  
SPIRE and 3  
PACS bands  
unseen  
from ground)

Only direct photometric overlap in Band 10!

# Comparison of ALMA/Herschel Bands

PACS spectroscopic bands (57  $\mu\text{m}$ )



Partial coverage of v8, full coverage of 9 & 10



# Lines of Interest in Overlap Bands

**Table 7: Frequencies, Assignments & Estimated Atmospheric Transmission where ALMA and Herschel HIFI Receiver Bands Overlap**

Molecule or Atom	Transition	Energy of Lower Level (K)	Frequency (GHz)	Transmission (percent)
ALMA Band 8:				
CS	$J = 10-9$	106	489.8	37.1
Cl	$^3P_1-^3P_0$	0	492.2	51.8
NH <sub>2</sub> D	$J_{KaKc} = 4_{13}-4_{14}$	152	494.4	54.3
HDO	$J_{KaKc} = 1_{10}-1_{01}$	22	509.3	38.9
ALMA Band 9:				
HDO	$J_{KaKc} = 2_{11}-2_{02}$	66	599.9	21.7
D <sub>2</sub> O	$J_{KaKc} = 3_{03}-1_{11}$	26	607.4	30.2
HCO <sup>+</sup>	$J = 7-6$	90	624.4	21.3
SiH	$J_F = (3/2)_1-(1/2)_1$	0	624.9,627.7	24.9,36.5
H <sup>37</sup> Cl	$J = 1-0$	0	625.0,625.9	25.5,30.6
DF	$J = 1-0$	0	651.1	51.1
<sup>13</sup> CO	$J = 6-5$	79	661.0	53.9
D <sub>2</sub> H <sup>+</sup>			690	49.9
CO	$J = 6-5$	83	691.5	48.1
ALMA Band 10:				
CO	$J = 7-6$	116	806.6	39.2
Cl	$^3P_2-^3P_1$	24	809.3	40.6
H <sub>2</sub> CO	$J_{KaKc} = 12_{0,11}-11_{0,11}$	228	855.2	48.9
<sup>13</sup> CO	$J = 8-7$	148	898.0	40.6
HDO	$J_{KaKc} = 1_{11}-0_{00}$	0	893.6	40.1
LiH	$J = 2-1$	21	887.3	34.0
H <sub>2</sub> CO	$J_{KaKc} = 12_{1,11}-11_{1,10}$	249	896.7	40.5
D <sub>2</sub> O	$J_{KaKc} = 2_{12}-1_{01}$	17	897.9	40.6

neat-o  
lines!



# Herschel is a Pathfinder for ALMA

- SPIRE and PACS offer wide-field photometric mapping:
  - will provide large, confusion-limited maps in which many objects will be detected at “low” spatial resolution
- SPIRE and PACS offer moderate-FOV spectral mapping:
  - will provide images of lines at low- to moderate spectral resolution
- HIFI offers single-pixel observations:
  - will provide ground-breaking work of new spectral territory at high spectral resolution
- Herschel data will provide source lists for high spatial resolution follow-up with ALMA

# Herschel Timeline: Telescope

- 2008 August - LAUNCH
  - travel to L2, cooldown
  - commissioning & performance verification
  - science demonstration + workshop
- } 6 mos.
- routine science operations (36 months+):
    - ~1000 days of available time (2009-2011)
    - ~1/3 share is Guaranteed Time (GT) to instrument teams
    - ~2/3 share is Open Time (OT) to world community
  - three "Calls for Proposals" (Cycles) foreseen:
    - one for Key Projects (>100 hrs), GT & OT
    - two for regular programs, GT & OT
    - in every cycle, GT obs'ns made before OT obs'ns



# Herschel Timeline: Data

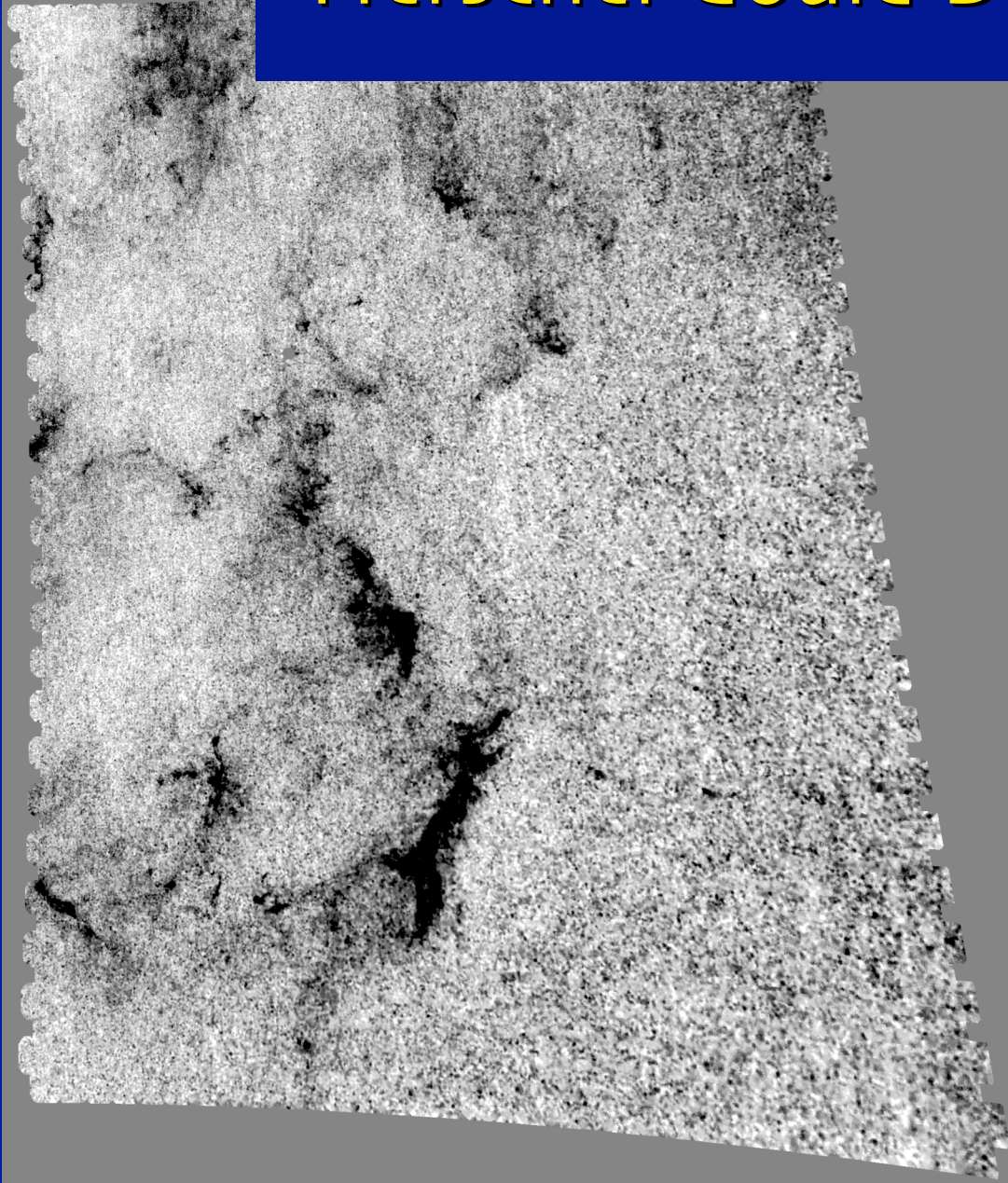
- AO issued *as late as possible*, to maximize timeliness of scientific programmes and knowledge of instruments
- 2007 Feb 1: AO for KP proposals issued
- 2007 Apr 5: deadline for GT KP proposals
- 2007 Jul 5: selection/announcement of GT KP projects
- 2007 Oct 25: deadline for OT KP proposals
- 2008 Feb 28: selection/announcement of OT KP projects
- 2008 Feb 28: AO for regular GT proposals
- 2008 Apr 3: deadline for GT1 proposals
- 2008 Jun 5: selection/announcement for GT1 projects
- 2008 August: LAUNCH

present

# Relevant Herschel GT Key Projects

- SPIRE/PACS *"Herschel Gould Belt Survey"* :  
(PI's: P. Andre & P. Saraceno)
- SPIRE/PACS/HIFI *"Stellar Disk Evolution"*  
(PI: G. Olafsson)
- HIFI *"Water In Star-forming environments with Herschel (WISH)"*  
(PI: E. van Dishoeck)

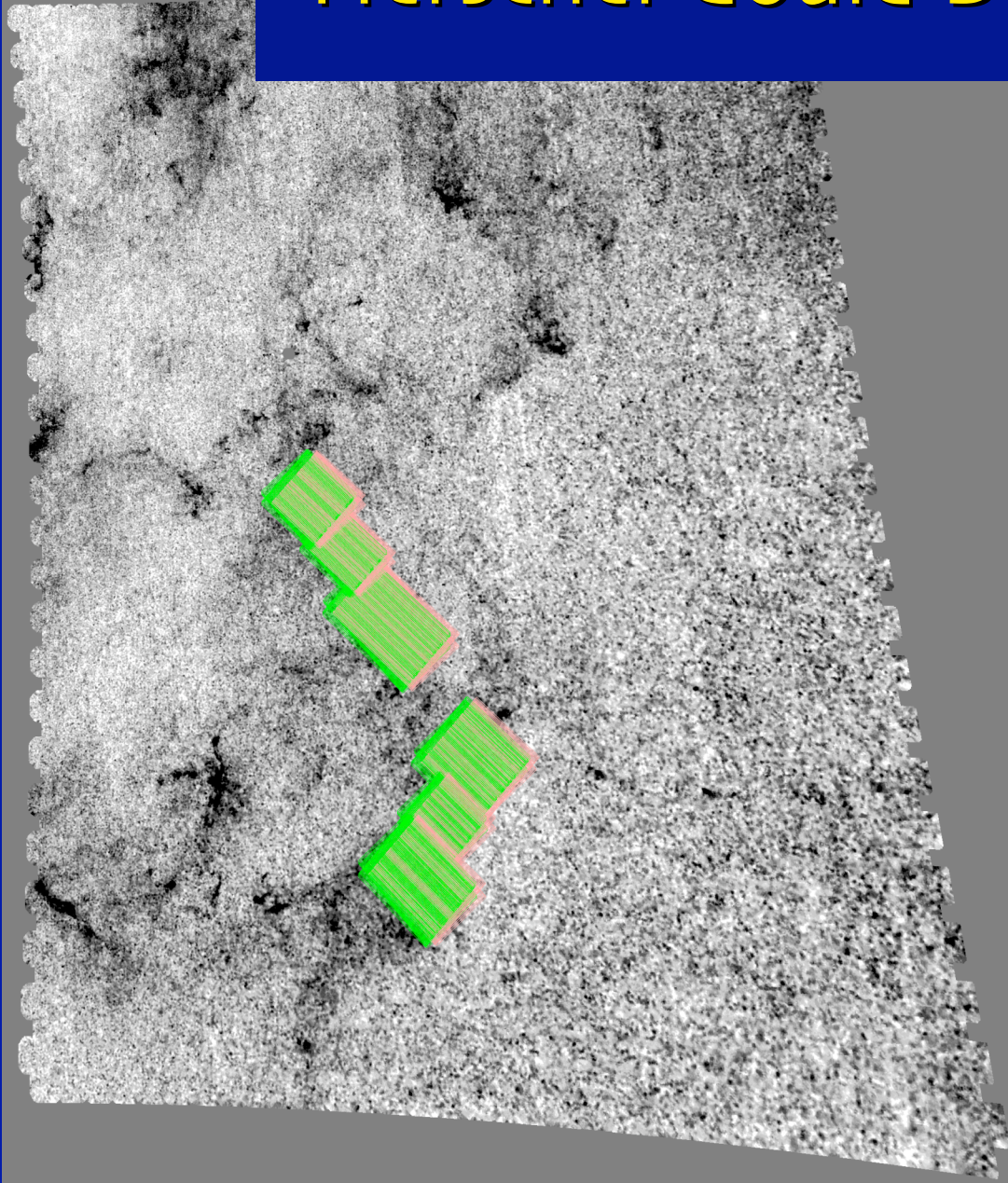
# Herschel Gould Belt Survey



extinction map  
of Orion A & B



# Herschel Gould Belt Survey



extinction map  
of Orion A & B

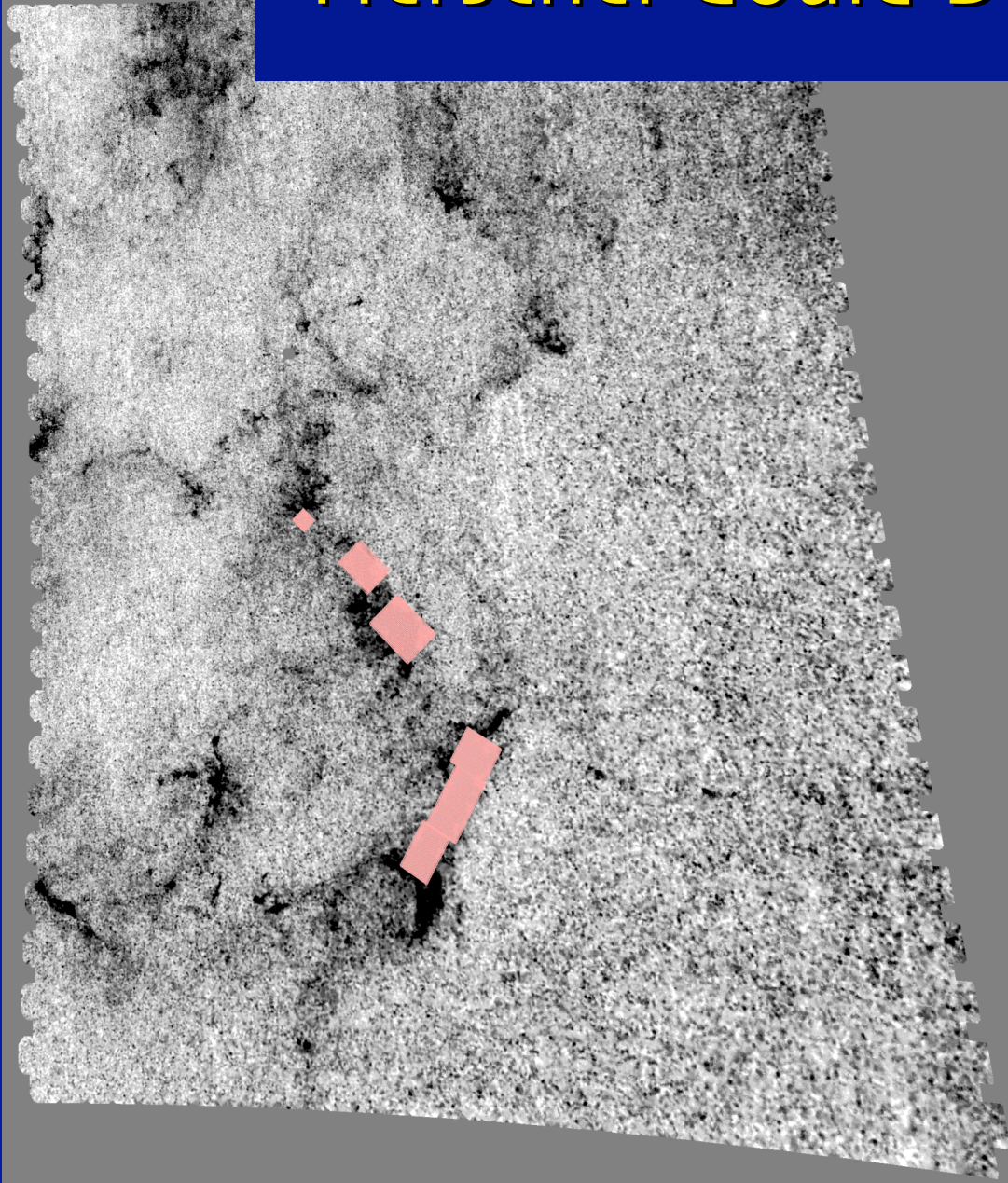
PACS (70/170  $\mu\text{m}$ )  
and SPIRE  
parallel mode  
AORs

37 hours total

good match to  
Spitzer coverage




# Herschel Gould Belt Survey



extinction map  
of Orion A & B

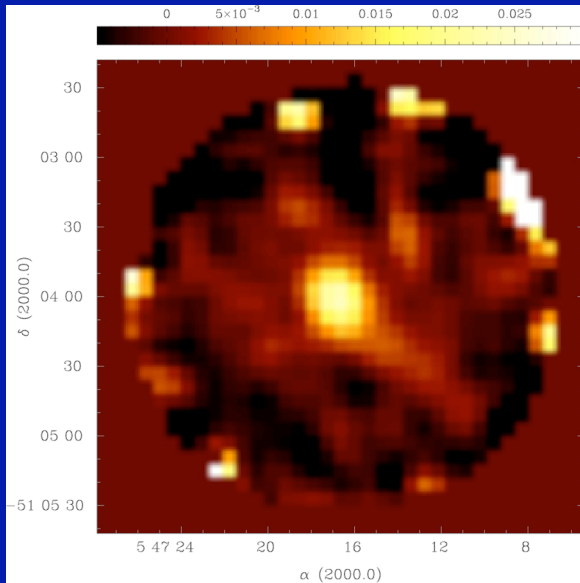
PACS only  
AORs  
(110/170  $\mu\text{m}$ )  
29 hours total

# Relevant Herschel GT Key Projects

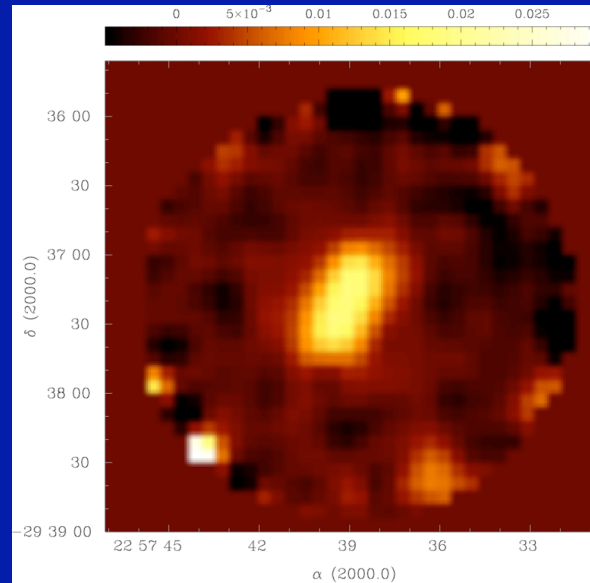
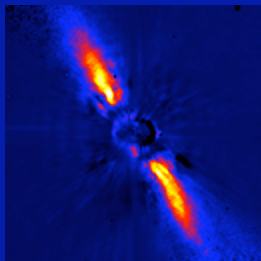
- SPIRE/PACS "*Herschel Gould Belt Survey*":
    - map 16 molecular clouds  $< 500$  pc with SPIRE + PACS in parallel mode, for  $145 \text{ deg}^2$  in 272 hrs
    - follow-up high  $A_V$  regions ( $55 \text{ deg}^2$ ) with PACS, in 195 hrs
    - total = 467 hrs (depends on overheads)
    - will be sensitive at  $10 \sigma$  to cores  $> 0.2\text{-}0.3 M_{\text{sun}}$  at Orion, lower mass limit for closer clouds
    - identify all embedded SF locations, test mass f'n slope for differences with cloud environment
- 

# Stellar Disk Evolution

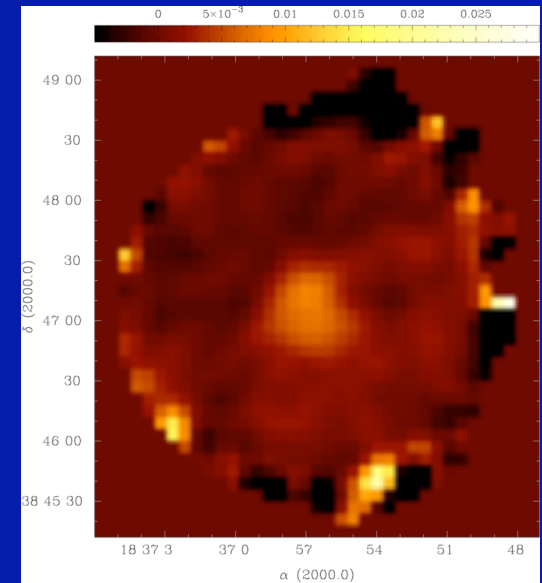
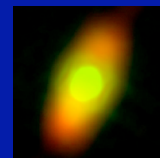
## 850 $\mu\text{m}$ SCUBA obs of debris disks



*Beta Pictoris*



*Fomalhaut*



*Vega*

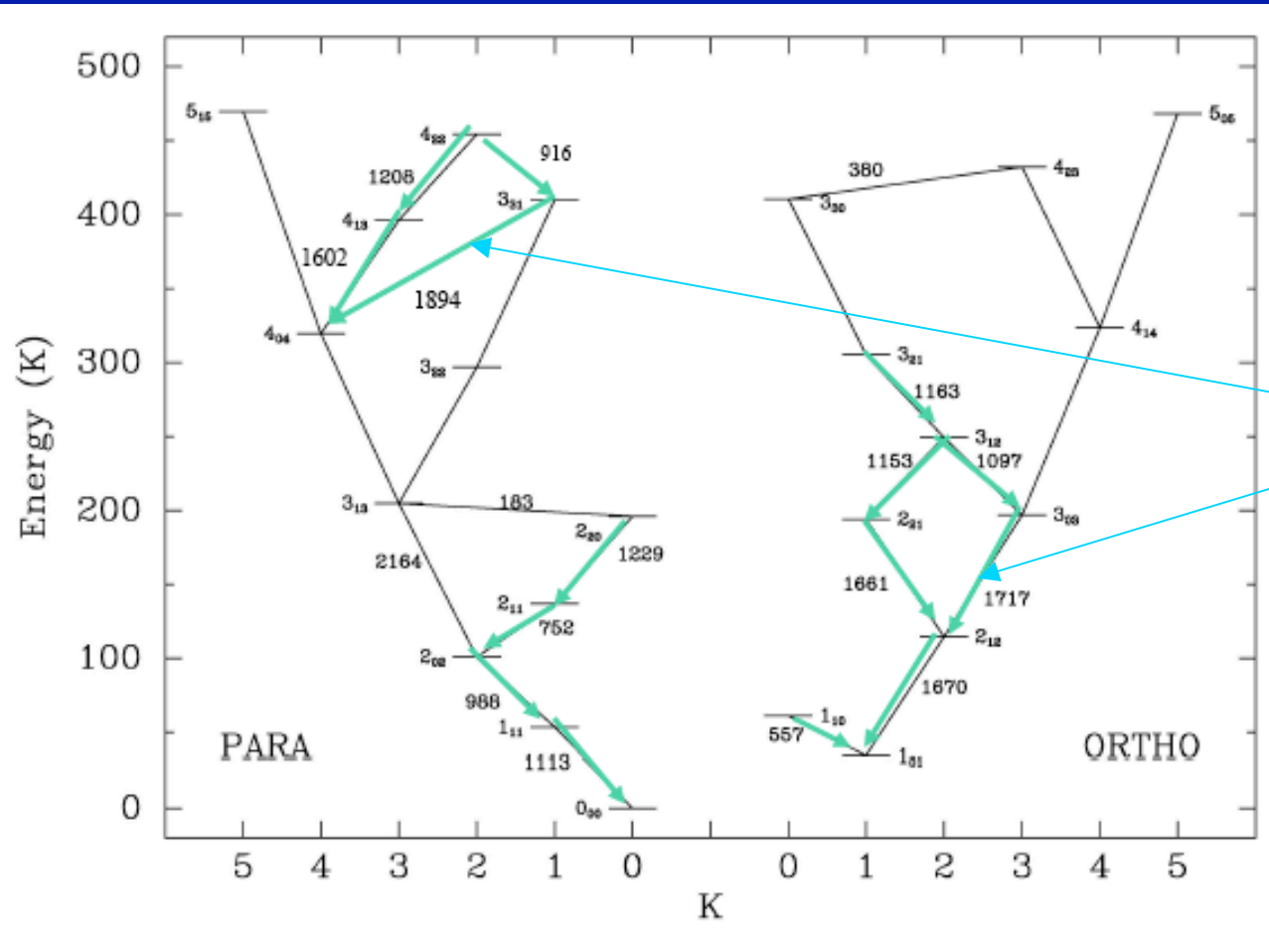


# Relevant Herschel GT Key Projects

- SPIRE/PACS *"Stellar Disk Evolution"* :
  - map 6 extended debris disks with SPIRE + PACS (Vega, Fomalhaut,  $\epsilon$  Eri,  $\beta$  Pic, AU Mic,  $\tau$  Cet)
  - 19 hrs of 70/170  $\mu\text{m}$  PACS obs'ns and 6 hrs of SPIRE obs'ns (i.e., to the confusion limit)
  - probe line emission towards these with PACS, SPIRE and HIFI, for solid state features
  - PACS: 55 - 210  $\mu\text{m}$  (14 hrs); (O I and forsterite)
  - SPIRE: 200 - 670  $\mu\text{m}$  (12 hrs)
  - HIFI: H<sub>2</sub>O at 557 GHz, NH<sub>3</sub> at 572 GHz, C I at 492 GHz (20 hrs)



# Water in Disks



H<sub>2</sub>O lines  
observable  
with HIFI

H<sub>2</sub>O is a major unknown factor in interstellar chemistry, Herschel will observe it well

# Relevant Herschel GT Key Projects

- HIFI *"Water In Starforming environments with Herschel (WISH)"*
  - a 499 hr program of cores, protostars and disks
  - use HIFI to observe  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{H}_2^{18}\text{O}$ ,  $\text{H}_2^{17}\text{O}$ , O, OH lines, in disks test for vertical mixing between cold midplane, warm interiors and outer PDRs
  - $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is the main ice reservoir, drives chemistry
    - 92 hr disk program: 3 mK rms for 557 GHz line, and 10 mK rms for 1113 GHz line of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  for TW Hya, DM Tau, LkCa 15, and MWC 480



# Major Opportunities for Disks!

- These are the only disk-related Guaranteed Time Key Projects that have been awarded time by the HOTAC
- There is a lot of ground left to cover in OT: low-mass disks, nearby stars, moving groups, disk evolution, etc.
- OT Key Project Deadline coming up fast!



# Summary

- Herschel will probe disks over a relatively unexplored regime of the EM spectrum at high sensitivities
- data will provide important pathfinder info for ALMA
- 2/3 observing time is available to the world community, 2009-2011, so use Herschel while it is available!
- For more info see *<http://www.rssd.esa.int/herschel>*

