

Stalking the Cosmic ^3He Abundance



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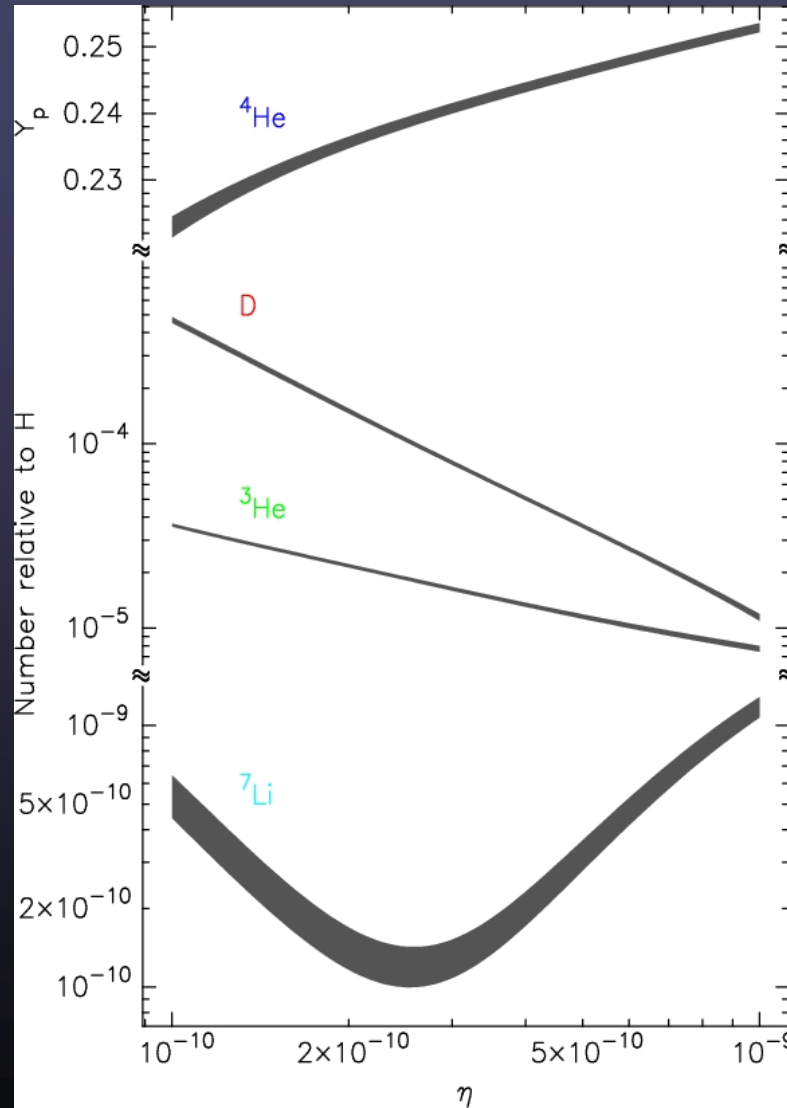
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W. M. Goss (National Radio Astronomy Observatory)

Cintia Quireza (Observatorio Nacional)

T. L. Wilson (European Southern Observatory)

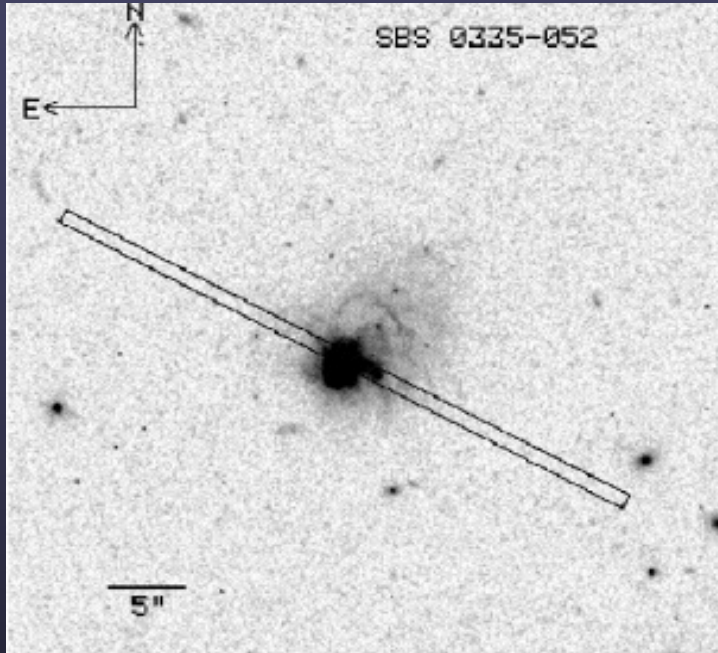
Primordial Nucleosynthesis



Burles et al. (2001)

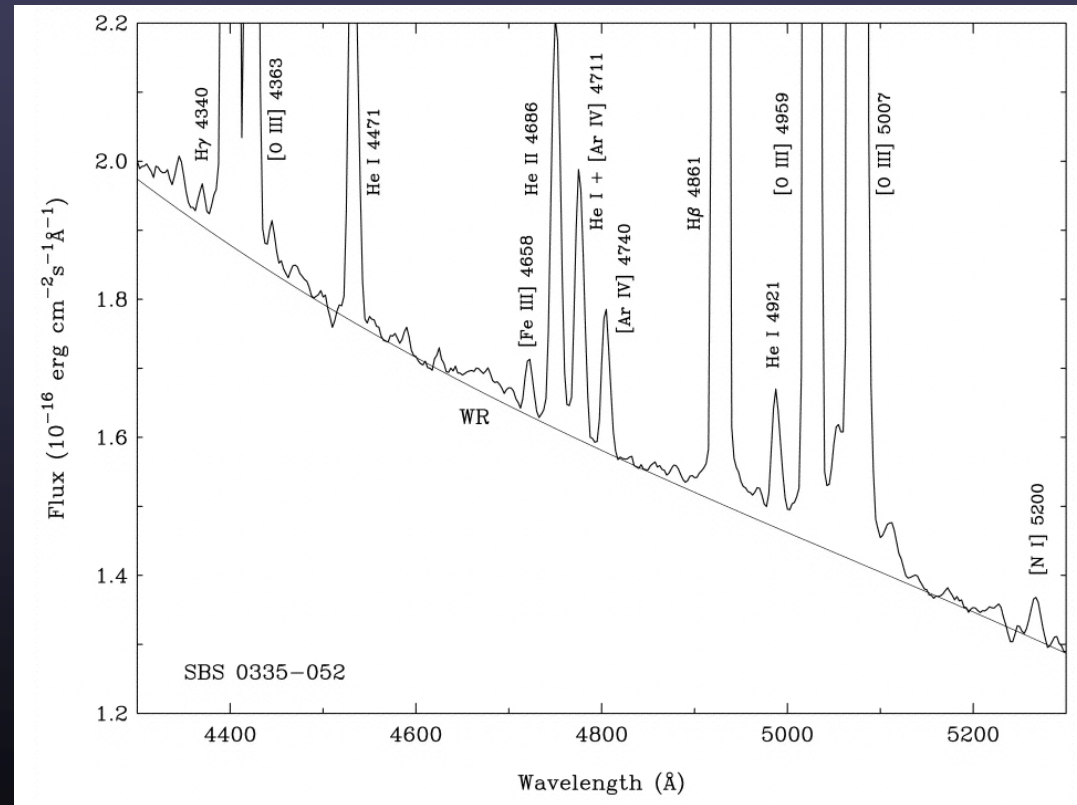
^3He Experiment

4He: Observations (optical recombination lines)

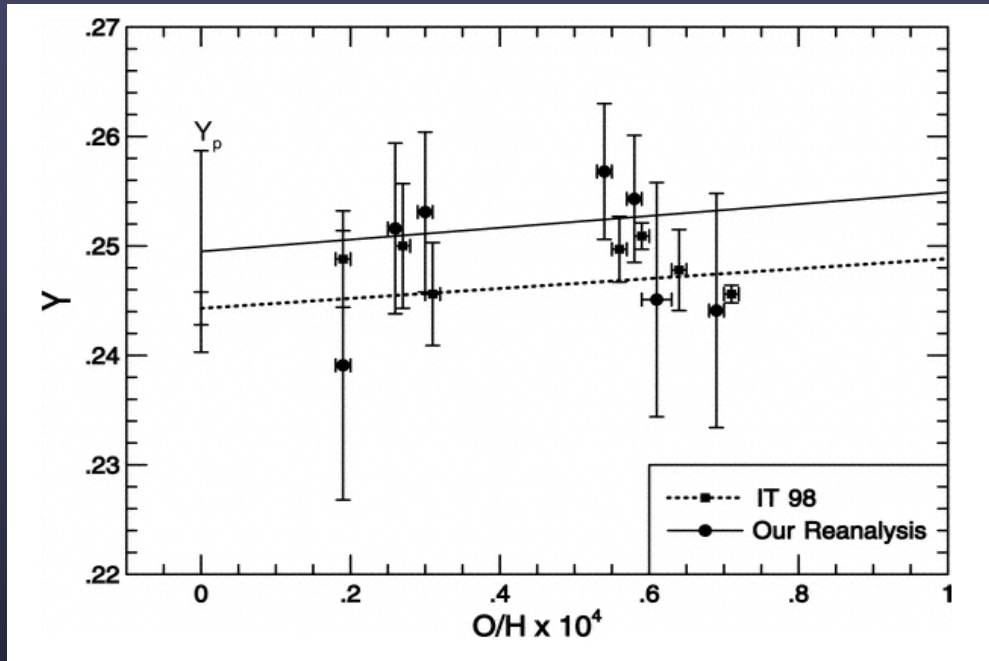


Izotov et al. (1999)

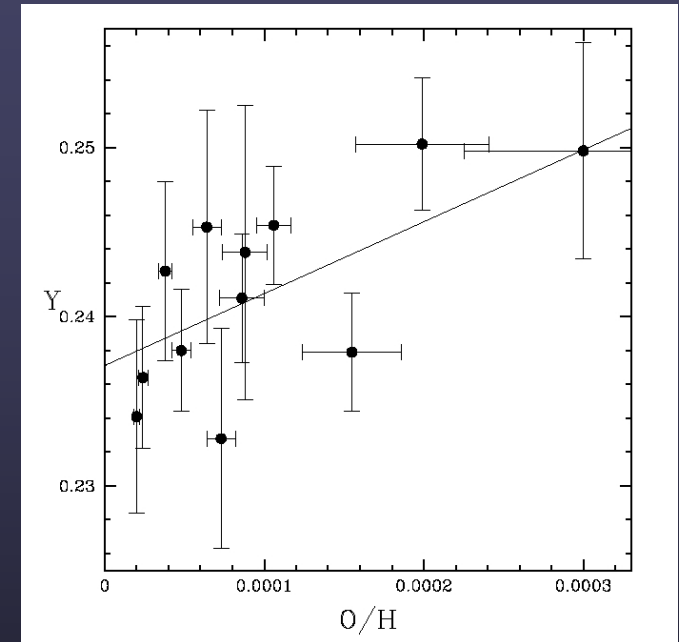
Metal poor blue compact galaxies



4He: Results



Olive & Skillman (2004)



Peimbert & Peimbert (2002)

Y_p [mass]

Reference

0.2421 (0.0021)

Izotov & Thuan (2004)

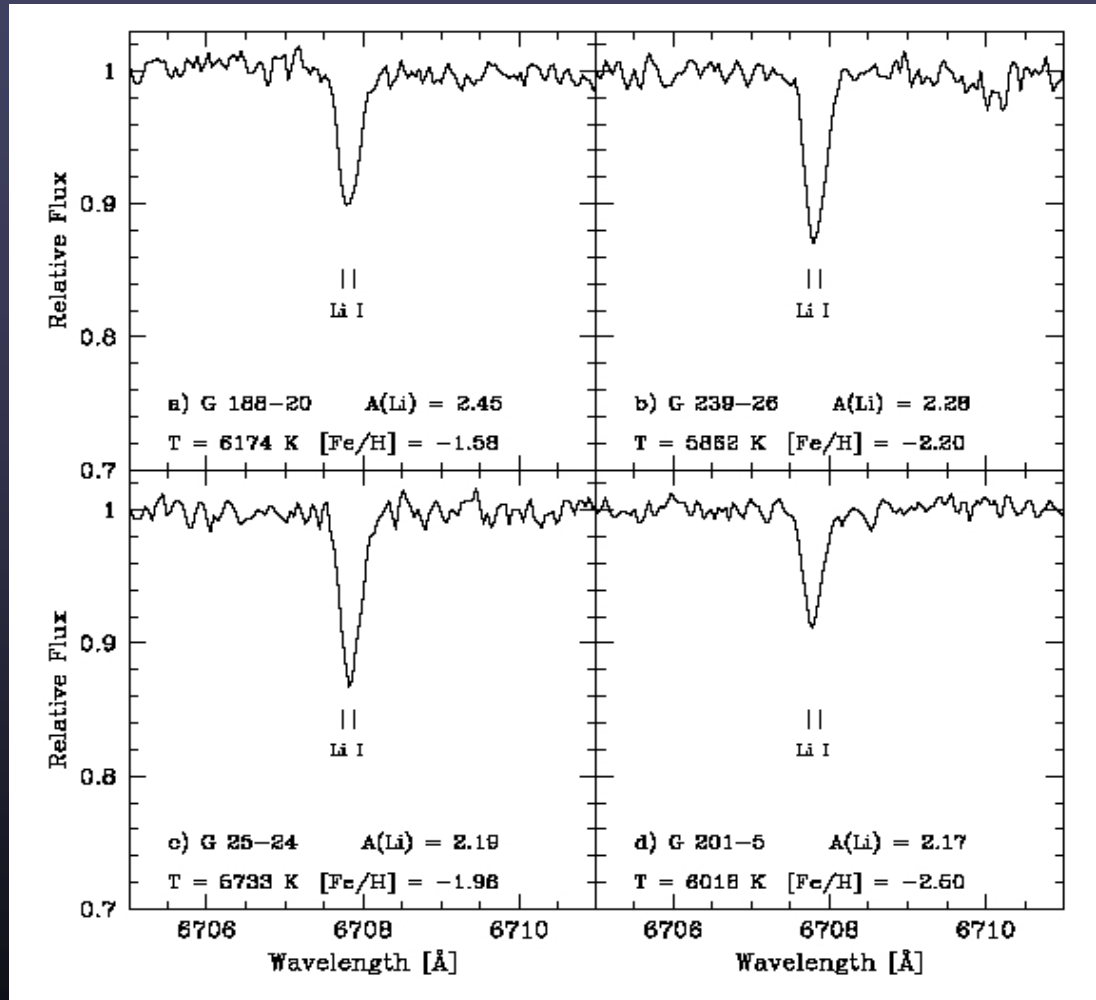
0.249 (0.009)

Olive & Skillman (2004)

0.2371 (0.0015)

Peimbert & Peimbert (2002)

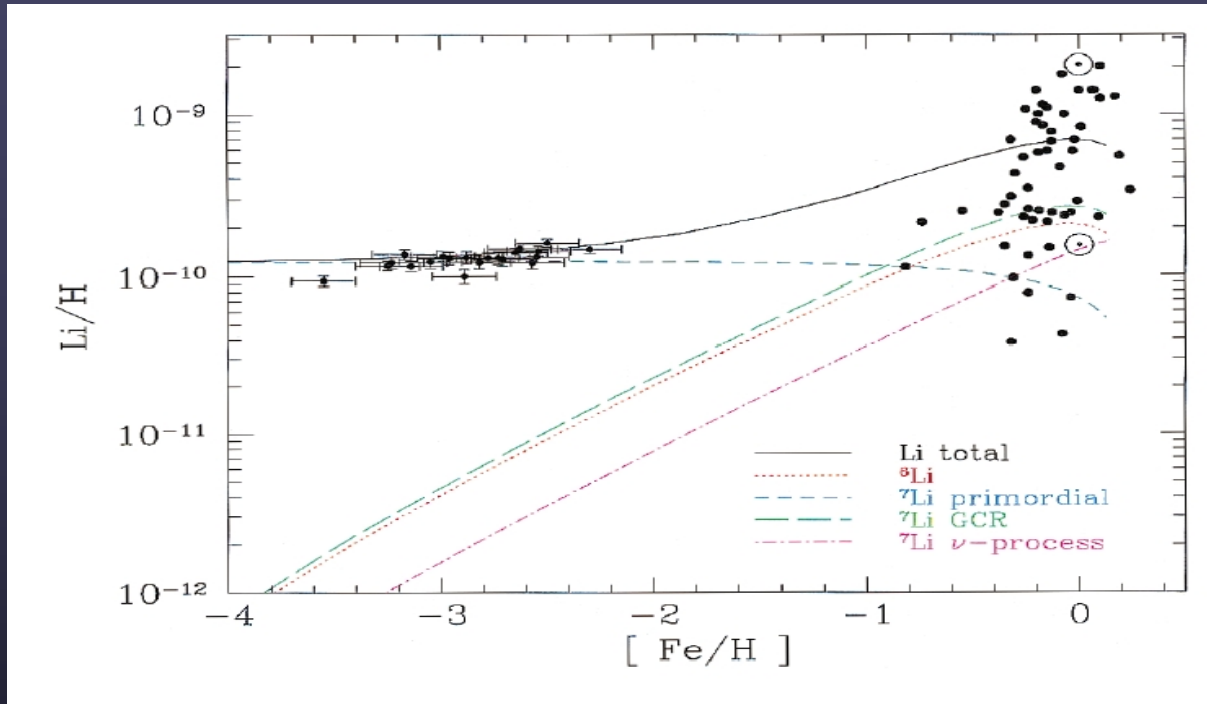
7Li: Observations (resonance line)



Metal poor
Halo stars

Boesgaard et al. (2005)

7Li: Results (The Spite Plateau)



Ryan et al. (2000)

Log(7Li/H) + 12

Reference

2.09 (+0.19,-0.13)

Ryan et al. (2000)

2.37 (0.1)

Melendez & Ramirez (2004)

2.44 (0.18)

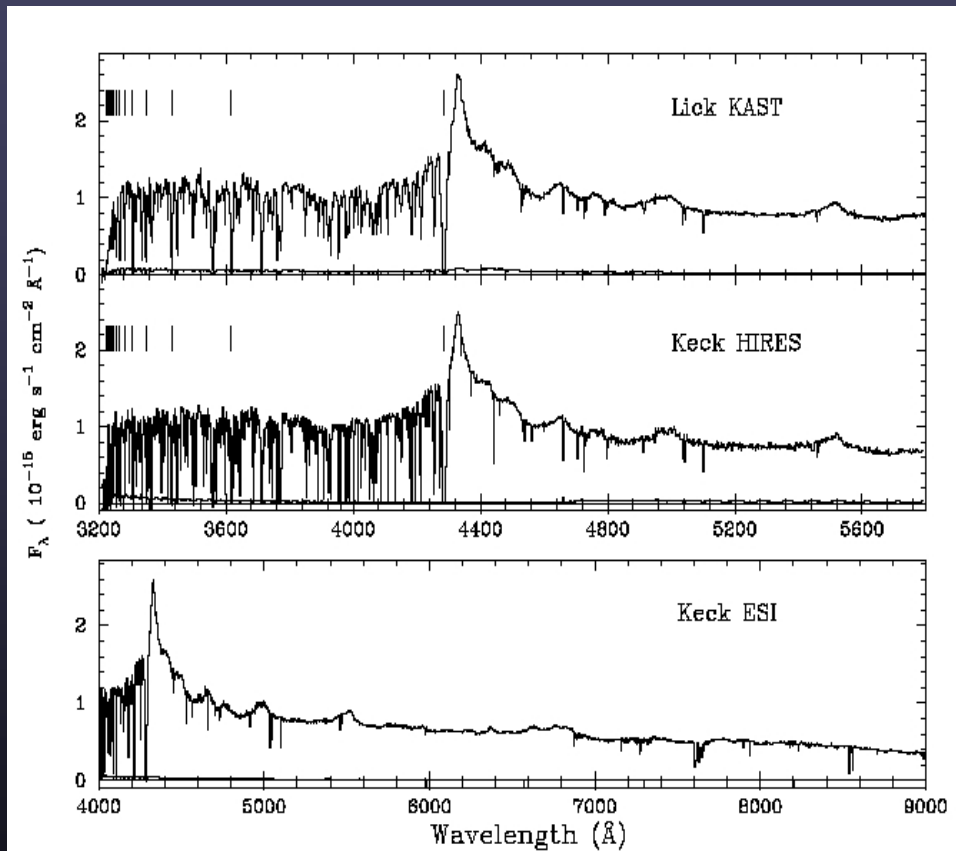
Boesgaard et al. (2005)

Deuterium: Observations (Lyman series)

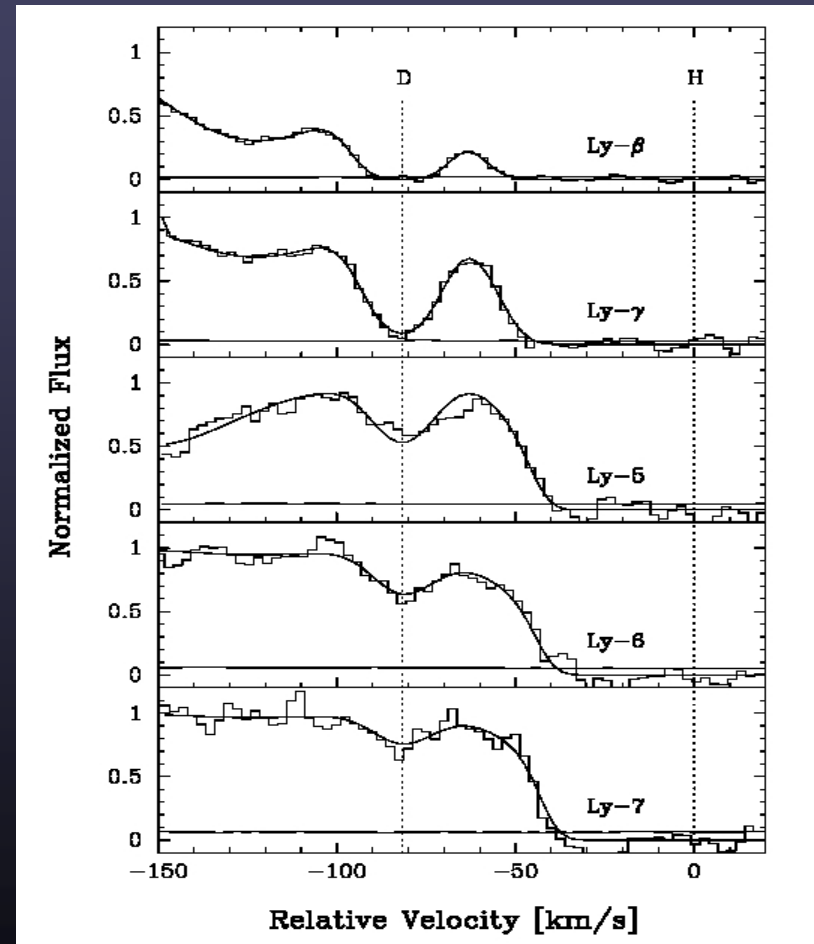


Q1243+3047

HS 0105+1619

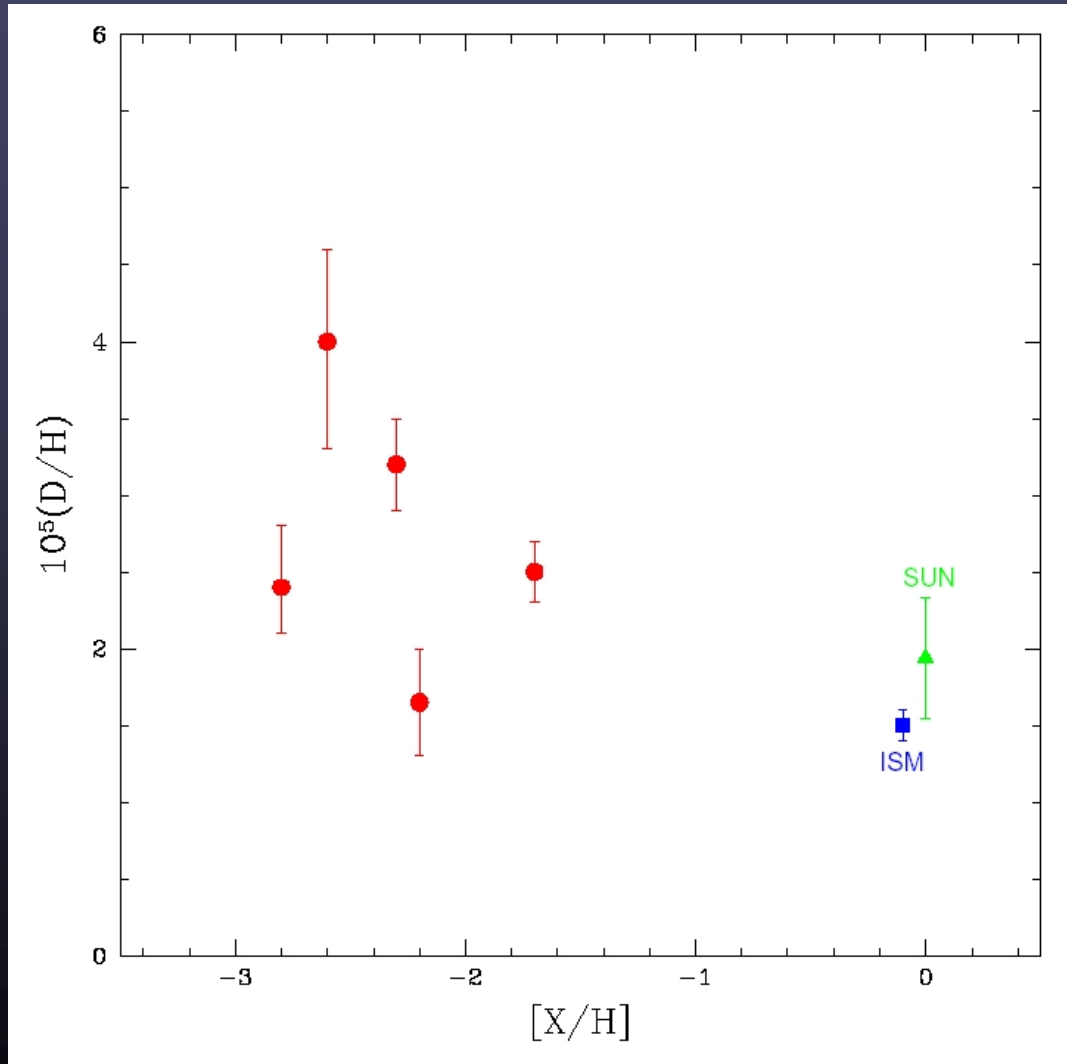


Kirkman et al. (2003)



O'Meara et al. (2001)

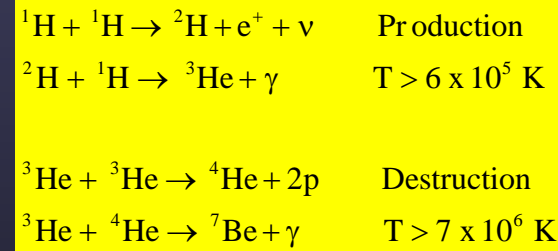
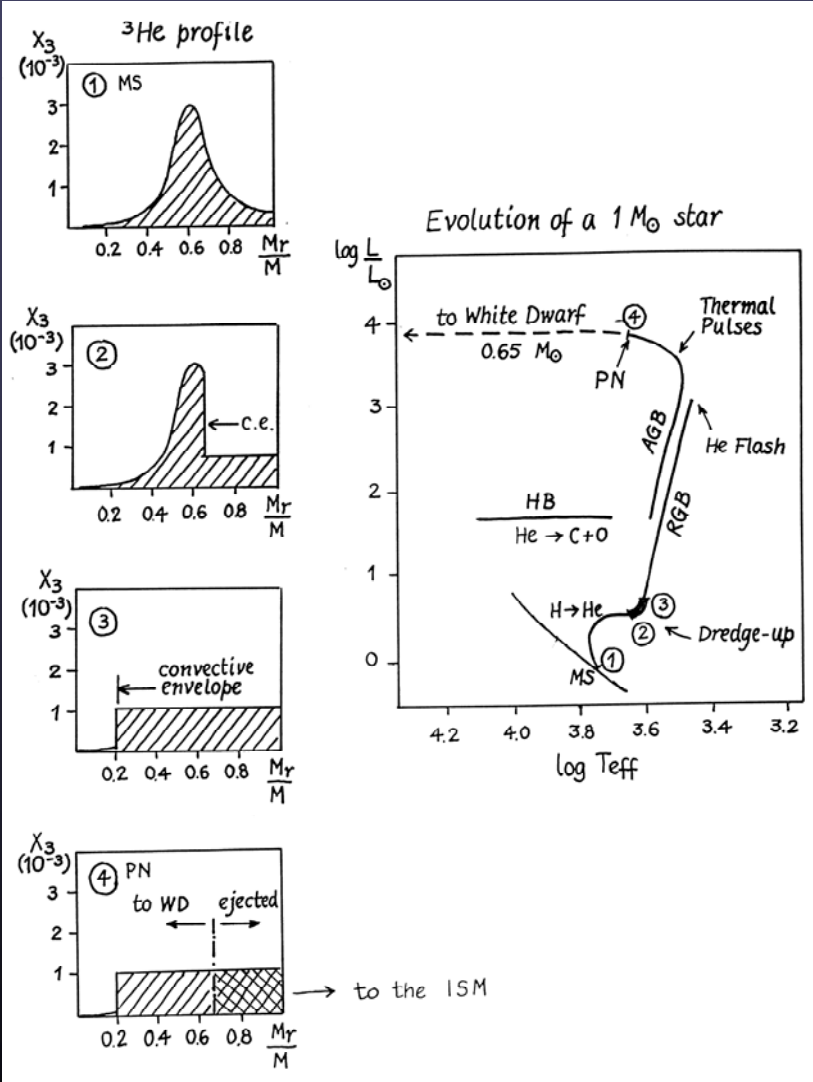
Deuterium: Results



$$D/H = 2.78^{+0.44}_{-0.38} \times 10^{-5}$$

Kirkman et al. (2003)
Steigman (2005)

3He: Stellar Evolution

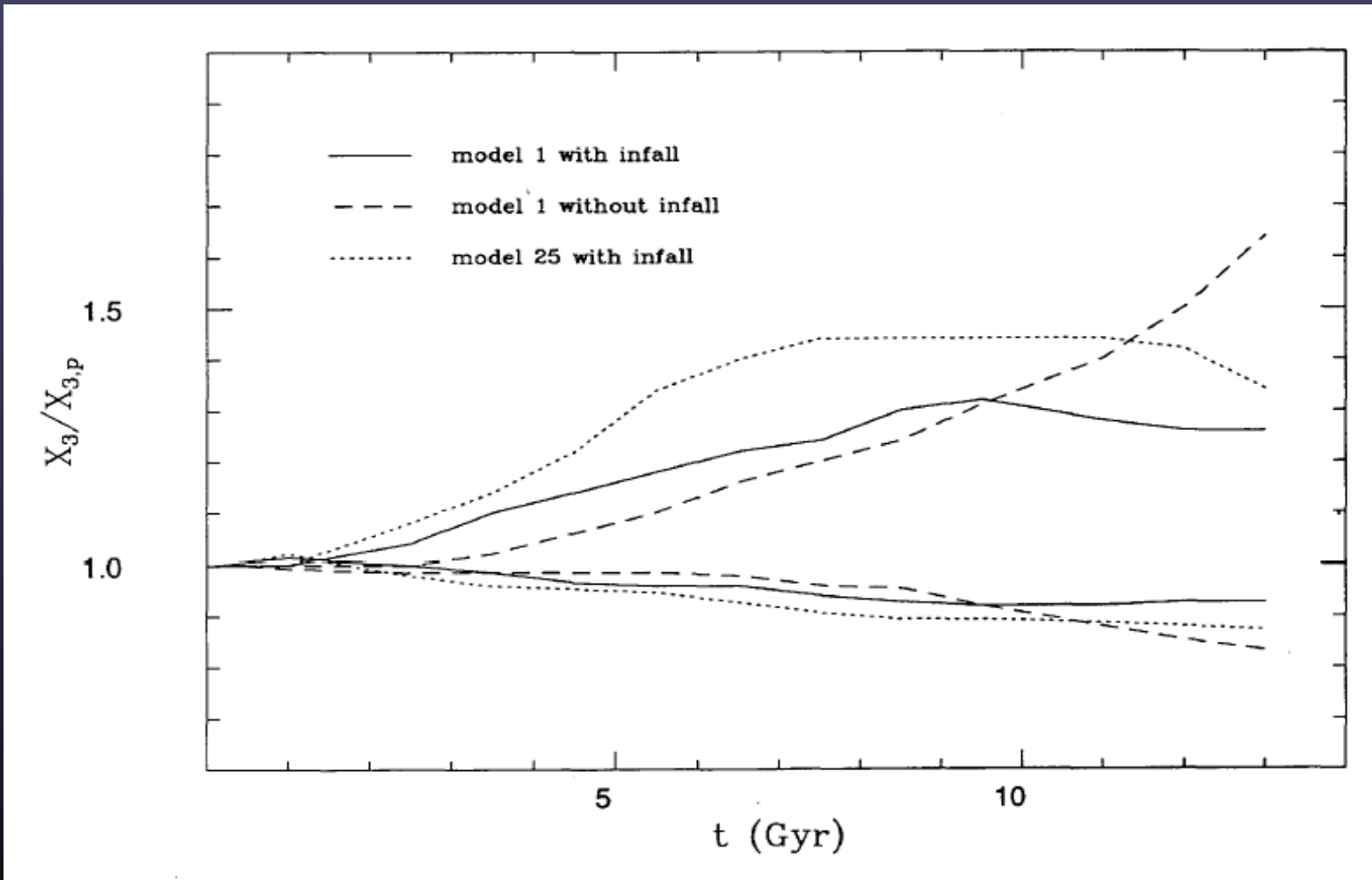


“... the present interstellar ^3He is more of stellar than primordial origin”

Rood, Steigman, & Tinsley (1976)

Daniele Galli

3He: Galactic Evolution



Steigman & Tosi (1992)



3He: Observations

Solar System:

Meteorites (protosolar)— ${}^3\text{He}/\text{H} = 1.5 \pm 0.3 \times 10^{-5}$ (Bochsler & Geiss 1974)

Jupiter (Galileo Probe)— ${}^3\text{He}/{}^4\text{He} = 1.66 \pm 0.05 \times 10^{-4}$ (Mahaffy et al. 1998)

Local Interstellar Medium (LISM):

Ulysses Probe— ${}^3\text{He}/{}^4\text{He} = 2.2_{-0.6}^{+0.7}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.2(\text{sys}) \times 10^{-4}$ (Gloeckler & Geiss 1996)

Mir— ${}^3\text{He}/{}^4\text{He} = 1.71_{-0.42}^{+0.50} \times 10^{-4}$ (Salerno et al. 2003)

Galactic:

${}^3\text{He}$ Recombination Lines?

${}^3\text{He}^+$ Hyperfine Line?



3He+ Hyperfine Line



$\nu_{01} = 8665.65 \text{ MHz} \quad (3.46 \text{ cm})$
 $A_{01} = 1.950 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}^{-1} \quad (16,300 \text{ years})$

$^2S_{1/2} \quad F = 0 \rightarrow 1$

NRAO 140 Foot Telescope (HII Regions)



Galactic HII Regions
(1982 – 1999)
(~50)

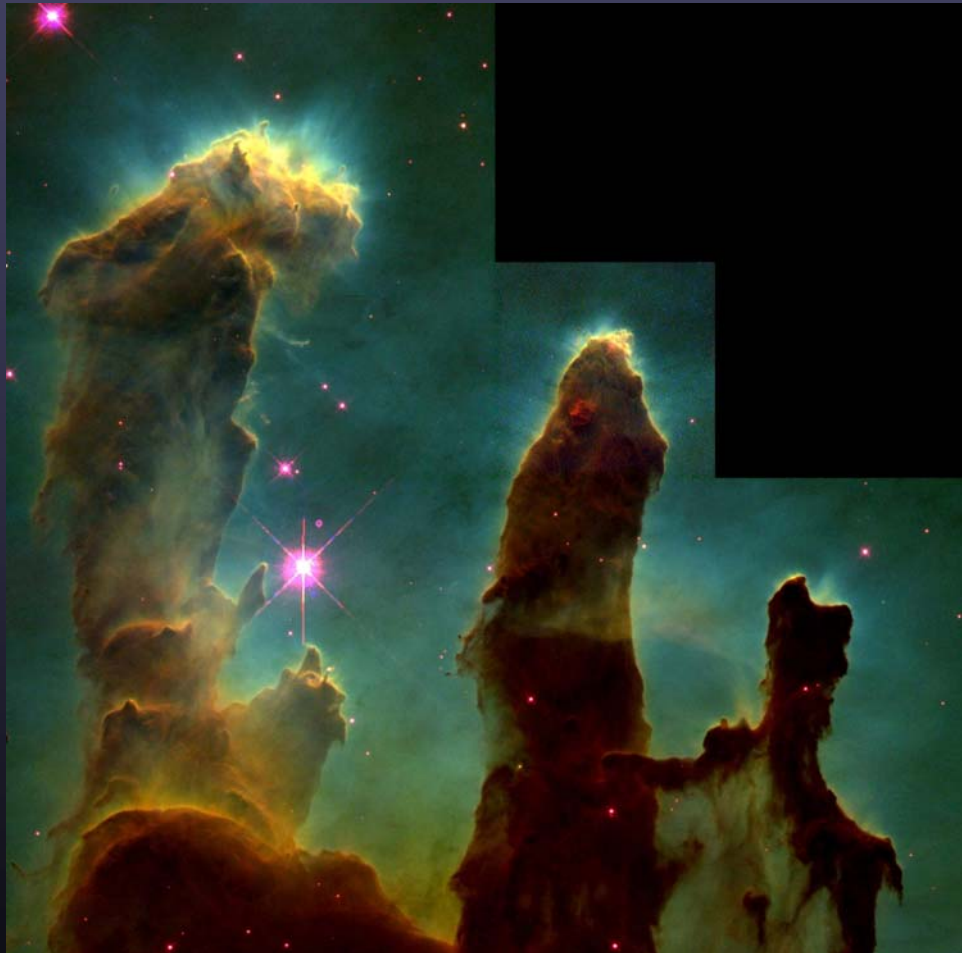
Orion nebula (M42)
Eagle nebula (M16)
Rosette nebula
W49
S209
G0.60+0.32

HPBW = 3.5 arcmin

M16 (Eagle Nebula)

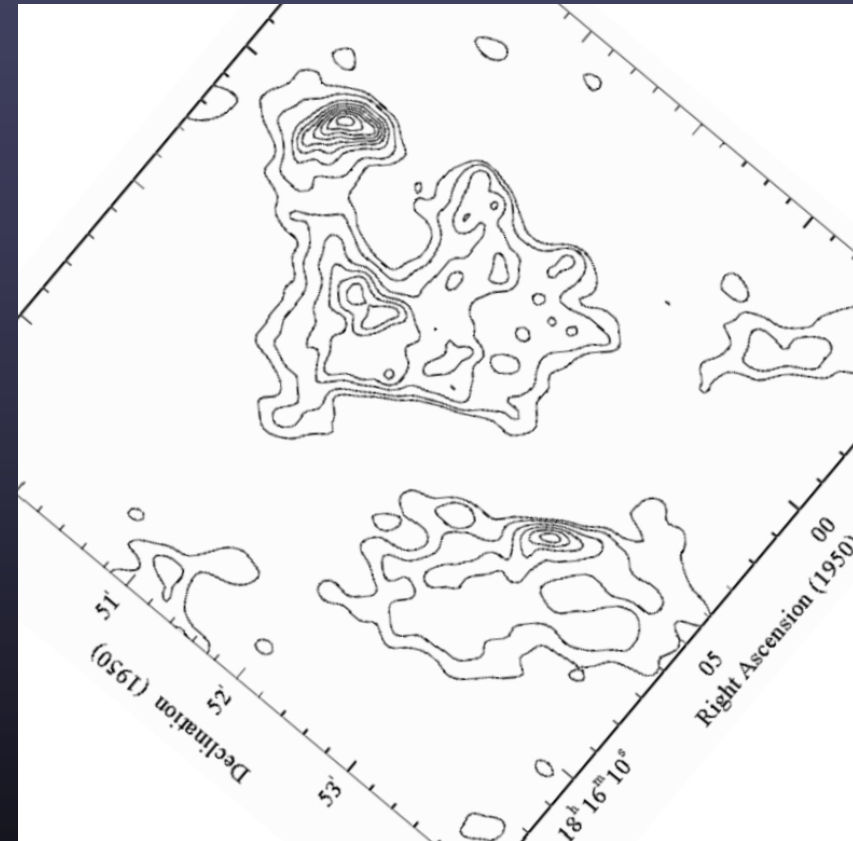


Hubble Space Telescope



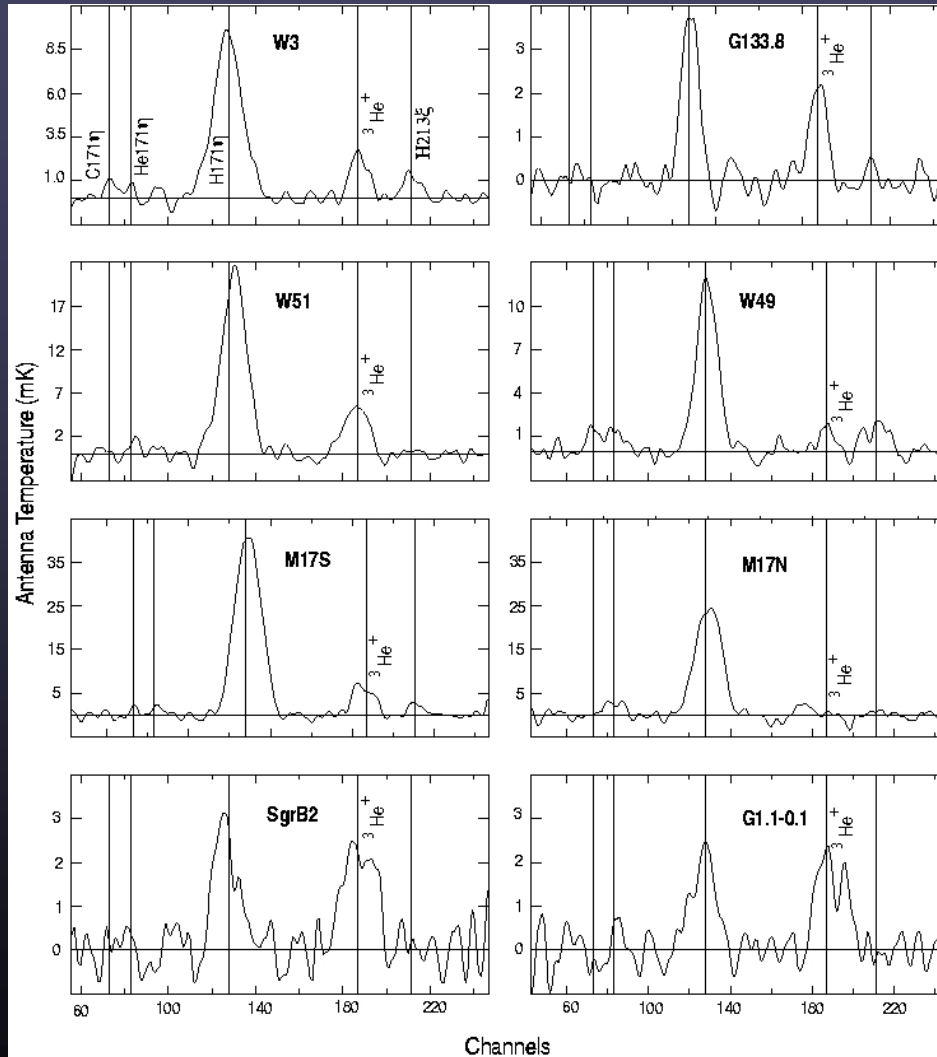
Hester & Scowen

NRAO Very Large Array



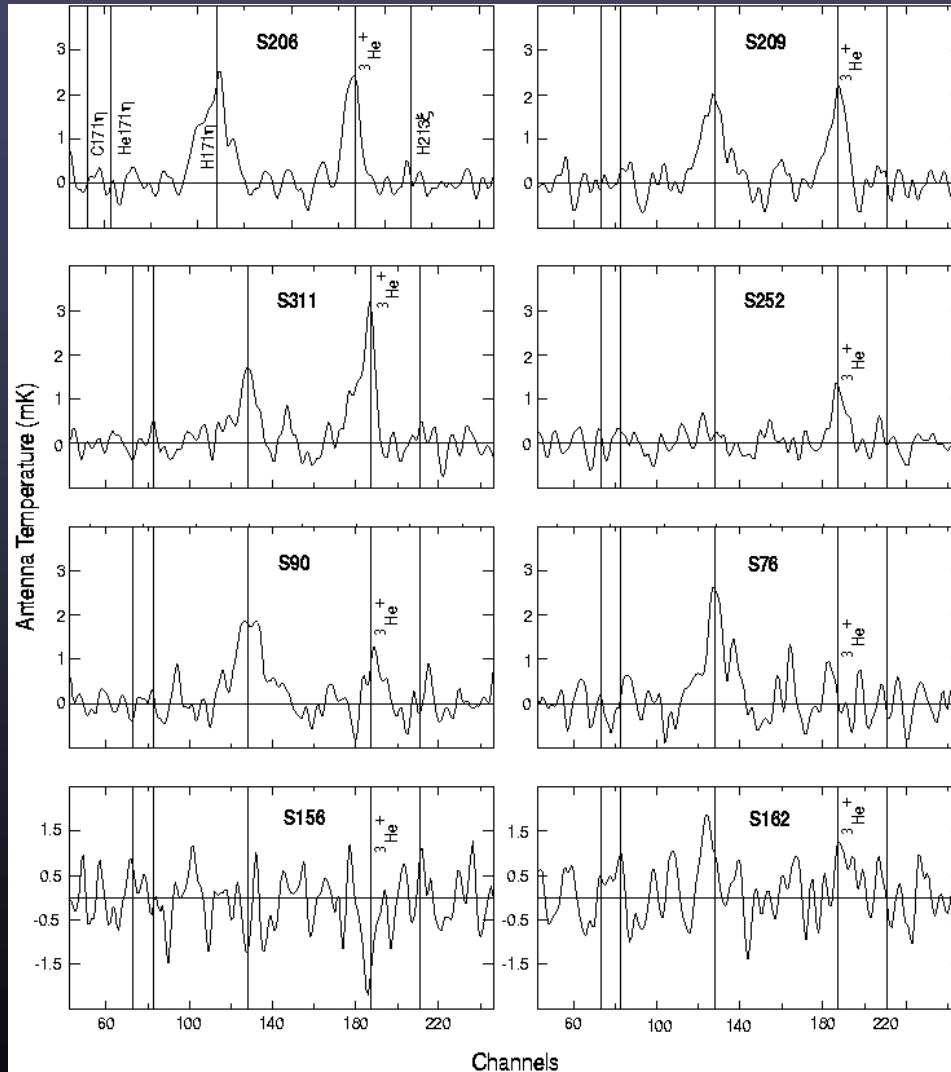
White et al. (1999)

HII Region 3He+ Spectra



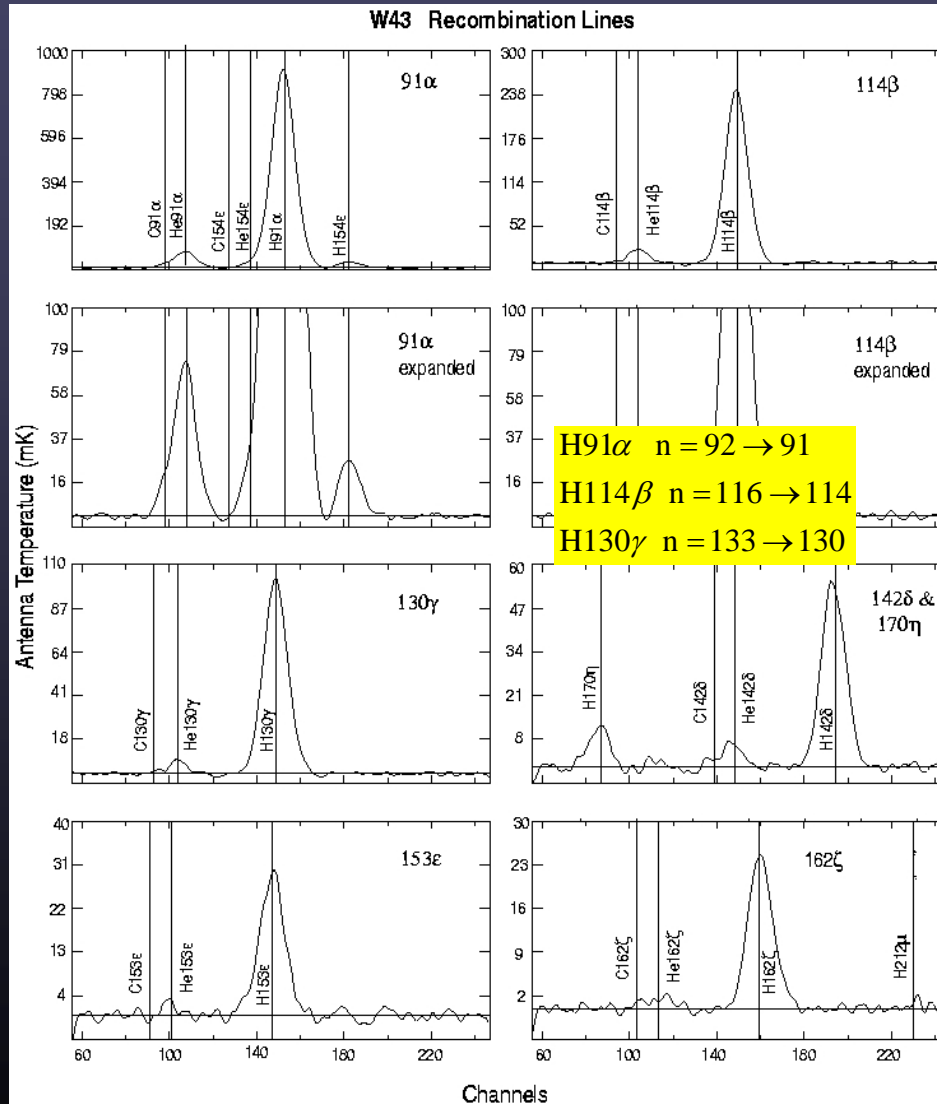
Bania et al. (1997)

HII Region 3He+ Spectra



Bania et al. (1997)

HII Region Radio Recombination Line Spectra

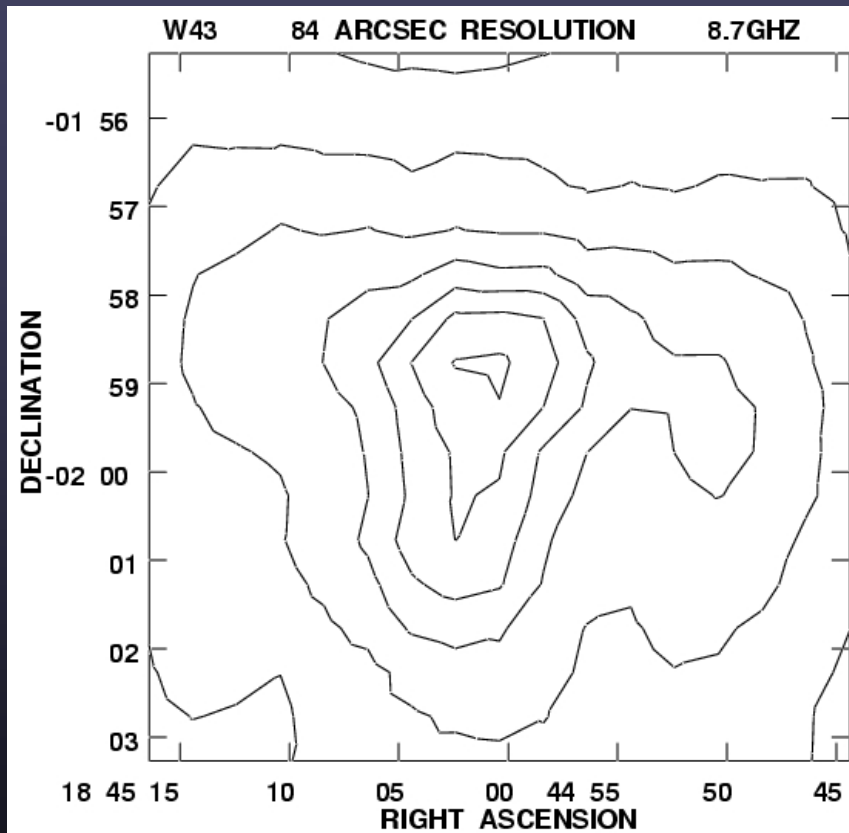


Bania et al. (1997)

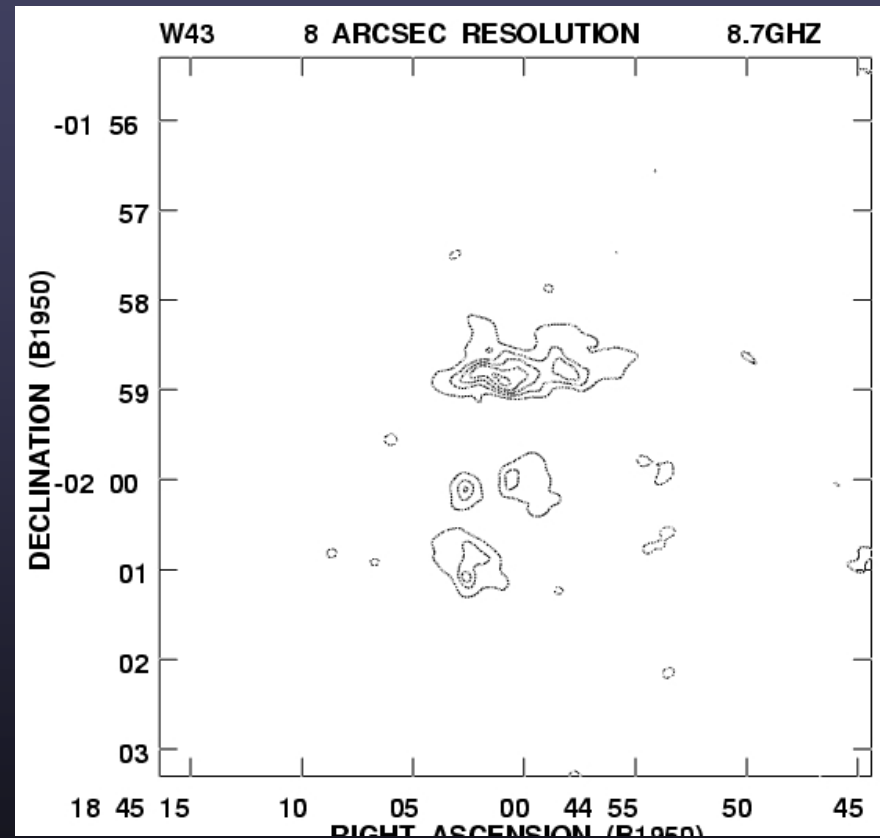
HII Region Continuum



MPIfR 100m Telescope



NRAO Very Large Array

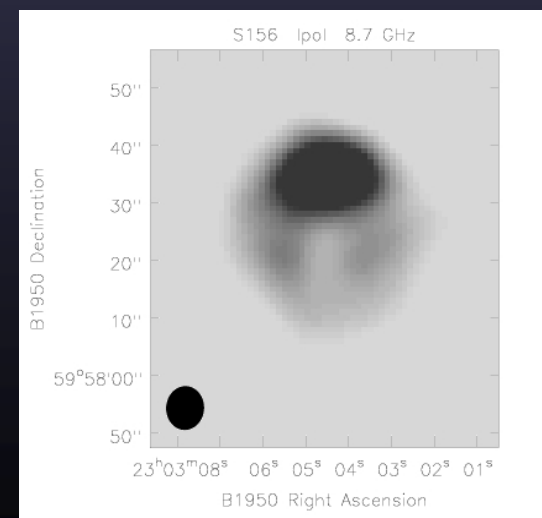
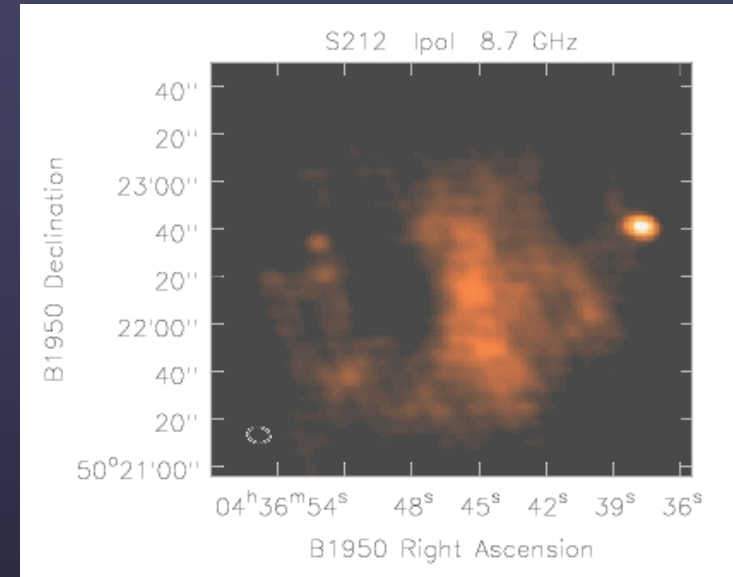
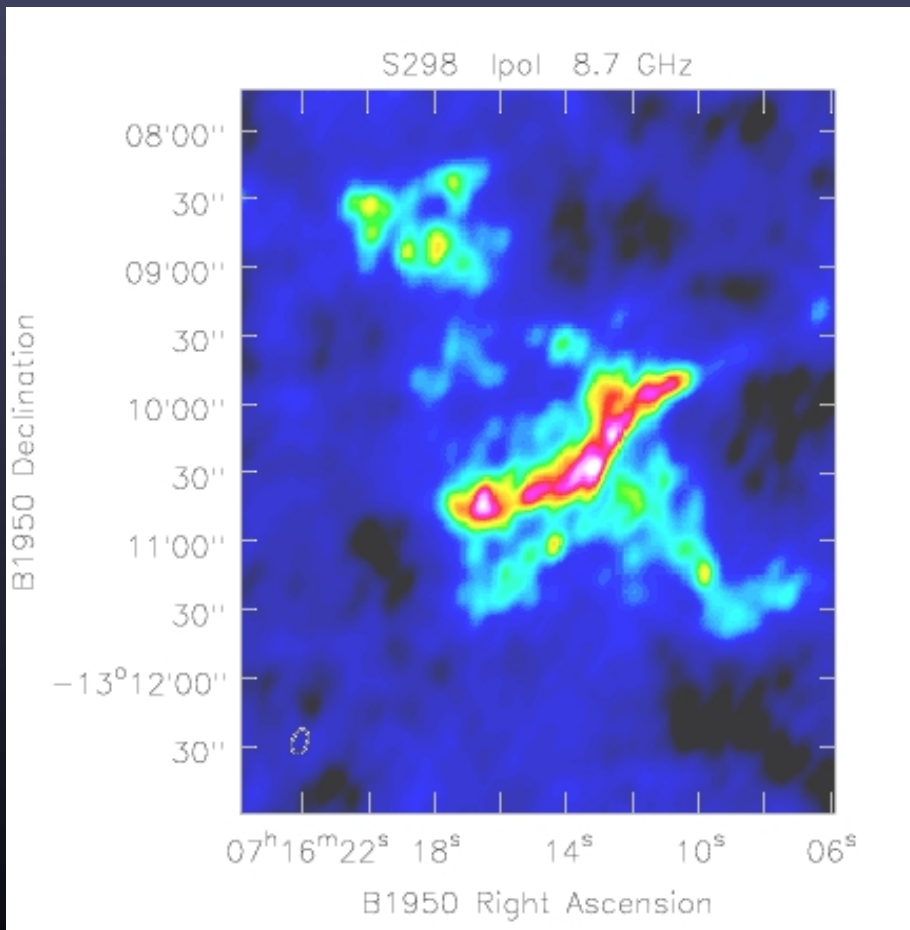


Balser et al. (1995)

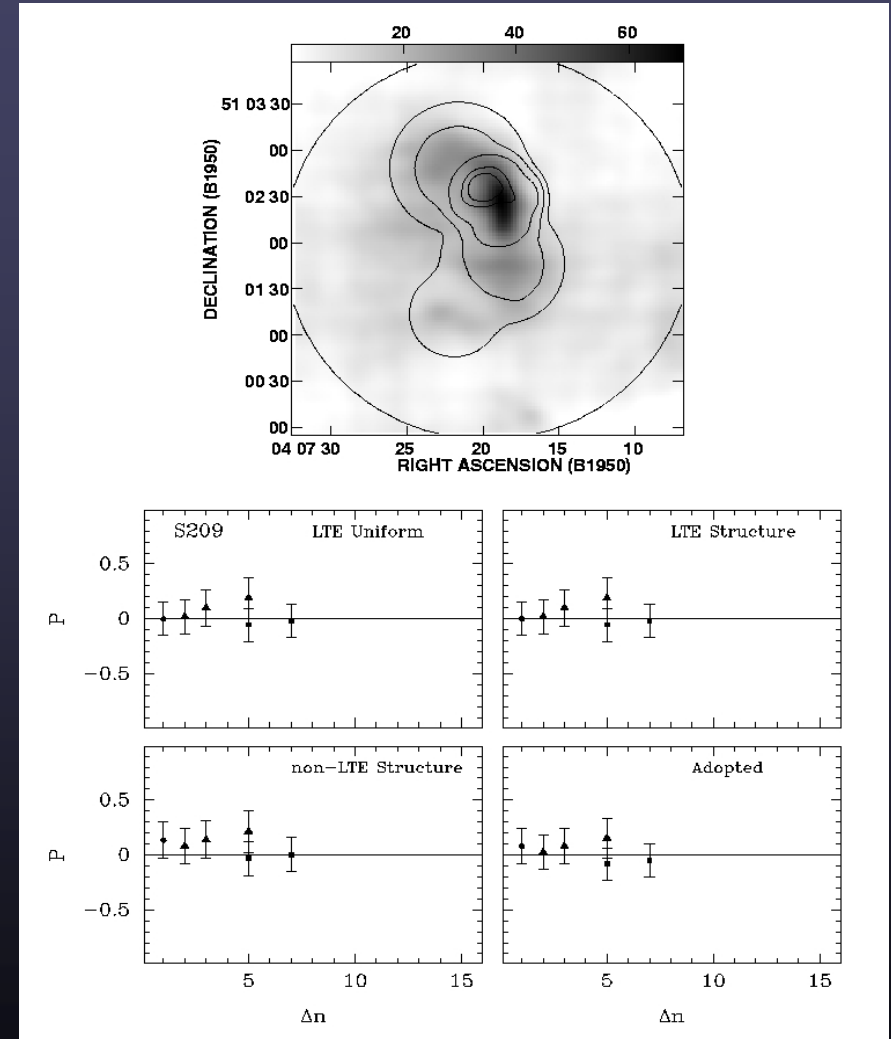
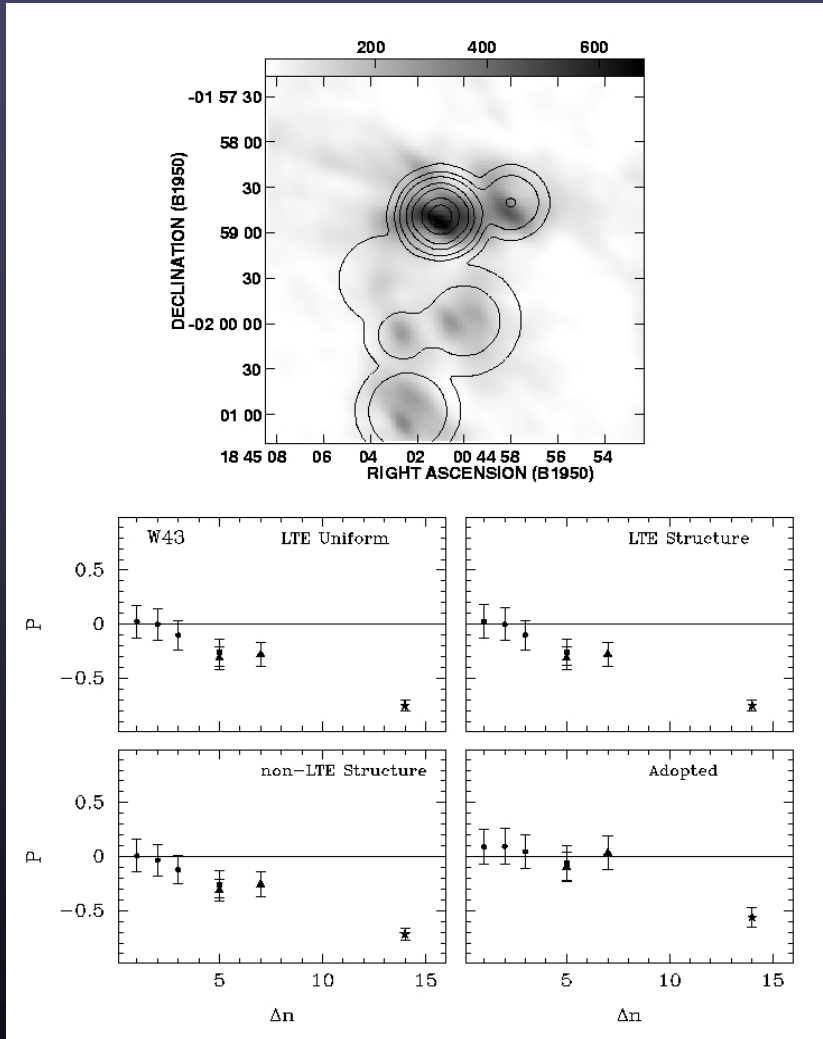
HII Region Continuum



NRAO Very Large Array



HII Region Models



MPIfR 100 meter Telescope (PNe)



Galactic Planetary Nebulae
(1991 – 1995)

NGC 3242 (Ghost of Jupiter)

NGC 6543 (Cat's Eye)

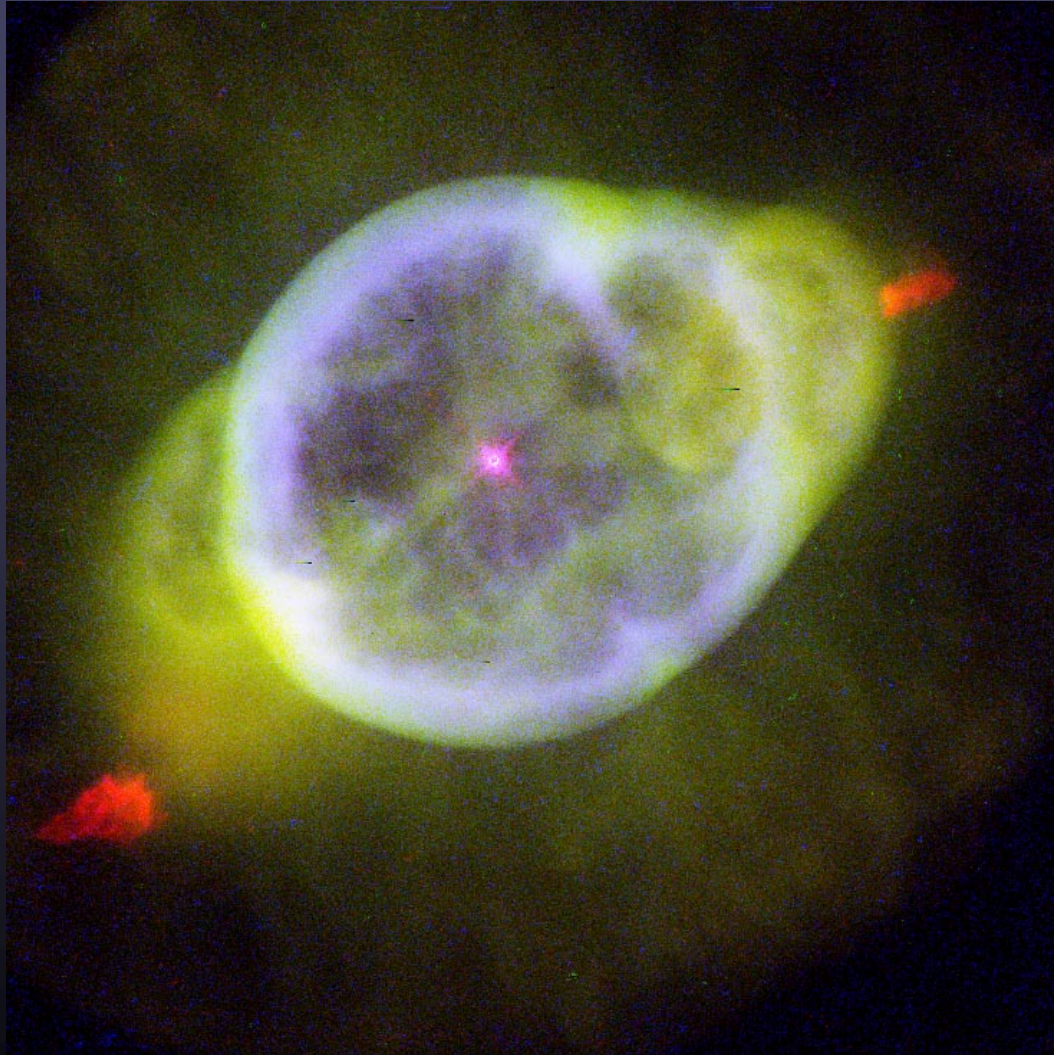
NGC 6720 (Ring)

NGC 7009 (Saturn)

NGC 7662 (Blue Snowball)

HPBW = 80 arcsec

NGC 3242 (Ghost of Jupiter)



Hubble Space Telescope

Balick et al.

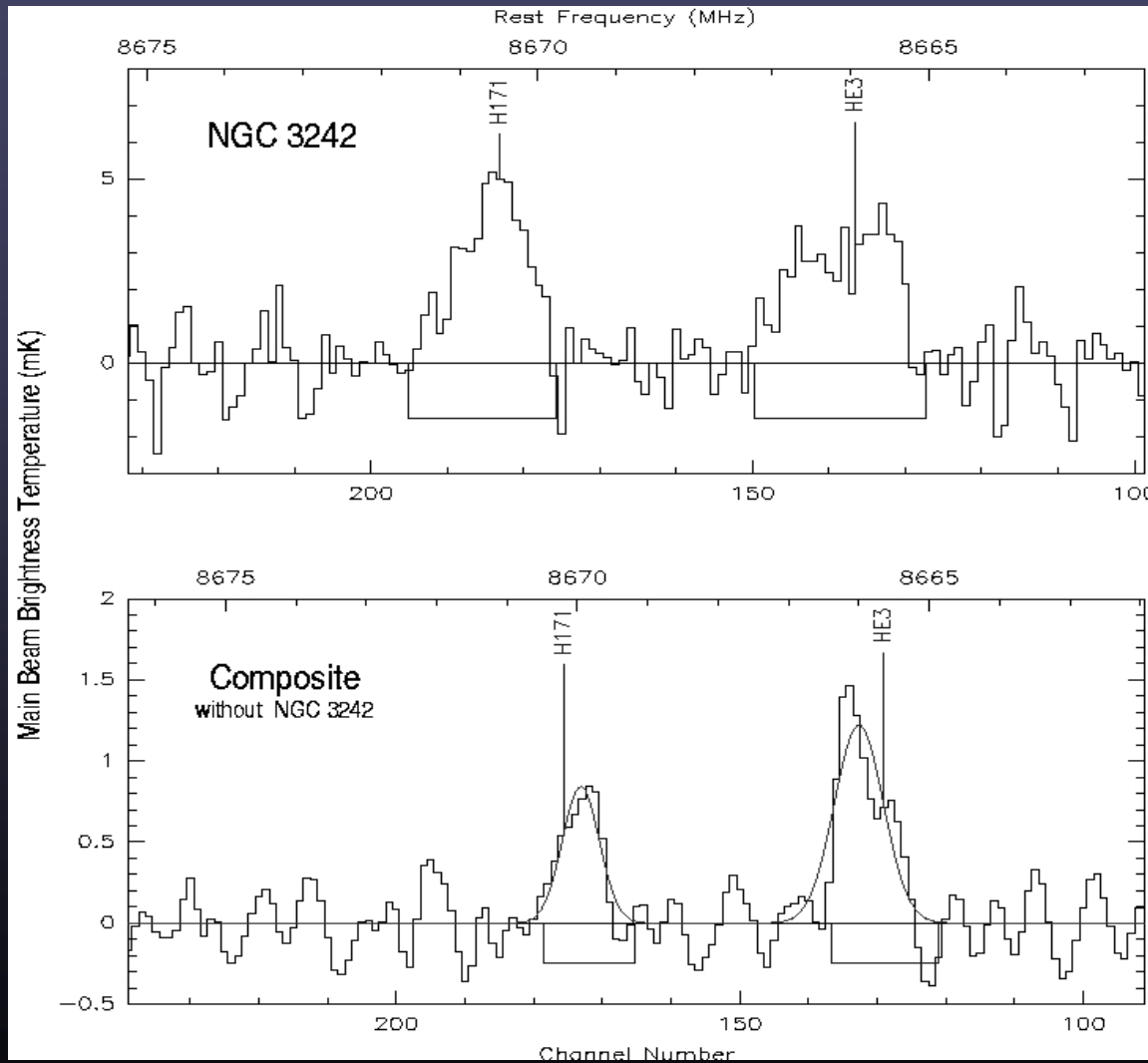
NGC 6543 (Cat's Eye)



Hubble Space Telescope

Corradi & Tsvetanov

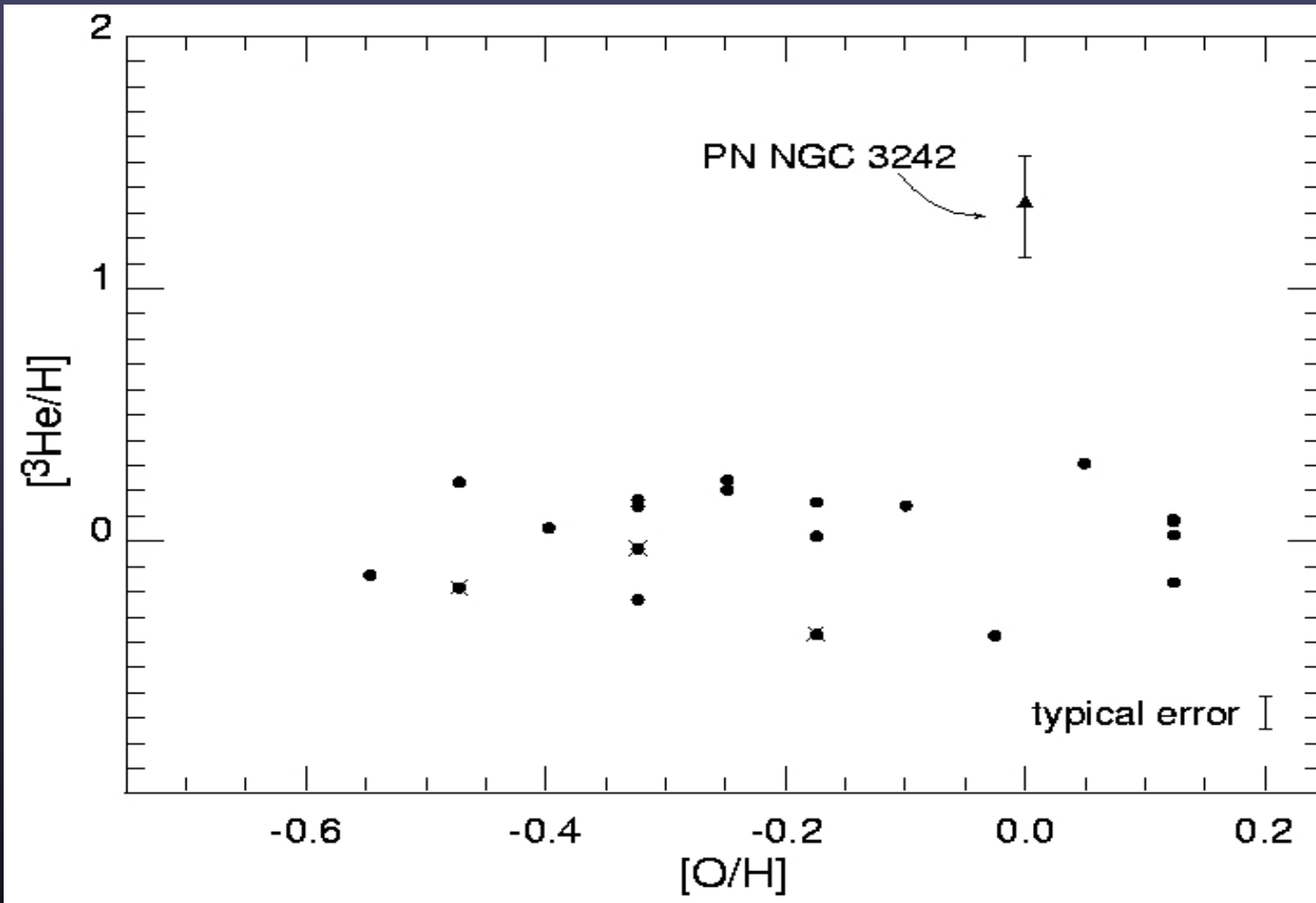
PNe 3He+ Spectra



Modeling of NGC 3242 indicates a halo.

Balser et al. (1997)

Results: Abundance versus [O/H]

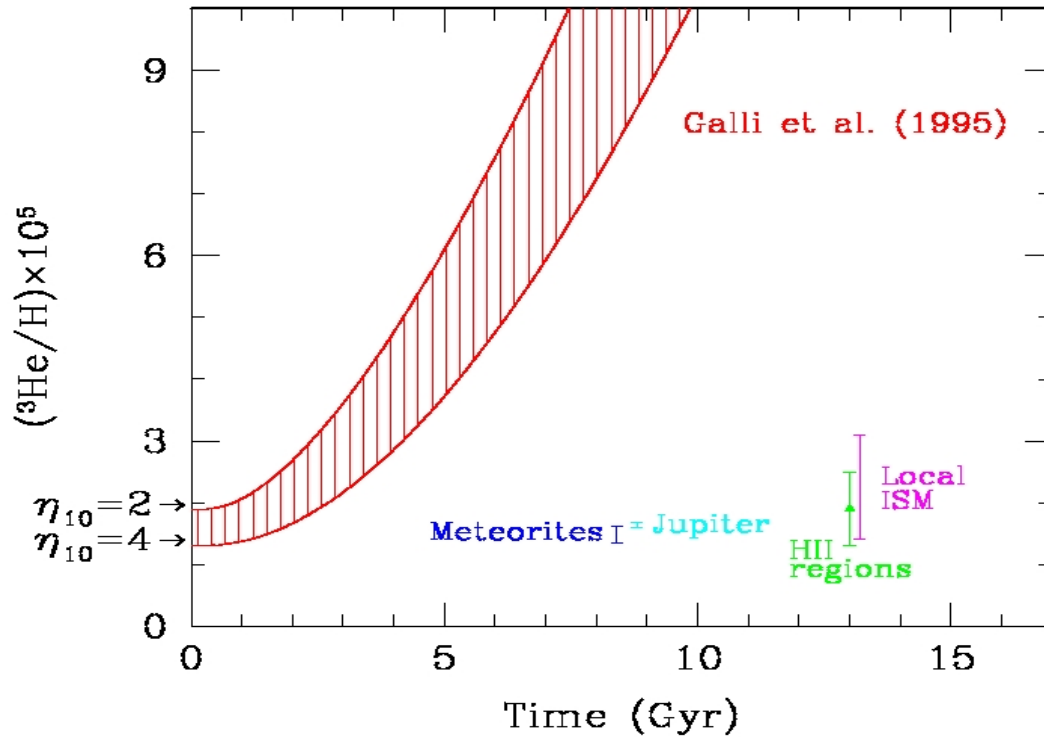


$\leftarrow {}^3\text{He}/\text{H} = 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$

Bania, Rood & Balser (2002)

$\uparrow \text{O}/\text{H} = 6.3 \times 10^{-4}$

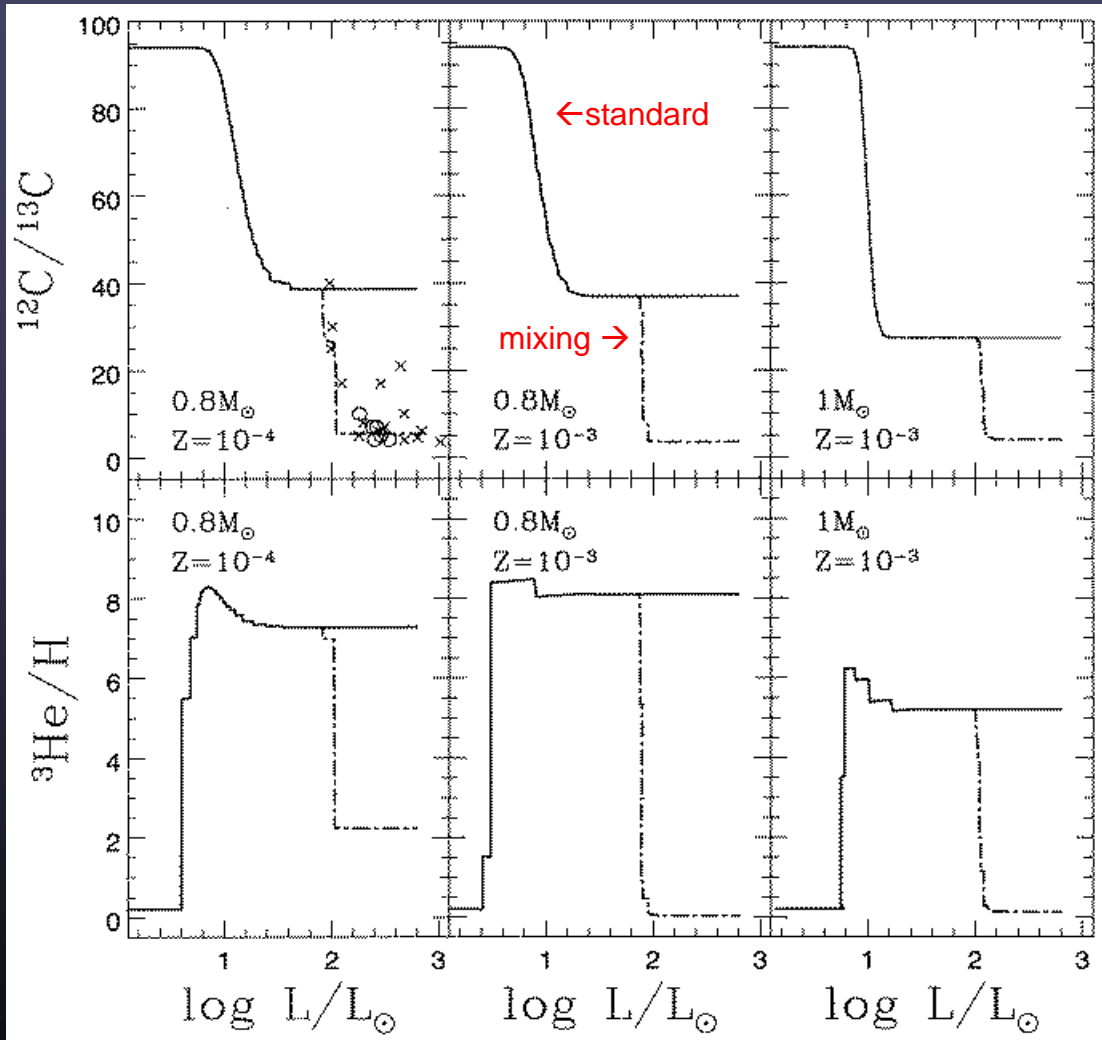
The 3He Problem



Meteorites: Geiss (1993)
Jupiter: Mahaffy et al. (1998)
HII regions: Bania, Rood & Balser (2002)
Local ISM: Gloecker & Geiss (1998)

Daniele Galli

Extra-mixing Process (low-mass stars < 2 Msun)



“...meridional circulation driven by internal rotation might lead to the mixing of CNO-processed material ...of a red giant star.”

Sweigart & Mengel (1979)

96% of low-mass stars

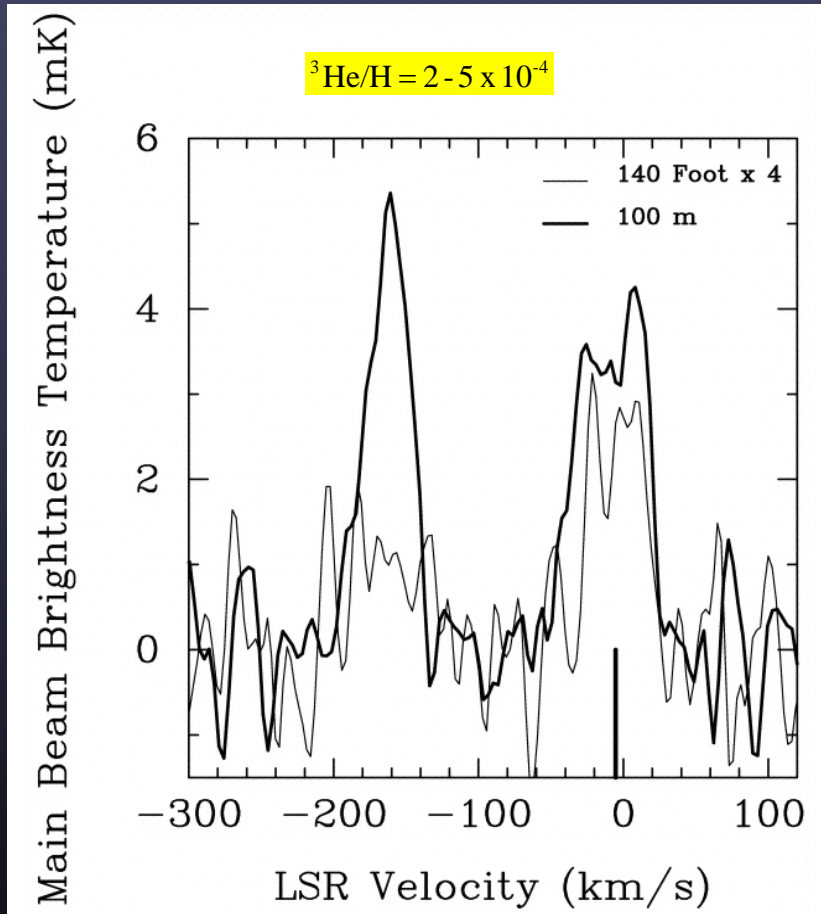
Charbonnel &
do Nascimento (1998)

Charbonnel (1995)

No Mixing in NGC3242

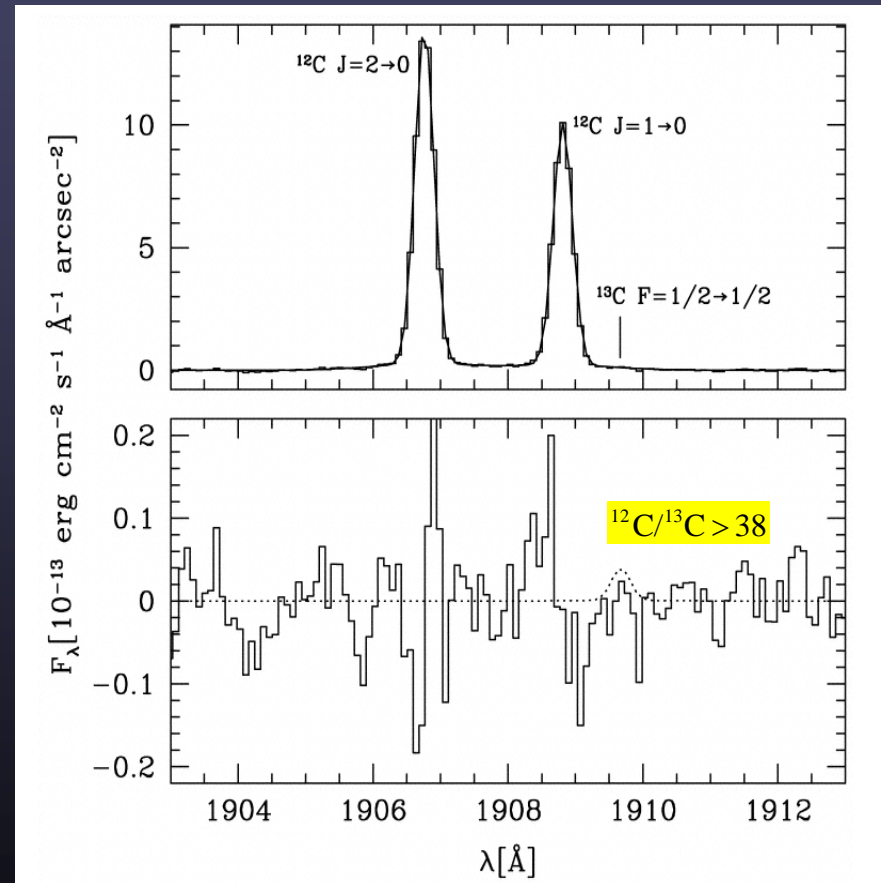


$^3\text{He}+$ line at 8665 MHz



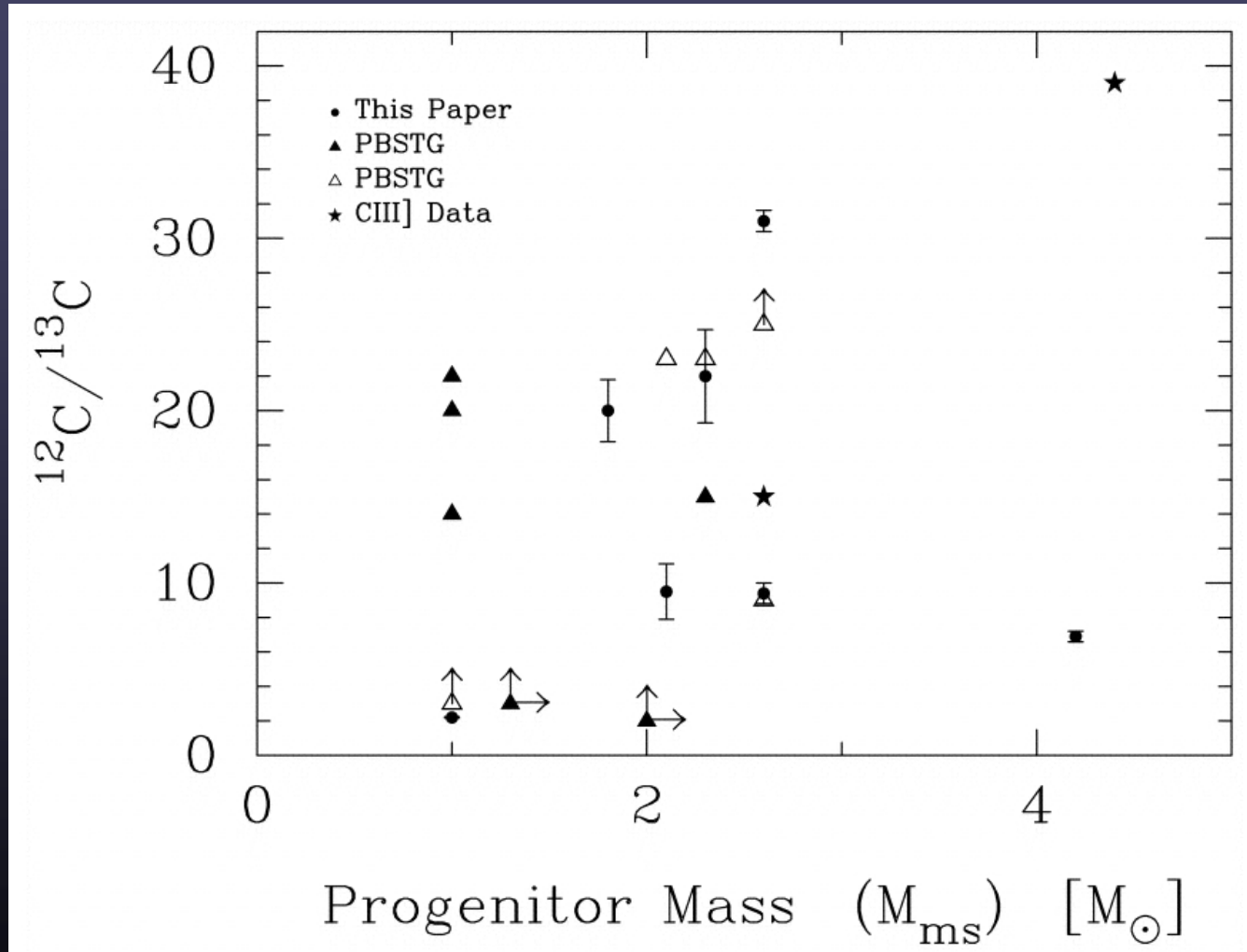
Balser et al. (1999)

C III] multiplet near 1908 Å



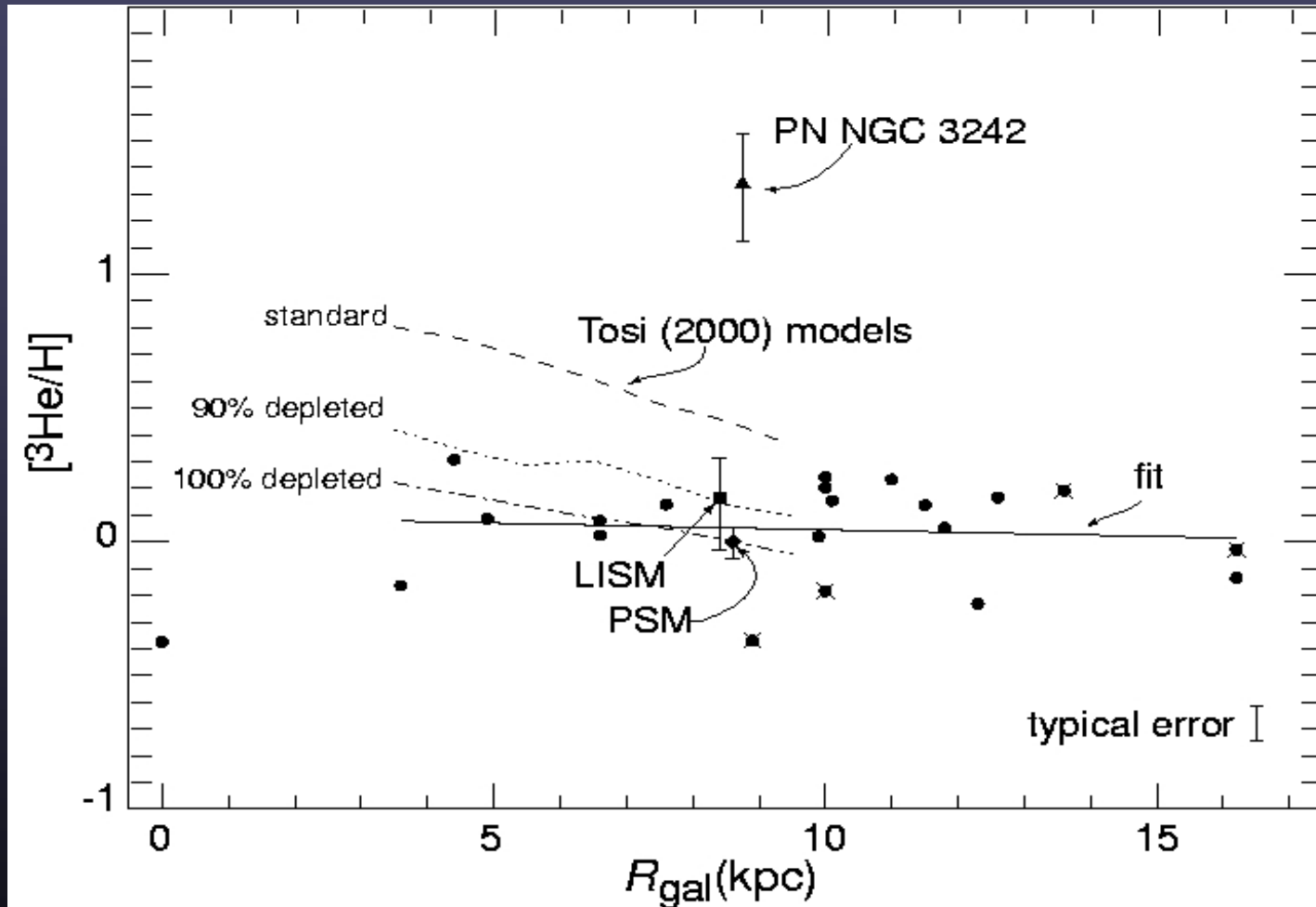
Palla et al. (2002)

12C/13C in Planetary Nebulae



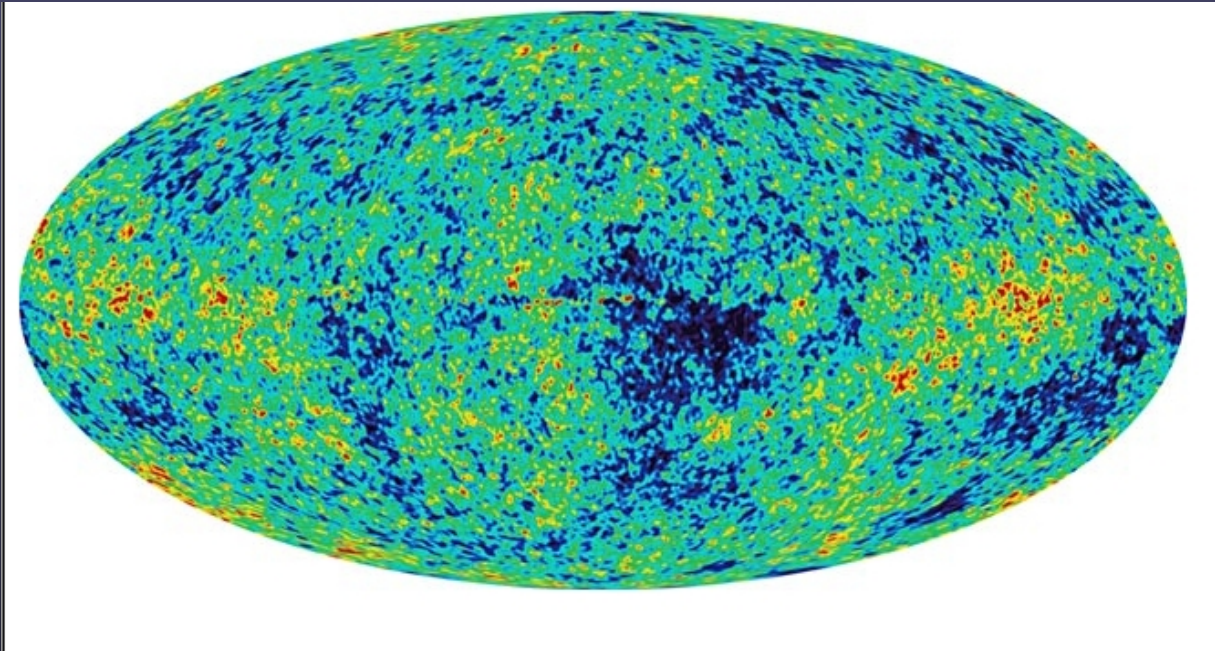
Balser, McMullin, & Wilson (2002)

Results: Abundance versus R_{gal}



Bania, Rood & Balser (2002)

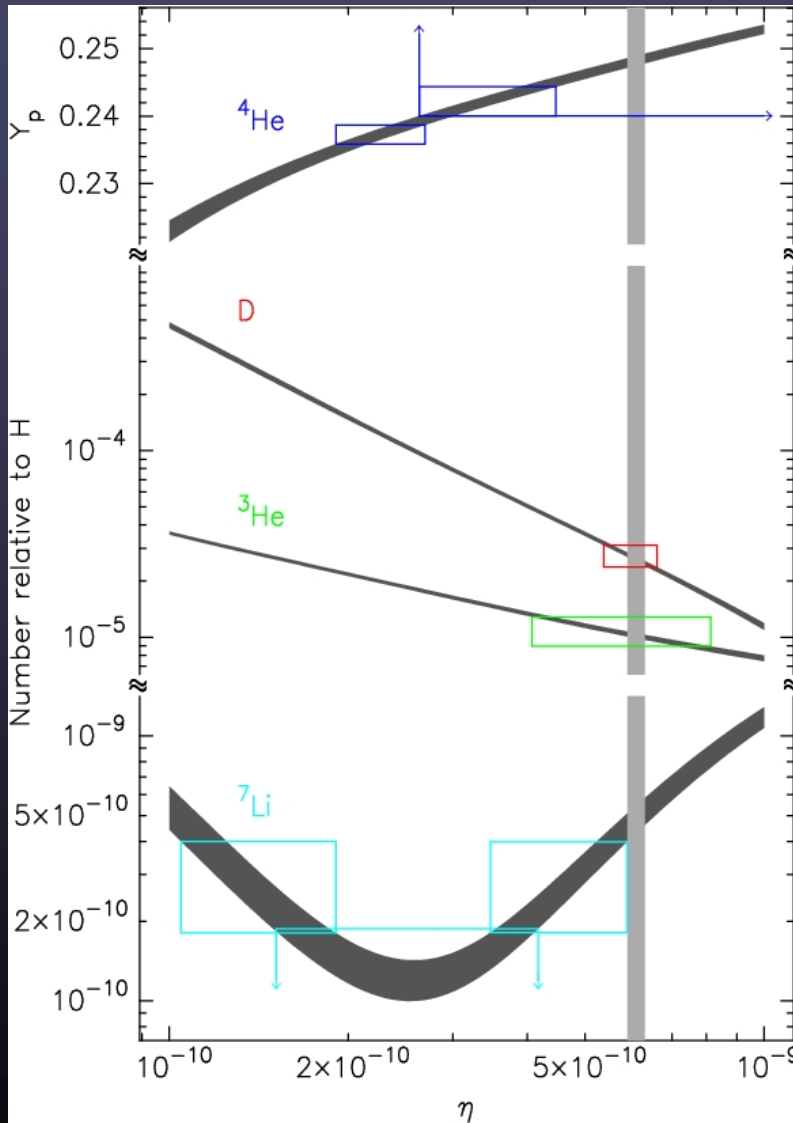
Cosmic Microwave Background (WMAP)



$$\Omega_b h^2 = 0.0223^{+0.0007}_{-0.0009}$$
$$\eta = 6.0965 \pm 0.2055 \times 10^{-10}$$

Spergel et al. (2006)

Results: Primordial Abundances



3He Experiment

Izotov & Thuan (2004)
Peimbert & Peimbert (2002)
Olive & Skillman (2004)

Kirkman et al. (2003)

Bania, Rood, & Balser (2002)

Ryan et al. (2003)
Boesgaard et al. (2006)

Burles et al. (2001)
Spergel et al. (2006)



New Search for ^3He in Planetary Nebulae

NRAO Very Large Array



NAIC Arecibo Telescope



NRAO Green Bank Telescope



PNe Sample



PNe progenitor stars with no extra mixing:

$${}^4\text{He}/\text{H} \leq 0.125$$

$$[\text{N}/\text{O}] \leq -0.3$$

${}^{13}\text{C}/{}^{12}\text{C}$ as low as possible

Peimbert Class: IIb, III, IV (old population)

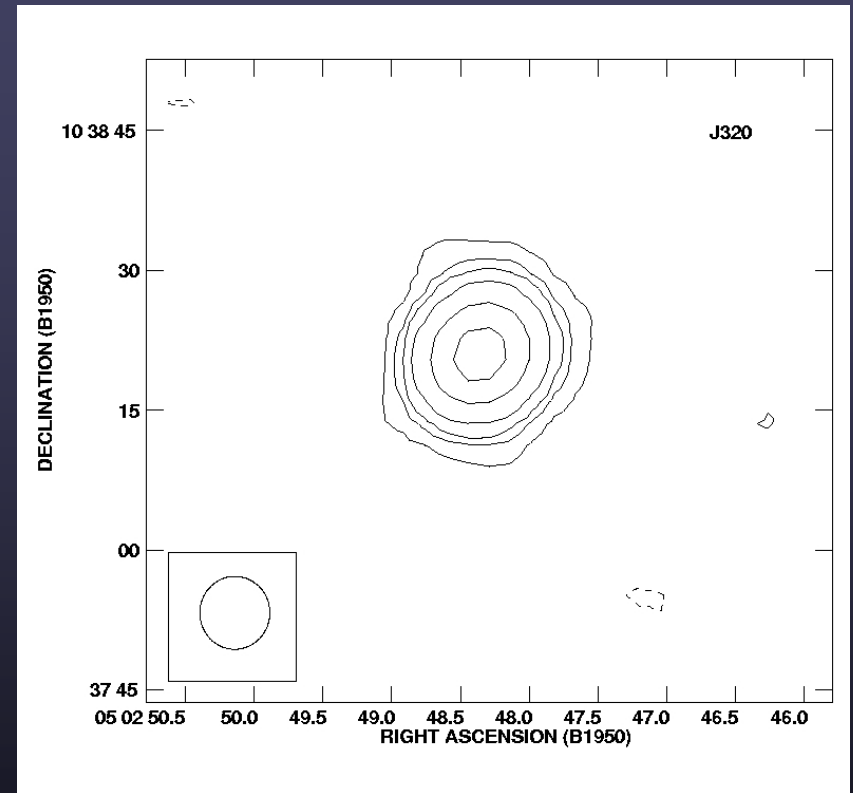
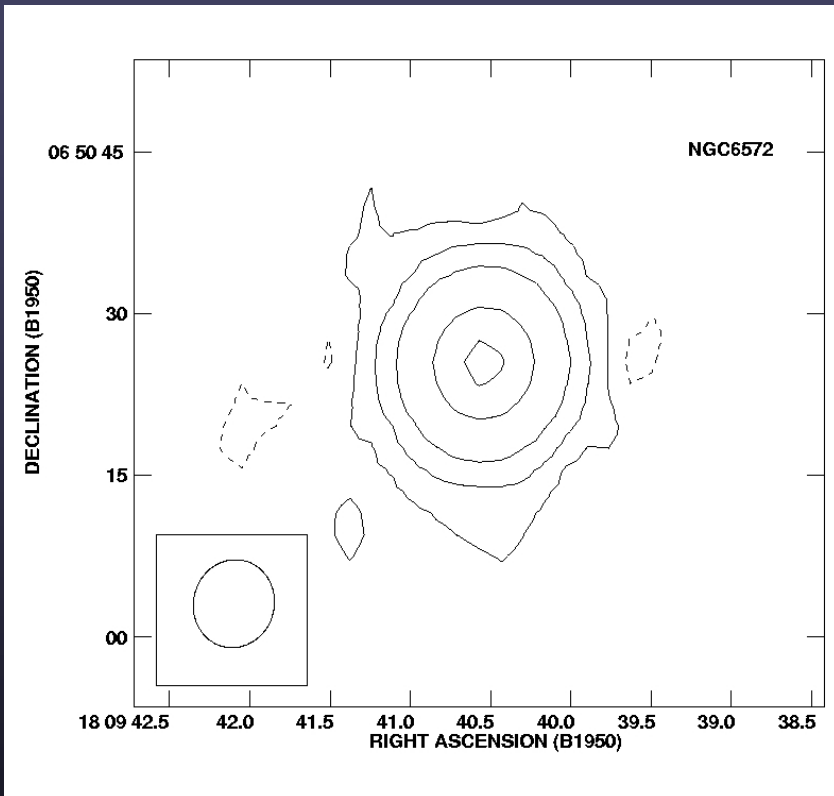
Helium is singly ionized

NRAO Very Large Array (PNe)



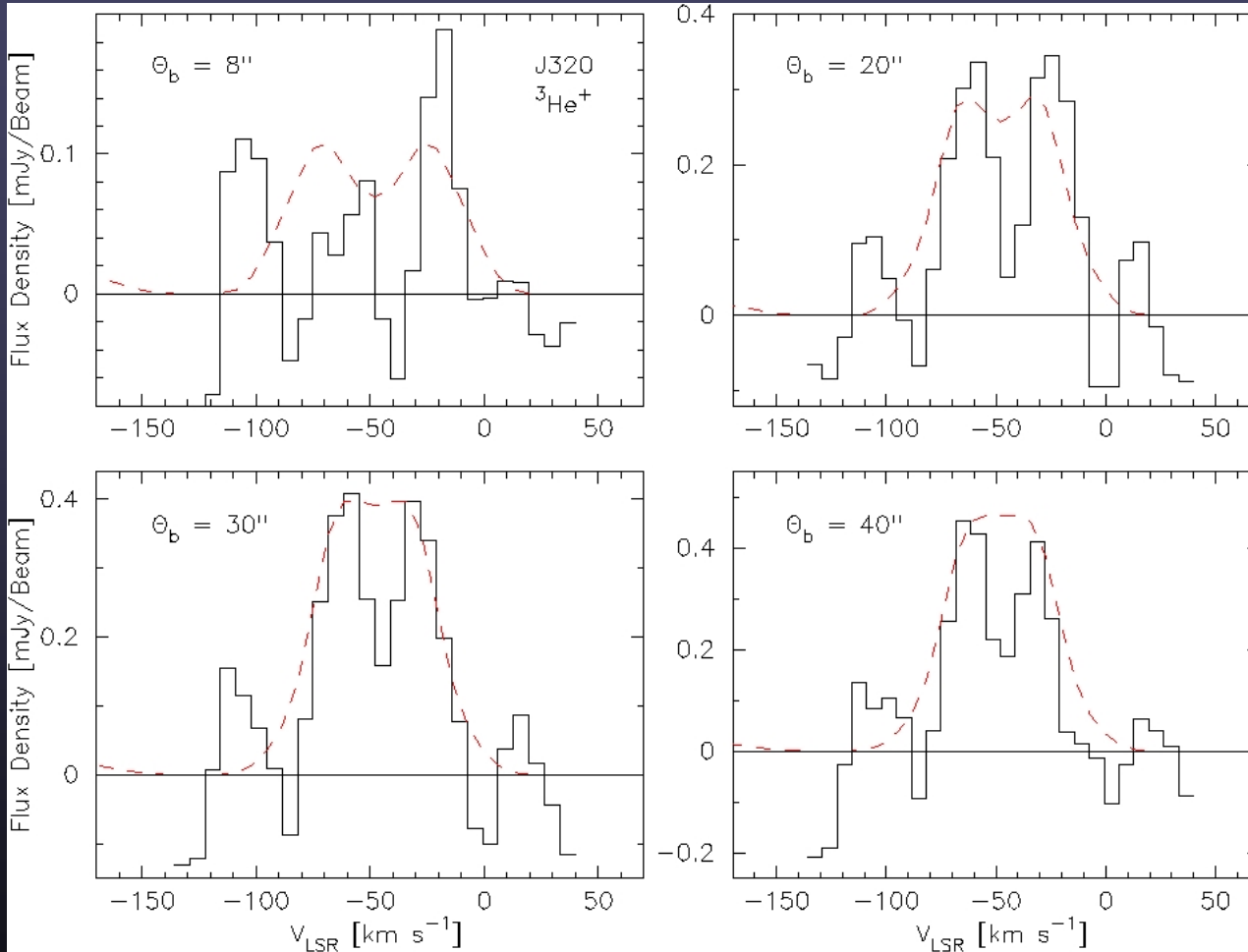
NGC 6572
J320

PNe Continuum Image



Balser et al. (2006)

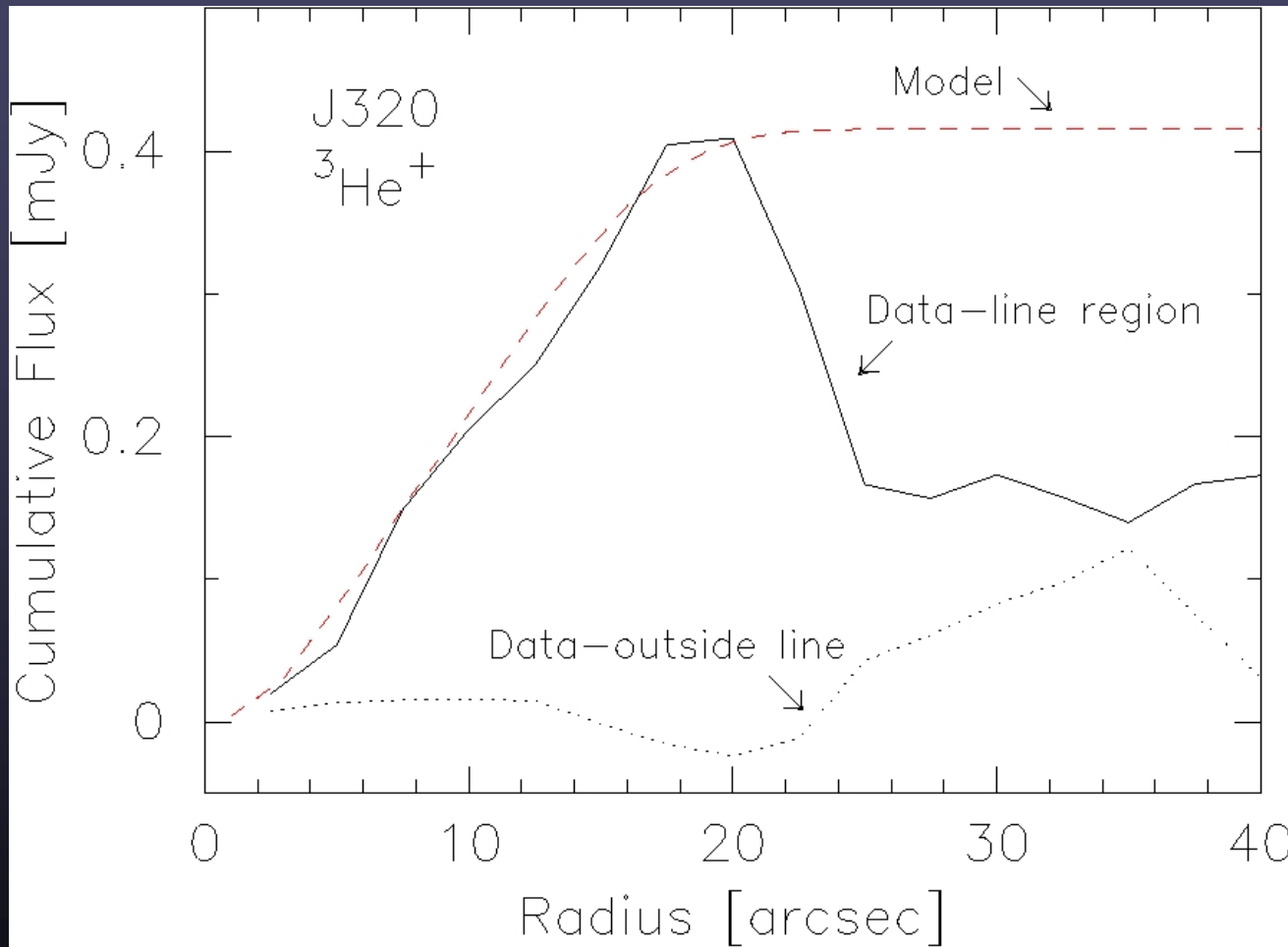
PNe Spectra: J320



$^3\text{He}/\text{H} = 1.9 \pm 3.8 \times 10^{-3}$

Balser et al. (2006)

PNe: J320



Halo detected

Balser et al. (2006)

NRAO Green Bank Telescope 100 m (PNe)



3He Experiment

GBT Clear Aperture Optics

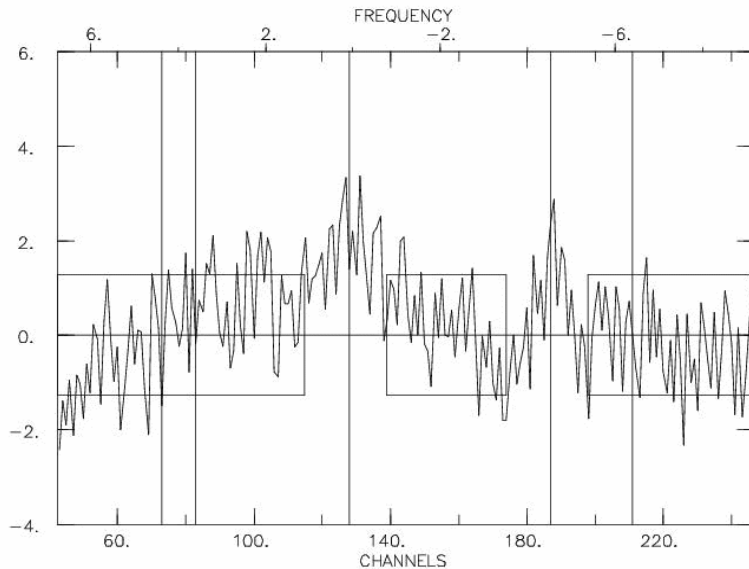




HII Region S206: 140 Foot versus GBT

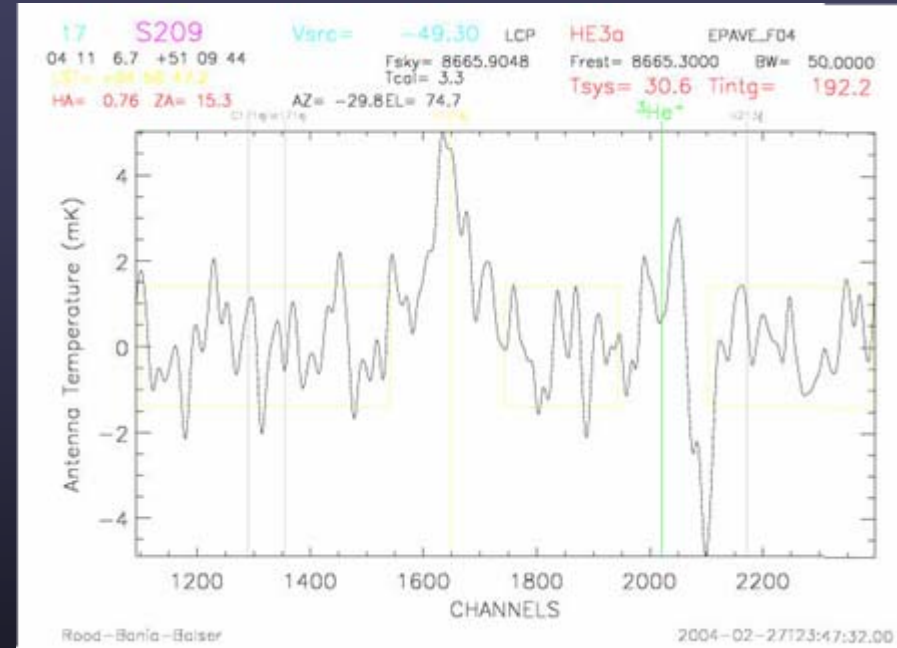
140 Foot March 1995

GBT June 2004



S209 2 SCANS: 1607.01- 1608.01 INT= 33:08: 0 DATE: 02 MAR 95
 EPOCHRADC=04:07:19.9 51:01:59 (04:00:40.1 51:01:59) CAL= 3.3 TS= 36
 REST= 8670.18000 SKY= 8670.80411 IF=270.00 DFREQ= 7.812E-02 DV= 2.7

33.1 hr

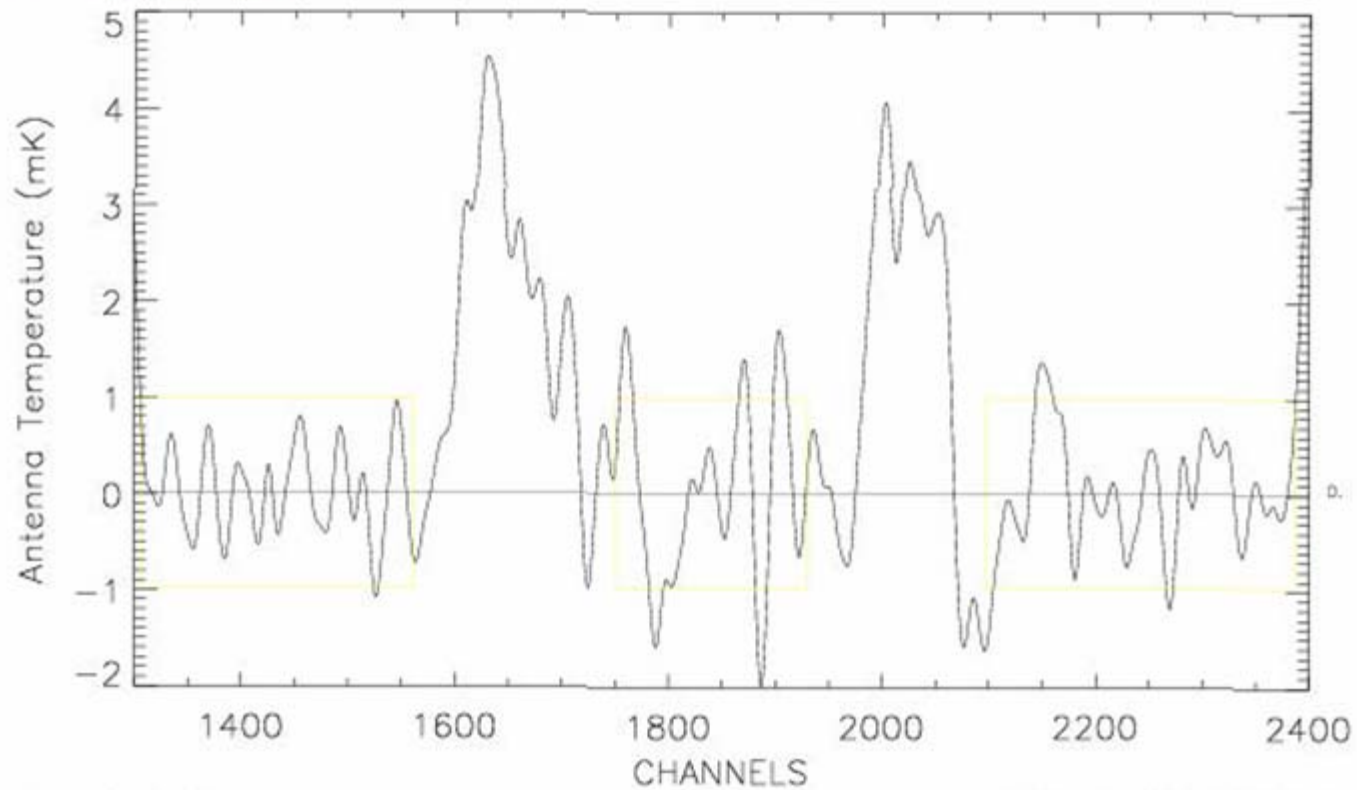


3.2 hr

GBT S209 HII Region



69 S209 Vsrc= -49.30 L+R HE3 PS Average
04 11 6.7 +51 09 44 Fsky= 8665.9048 Frest= 8665.3000 BW= 50.0000
LST= +04 56 47.2 Tcal= 3.3 Tsys= 30.7 Tintg= 872.9
HA= 0.76 ZA= 15.3 AZ= -29.8 EL= 74.7



Rood-Bania-Balser

2004-02-27T23:47:32.00

14.5 hr integration

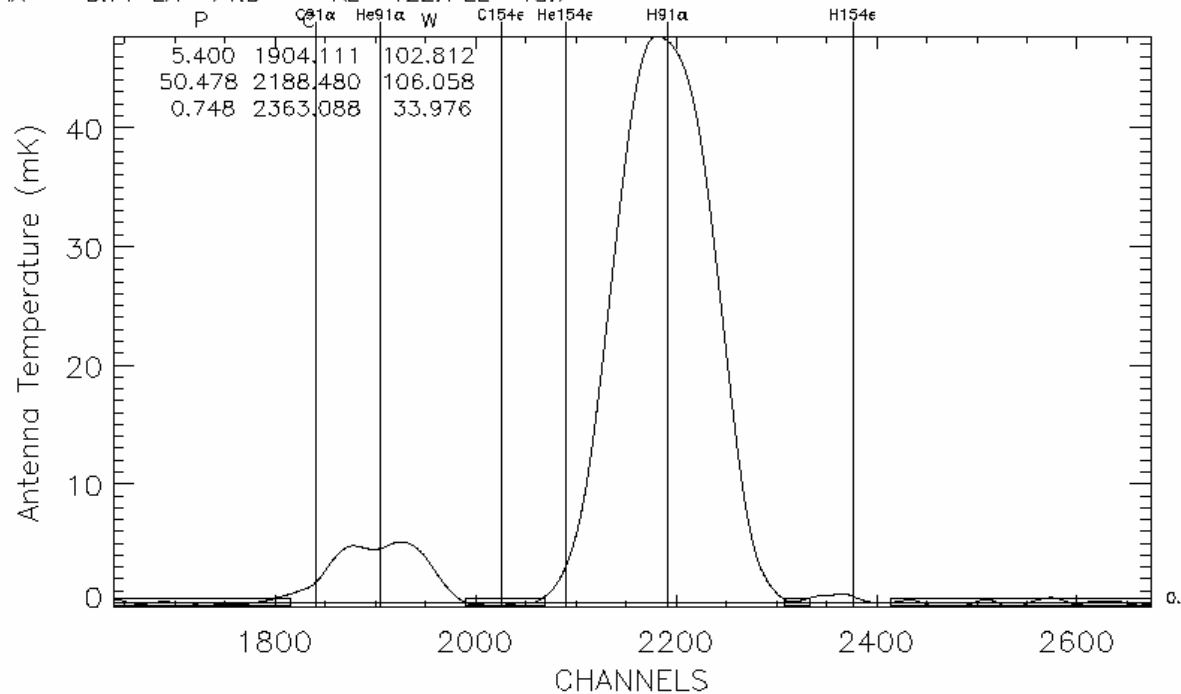
3He Experiment

5 km/s resolution

NGC 7009: H91alpha (61.8 hr)



818 NGC7009
 21 04 10.8 -11 21 57
 LST= +17 21 32.6
 HA= -3.71 ZA= 71.3
 Vsrc= -46.60 L+R A91 RAV_MA05
 Fsky= 8588.4715 Frest= 8665.3000 BW= 50.0000
 Tcal= 3.0 Tsys= 32.6 Tintg= 3706.9
 AZ= 122.1 EL= 18.7



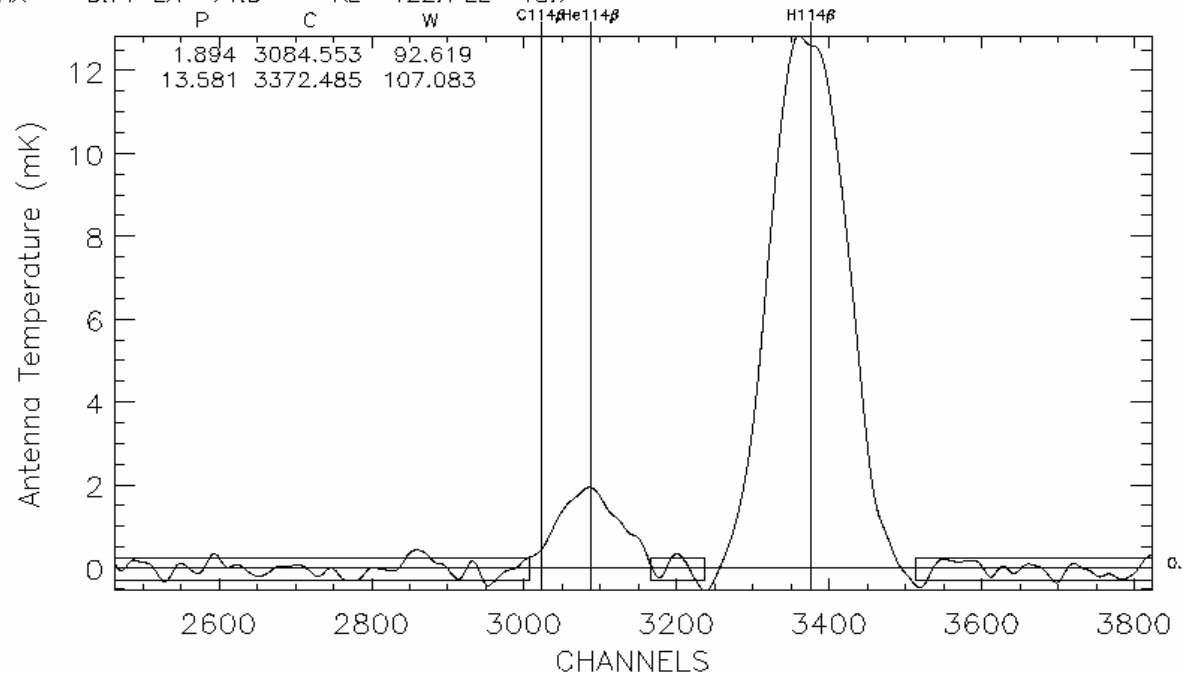
Rood-Bania-Balser

2004-06-24T04:30:14.00

NGC 7009: H114beta (62.1 hr)



817 NGC7009
21 04 10.8 -11 21 57
LST= +17 21 32.6
HA= -3.71 ZA= 71.3
Vsrc= -46.60 L+R HE3a RAV_MA05
Fsky= 8667.2115 Frest= 8665.3000 BW= 50.0000
Tcal= 3.3 Tsys= 33.5 Tintg= 3724.1
AZ= 122.1 EL= 18.7

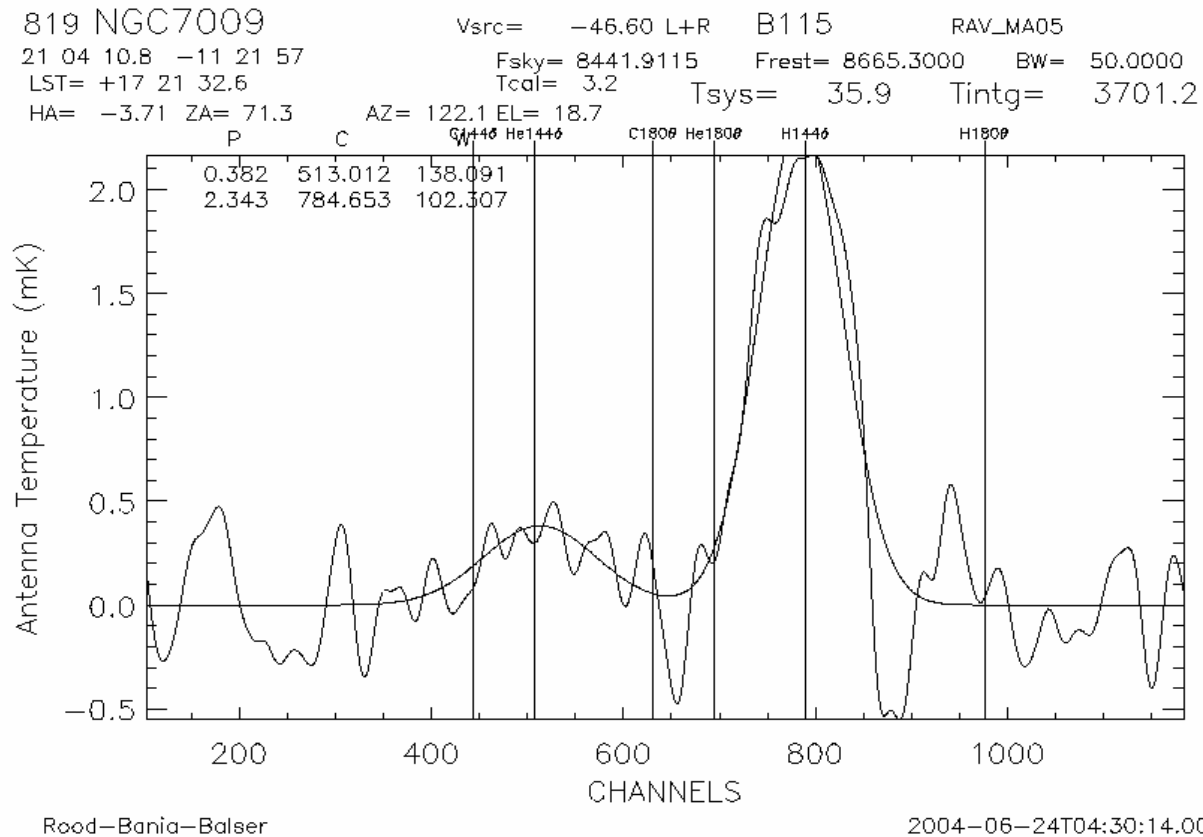


Rood-Bania-Balser

2004-06-24T04:30:14.00



NGC 7009: H144delta (61.7 hr)

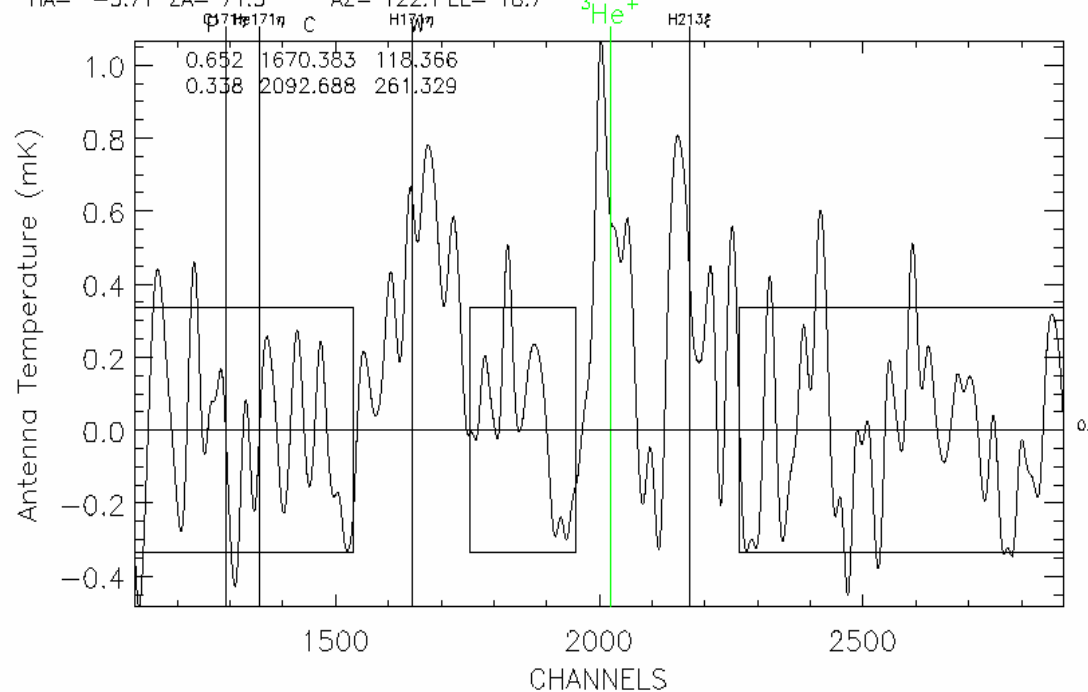


Reliability level of ~0.5 mK

NGC 7009: 3He+ (62.1 hr)



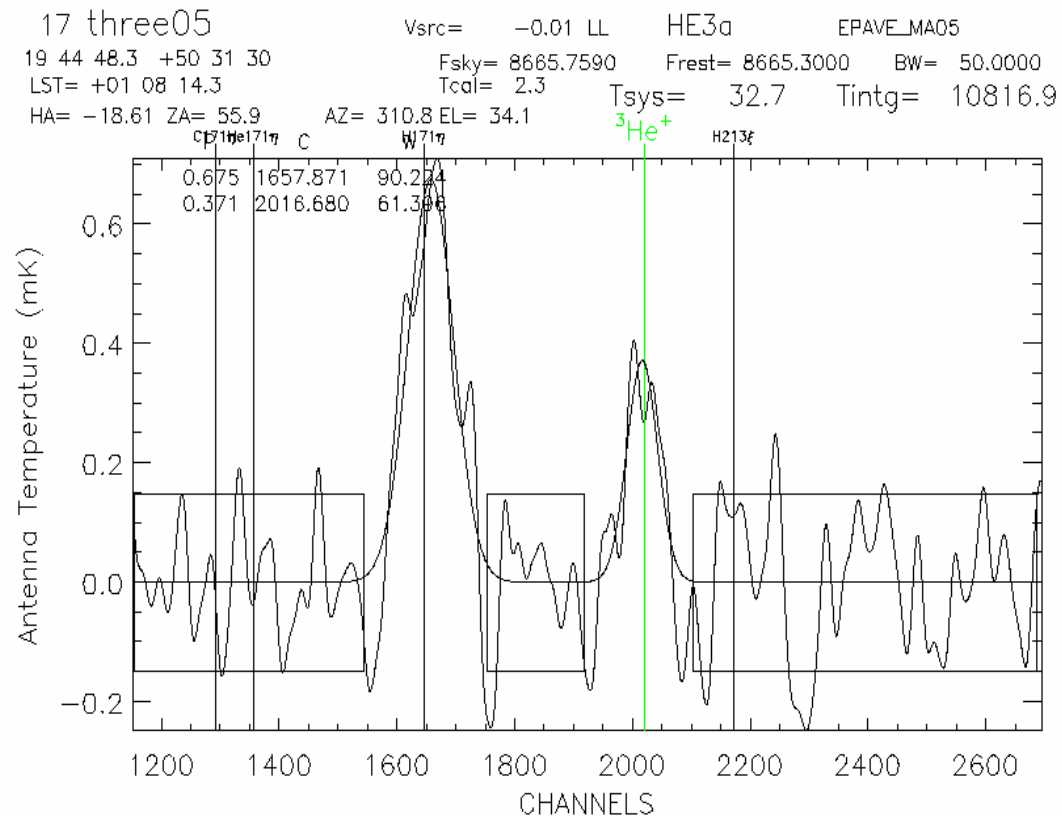
817 NGC7009
21 04 10.8 -11 21 57
LST= +17 21 32.6
HA= -3.71 ZA= 71.3
Vsrc= -46.60 L+R HE3a
Fsky= 8667.2115 Frest= 8665.3000 BW= 50.0000
Tcal= 3.3 Tsys= 33.5 Tintg= 3724.1
AZ= 122.1 EL= 18.7



Rood-Bania-Balser

2004-06-24T04:30:14.00

NGC 7009 + NGC 6543 + NGC 6826 (180.3 hr)



Tom Bania

2005-05-21T14:27:17.00

Arecibo 305 m Telescope (PNe)



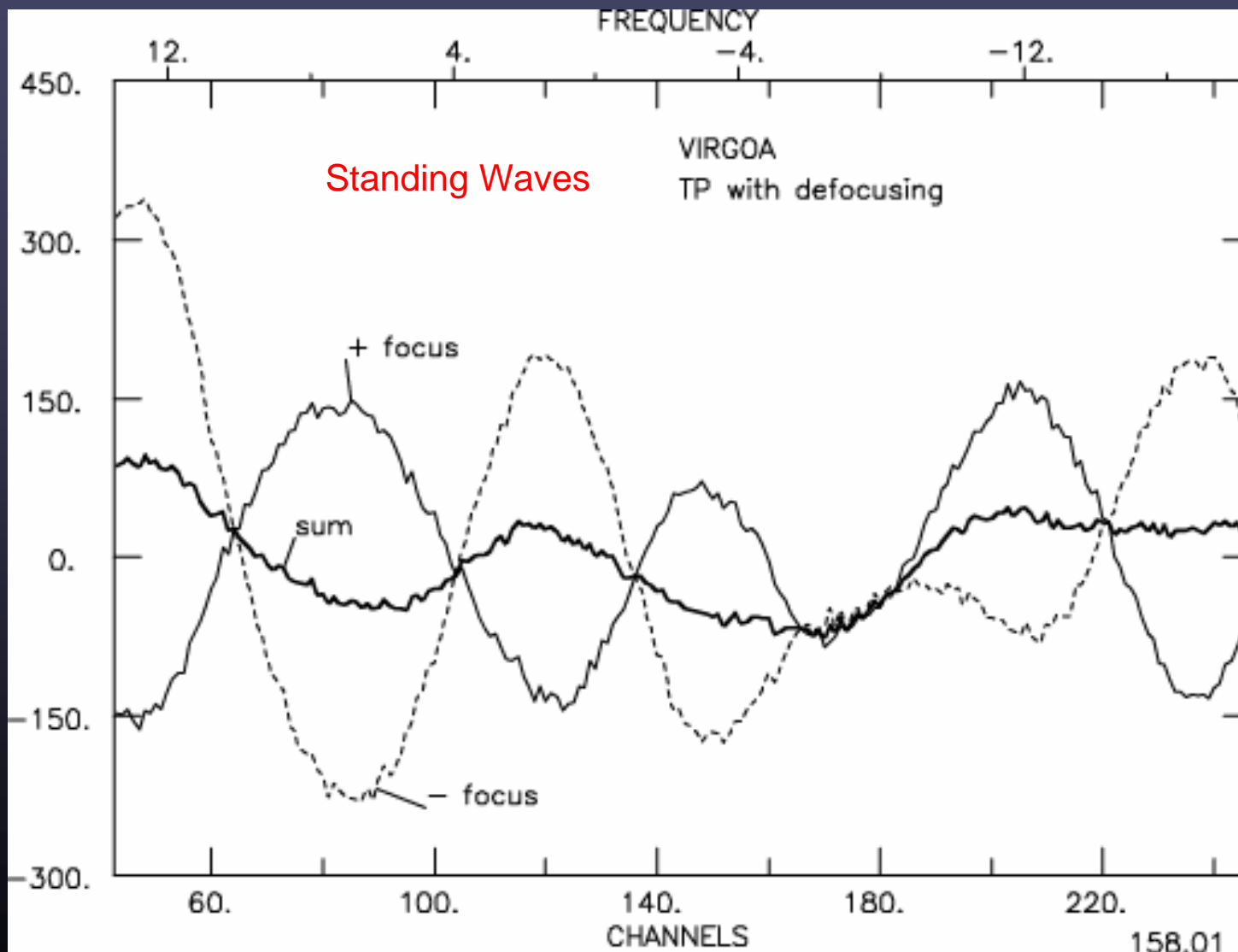


Conclusions

- Detection of ^3He in J320 with the VLA.
- Possible detection of ^3He in NGC 7009 and NGC 6543 with the GBT.
- First epoch observations with Arecibo complete.
- Roughly 25% of PNe meet our selection criteria. To be consistent with chemical evolution models only 1/5 of these should show detectable ^3He .
- It may be difficult to acquire enough telescope time to solidify these results.
- Observe a few select HII region to determine ^3He gradient?
- The EVLA (10 times more sensitive than the VLA) has great potential.
- Magellanic Clouds using the Parkes 64m telescope is feasible.



Spectral Baseline Structure (NRAO 140 Foot)



Spectral Baseline Structure (GBT)

