

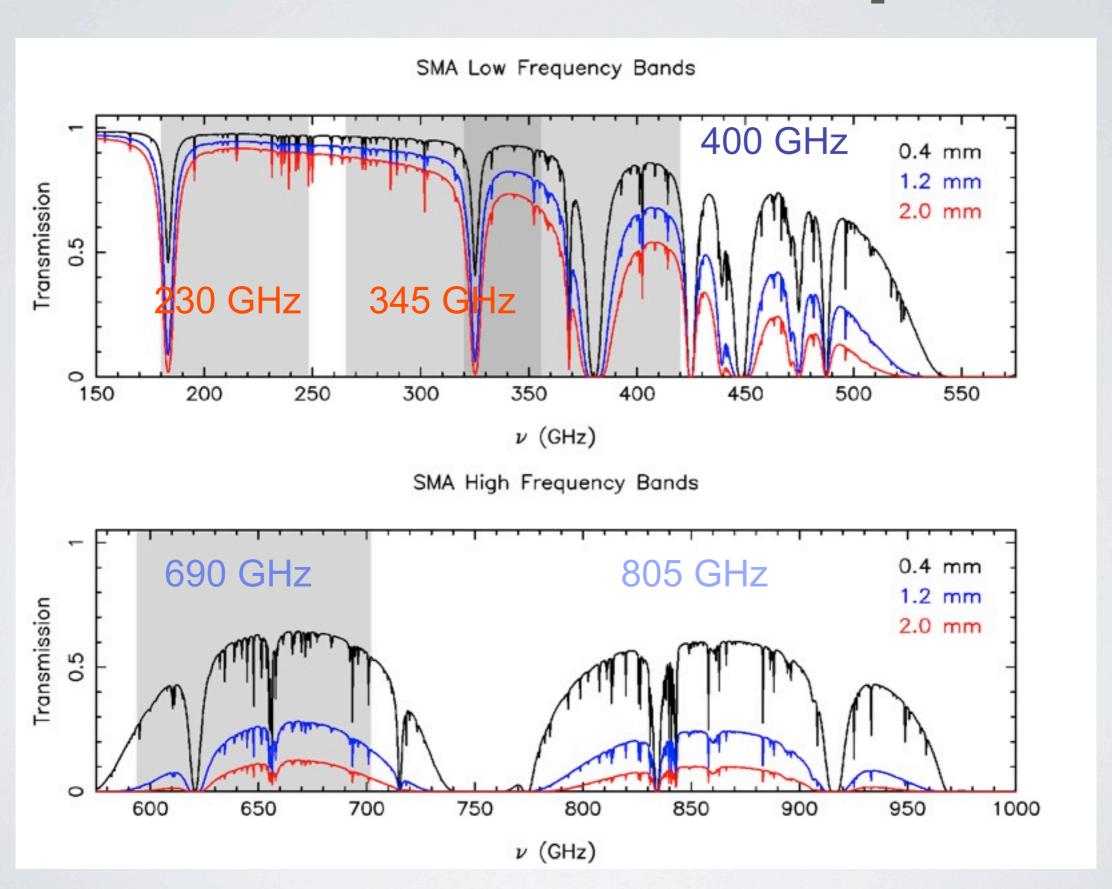


Tuesday, May 14, 13

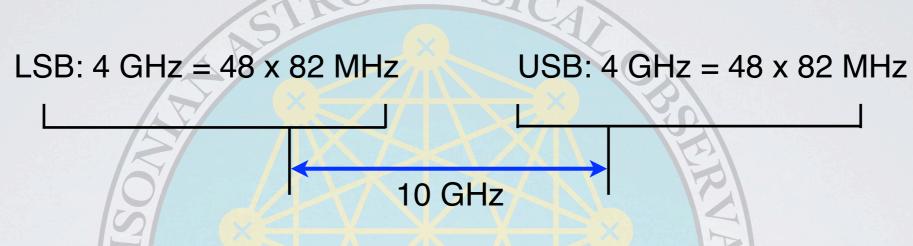
Since 2003



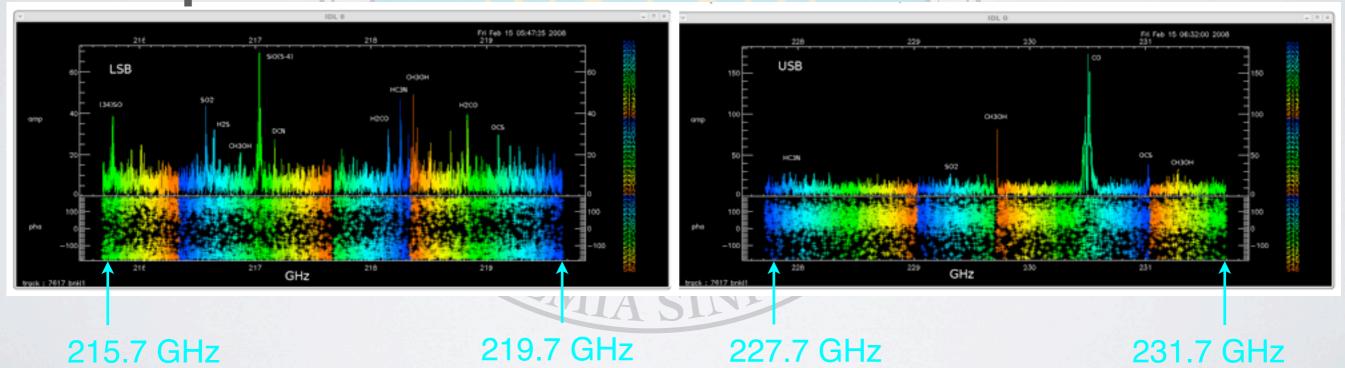
Receiver Bands/Atmosphere



The Capability of wide bandwidth



The spectra from Orion KL



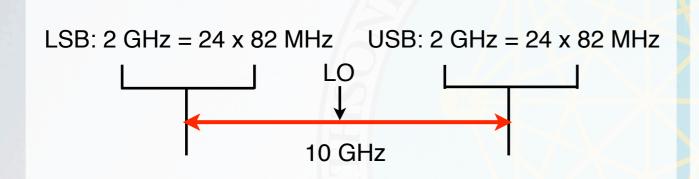
4 GHz + 4 GHz can be observed at the same time.

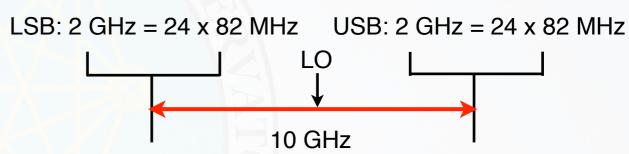
Dual band mode

2 receivers, 2 GHz (each) mode

low freq. receiver

high freq. receiver





Rx230 or Rx345 & Rx400 (Rx690)

ex.
CO 3-2 & SiO 8-7 in Rx 345 + CO 3-2 & SiO 8-7 in Rx400
CO 2-1 in Rx230 + CO 3-2 in Rx400

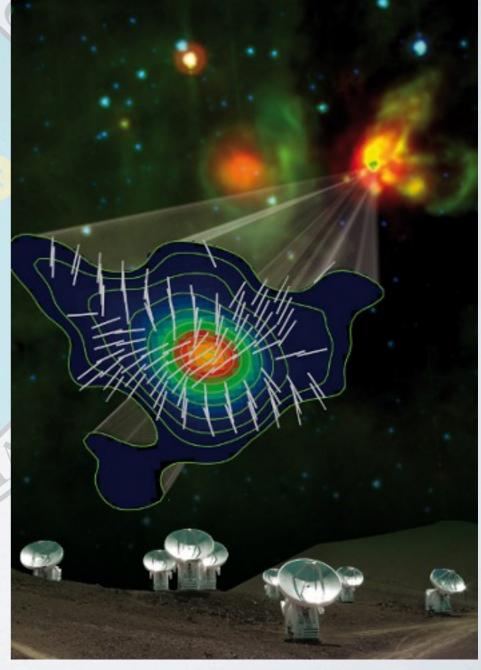
Polarization mode

Continuum & lines

870 µm dust continuum emission from the massive star forming region G31.41

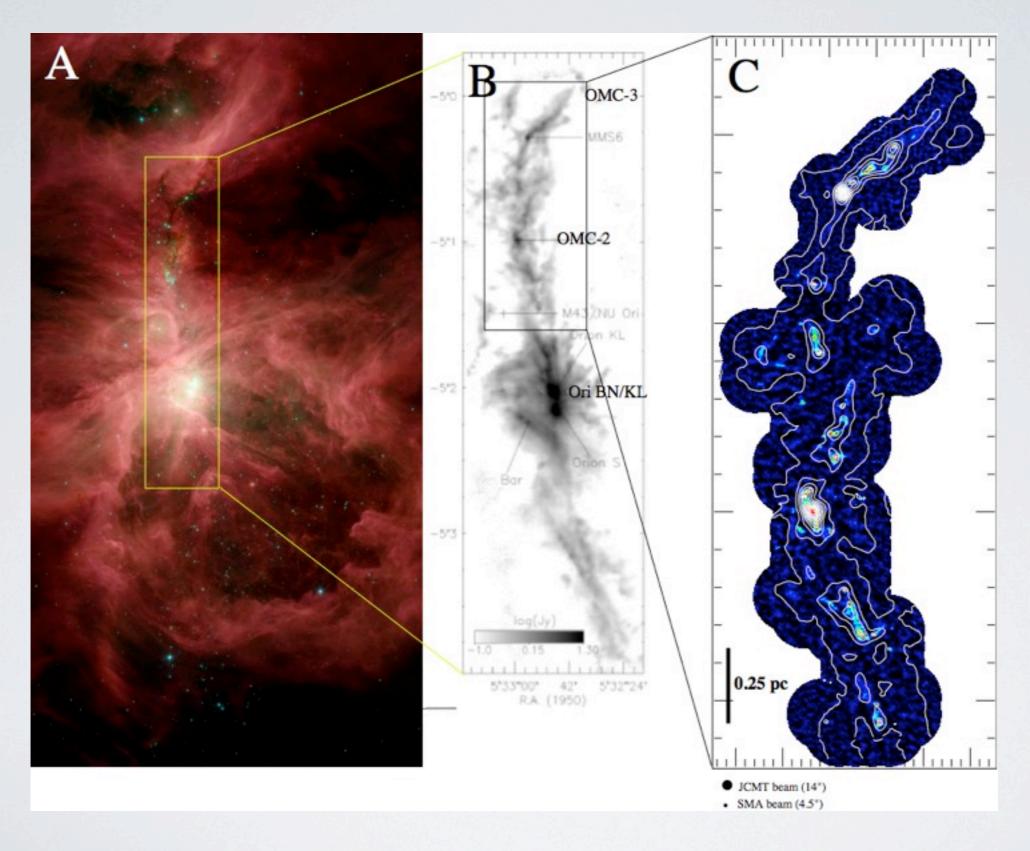
Dual receiver (Rx 345 + Rx 400) mode @ 330-355 GHz is now available!!

using quarter-wave plates 230/(690), 342, 240/400 GHz

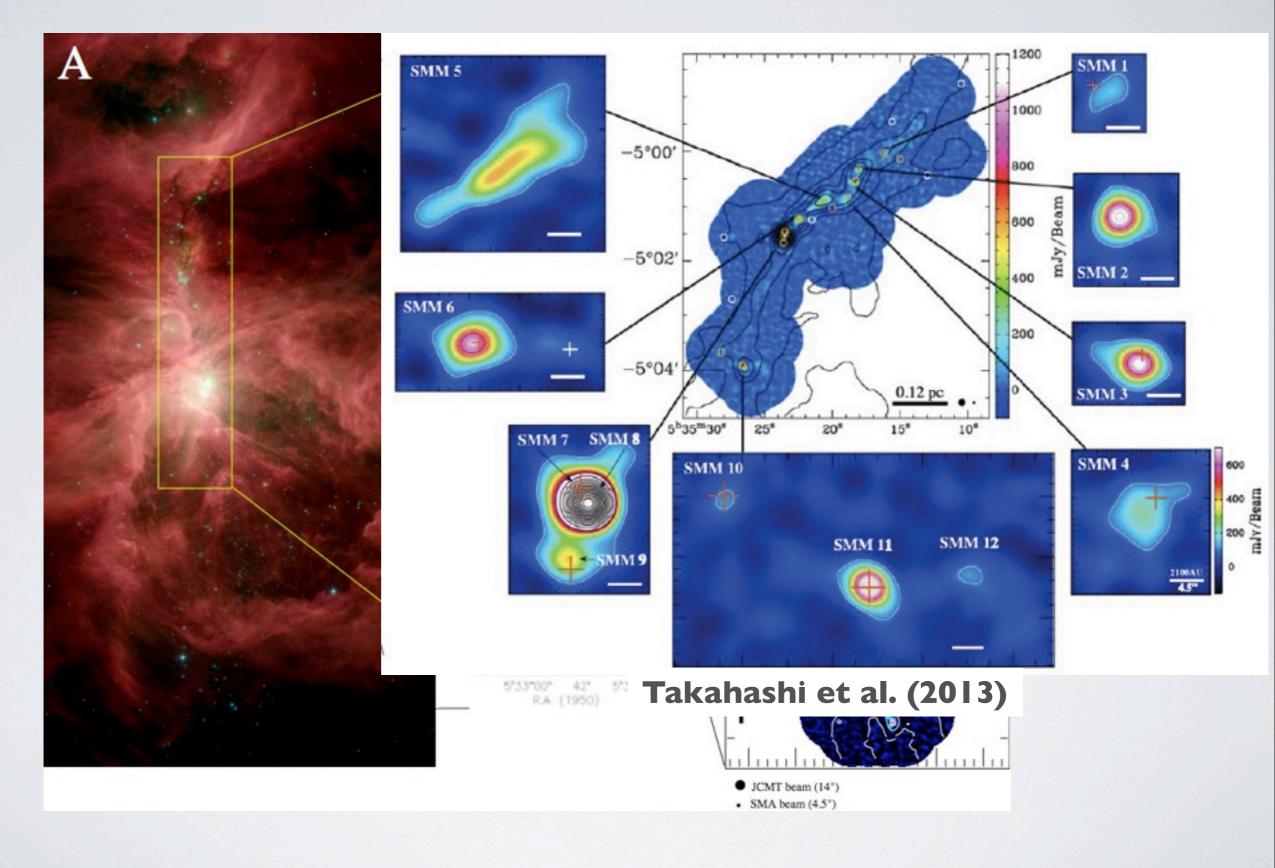


Josep Miquel Girart (CSIC-IEEC), Nimesh Patel (Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics) and Manel Carrillo

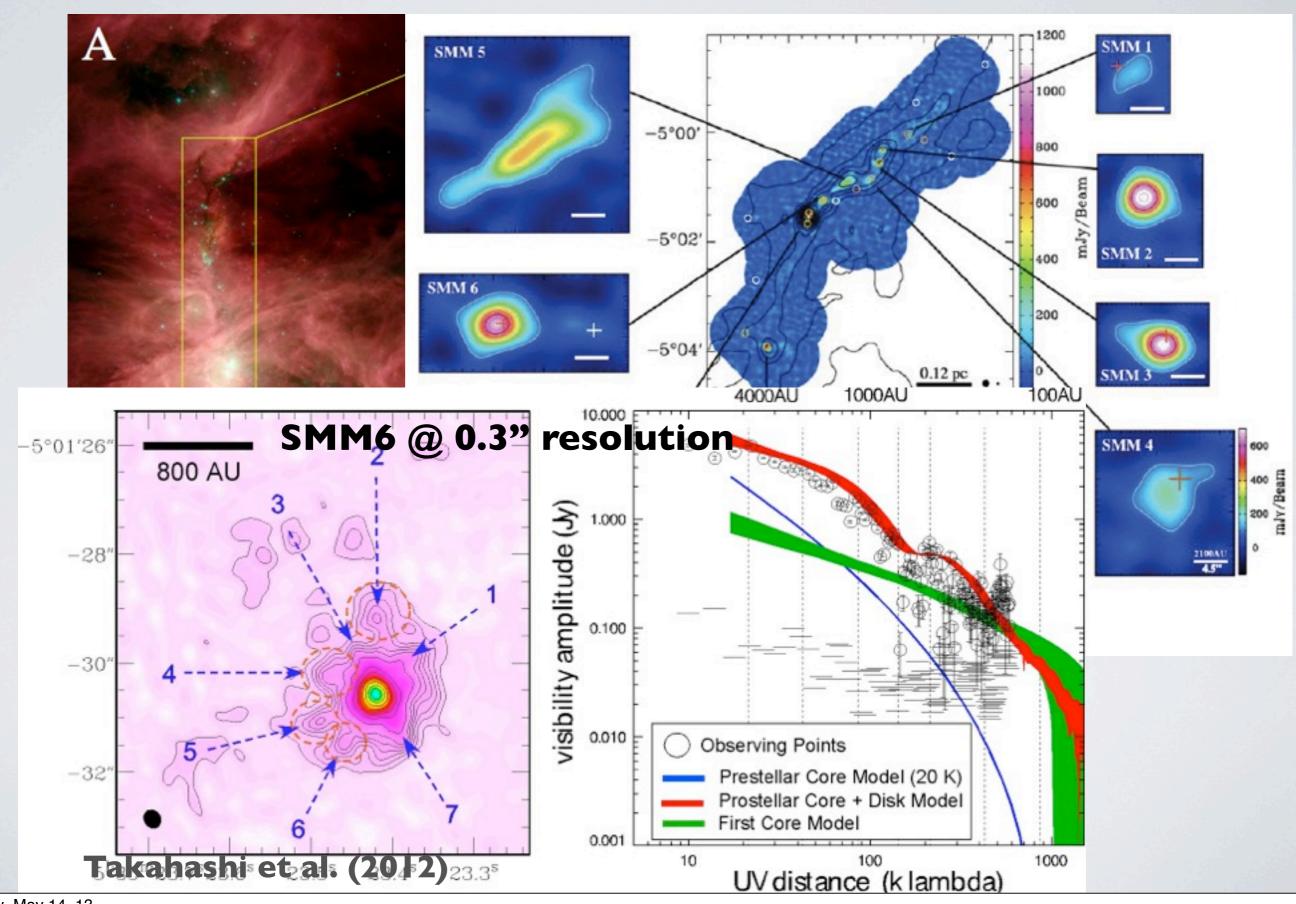
Cores in Orion Molecular cloud



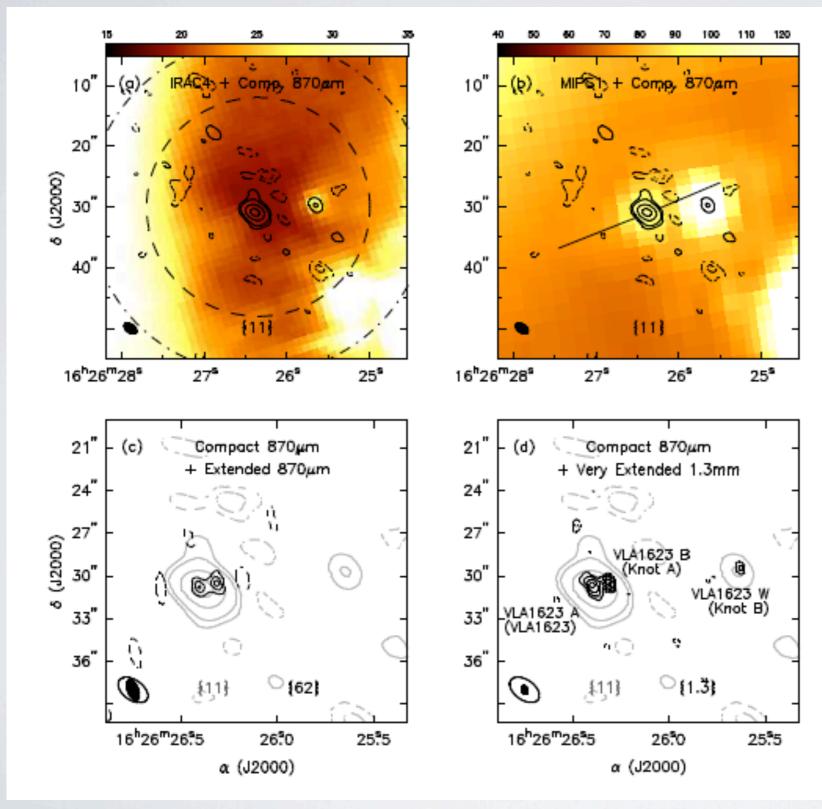
Cores in Orion Molecular cloud



Cores in Orion Molecular cloud



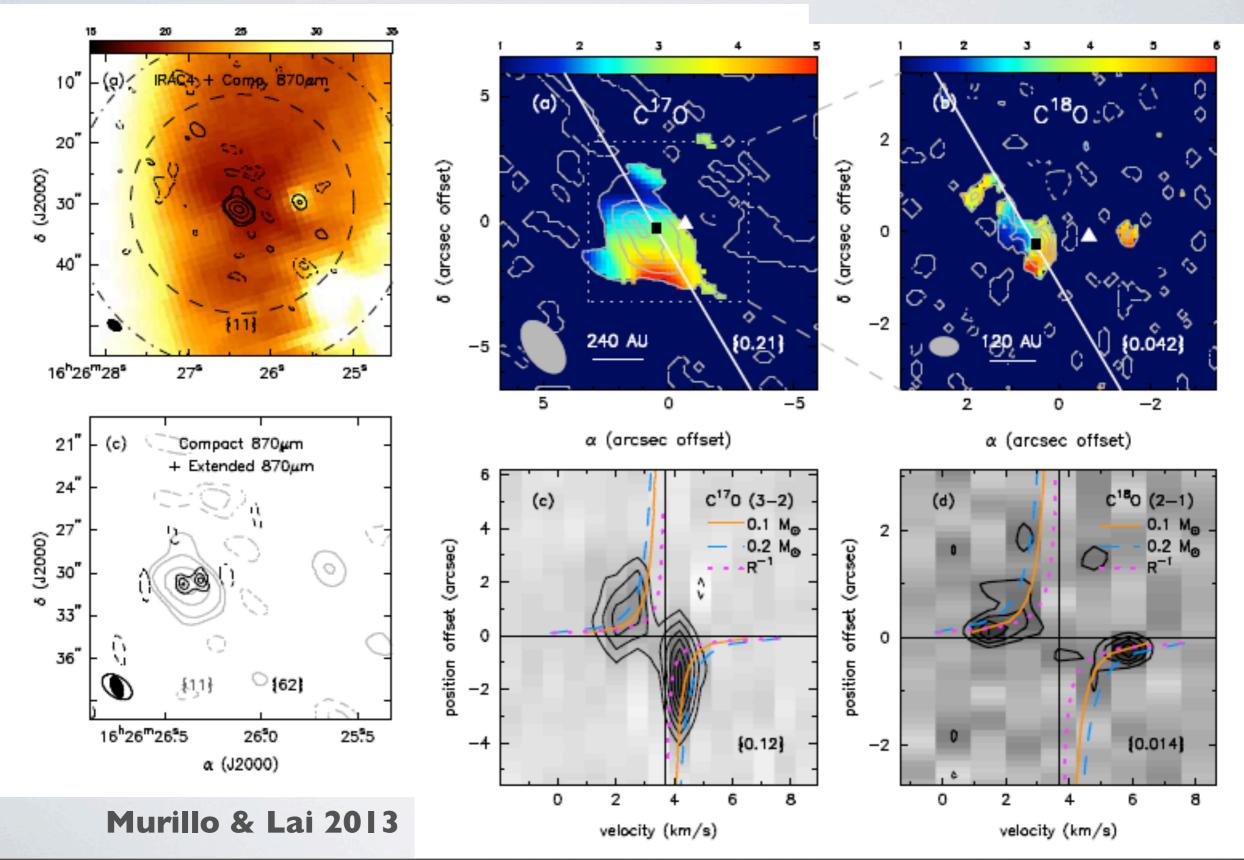
VLA 1623A, B, & W - Multiple YSOs



Murillo & Lai 2013

VLA 1623A, B, & W - Multiple YSOs

Rotating envelope around VLA I 623A



A Keplerian Circumbinary Disk around the Protostellar System LI55INE

H₂, [Fe II], H HP5 HP2 30" K_{SR} (km s-1) ¹³CO 3-2 mom0 & C¹⁸O 3-2 Declination (J2000.0) 8 mom0 & 1 33 140 AU 31 18°08'29 44.5 4^h31^m44.57 44.5 44.3 44.7 44.3 Right ascension (J2000.0)

Takakuwa et al. 2012 ApJ, 752, 52

Protoplanetary Disks in Taurus

Cont. CO 2-I HCO+ HCN CN

DM Tau

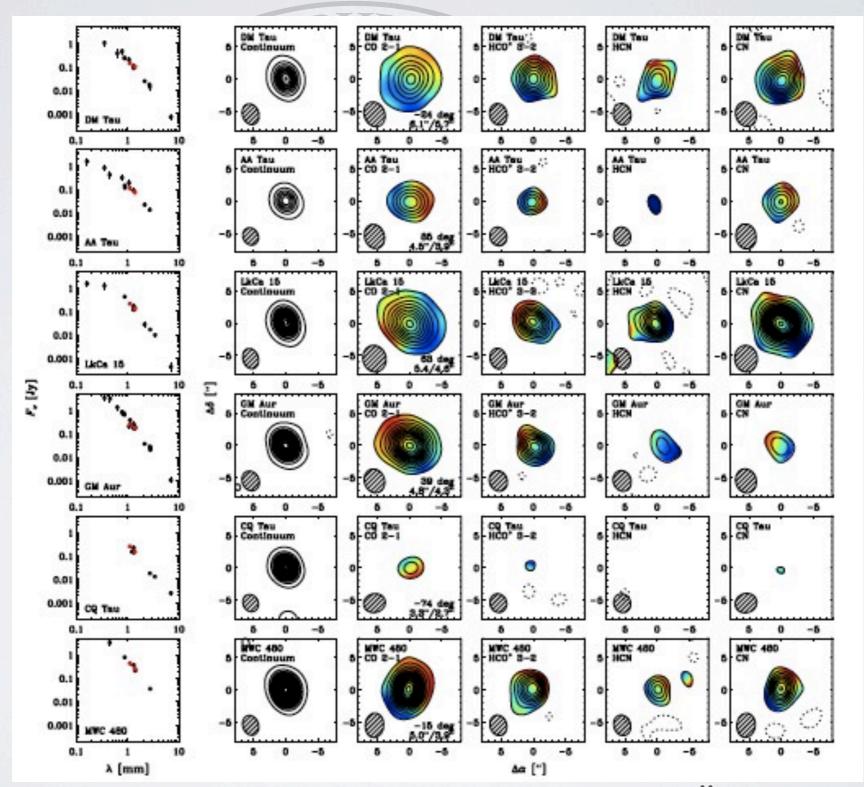
AA Tau

Lk Ca 15

GM Aur

CQ Tau

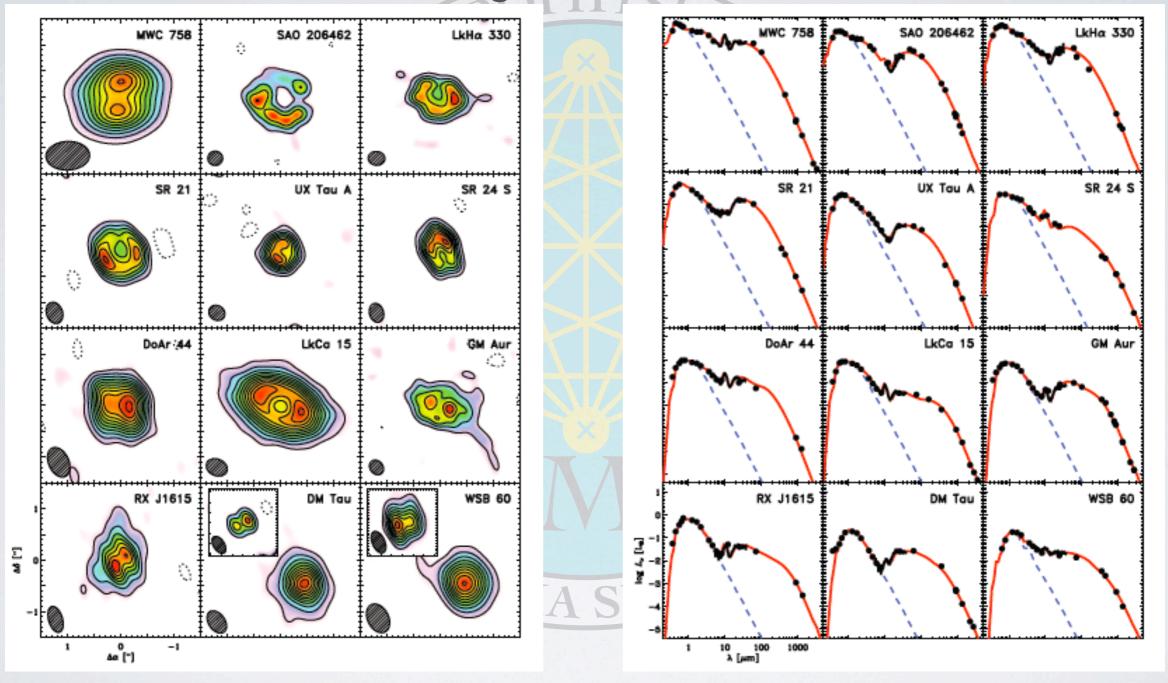
MWC 480



Öberg et al. (2010)

Transition disks with central cavities

850 µm dust continuum images



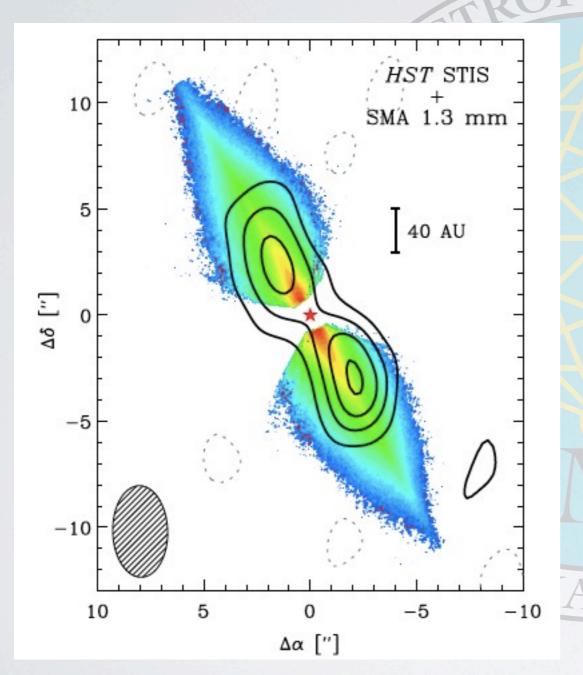
R_{cav} ~ 15-75 AU

Andrews et al. 2011

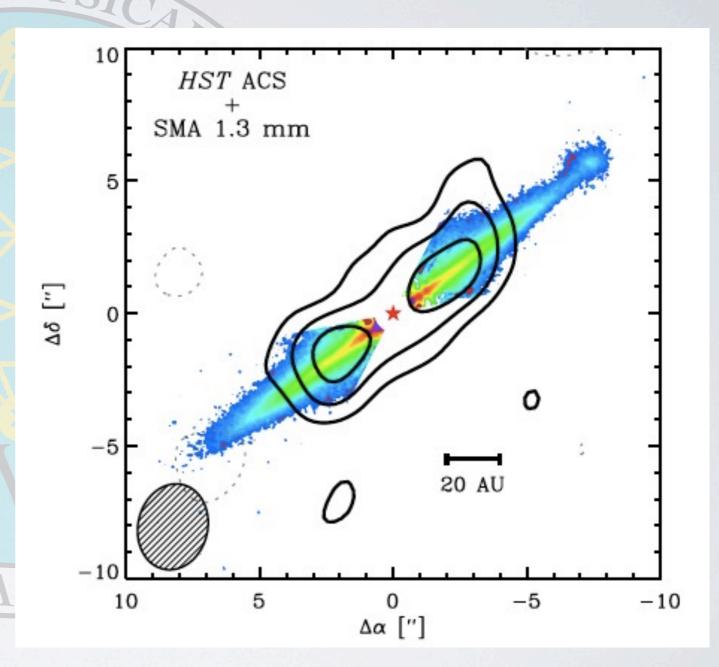
Debris Disks

Beta Pic

AU Mic

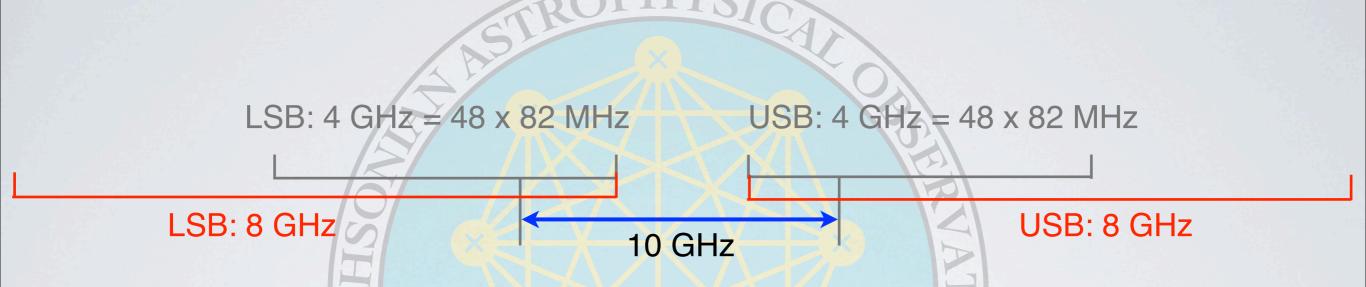


Wilner et al. (2011)



Wilner et al. (2012)

The New Capability



8 GHz + 8 GHz can be observed at the same time.

Coming soon!

